

Power line chokes

Current-compensated ring core double chokes 250 V AC, 1 ... 10 A, 1.8 ... 68 mH

Series/Type: B82725J

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Current-compensated ring core double chokes

Rated voltage 250 V AC
Rated current 1 A to 10 A
Rated inductance 1.8 mH to 68 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke
- Ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case (UL 94 V-0)
- Polyurethane potting (UL 94 V-0)
- Sector winding

Features

- High resonance frequency due to special winding technique
- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Electronic ballasts in lamps
- Switch-mode power applications

Terminals

- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins 0.7 × 0.7 (mm)
- Lead spacing 17.5 × 12.5 (mm)

Marking

Manufacturer, VDE standard number, ordering code, graphic symbol, rated current, rated voltage, rated inductance, date of manufacture (YYWWD)

Delivery mode

Blister tray in cardboard box

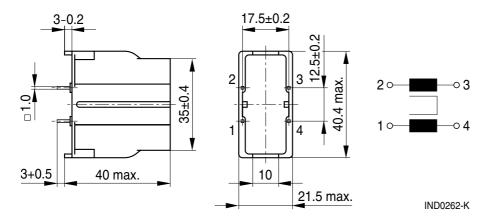




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Dimensional drawing and pin configuration



Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _R	250 V AC (50/60 Hz)		
Test voltage V _{test}	1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)		
Rated temperature T _R	60 °C		
Rated current I _R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature		
Rated inductance L _R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, 20 °C Inductance is specified per winding.		
Inductance tolerance	±30% at 20 °C		
Inductance decrease ΔL/L ₀	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , 20 °C		
Stray inductance L _{stray,typ}	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, 20 °C typical values		
DC resistance R _{typ}	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding		
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 \pm 5) °C, (3 \pm 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area \geq 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)		
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)		
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)		
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH		
Weight	Approx. 45 g 52 g		



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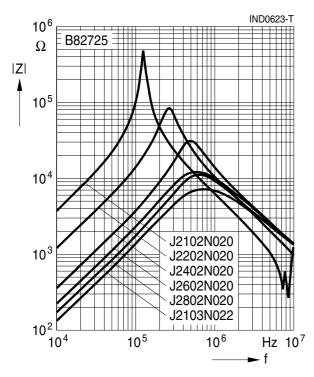
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Characteristics and ordering codes

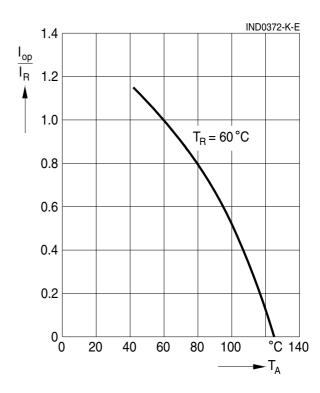
I_R	L _R	L _{stray,typ}	R _{typ}	Ordering code
Α	mH	μН	m $Ω$	
1	68	650	1050	B82725J2102N020
2	18	150	270	B82725J2202N020
4	6.8	60	75	B82725J2402N020
6	3.9	30	30	B82725J2602N020
8	2.7	25	20	B82725J2802N020
10	1.8	17	13	B82725J2103N022

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at 20 $^{\circ}$ C, typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus ambient temperature T_A





Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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