

**CoolMOS® Power Transistor**
**Features**

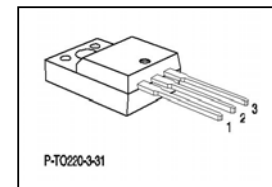
- Lowest figure-of-merit  $R_{ON} \times Q_g$
- Ultra low gate charge
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1)</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

**CoolMOS CP is designed for:**

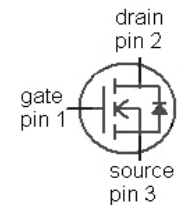
- Hard switching SMPS topologies

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max} @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	0.165	$\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	39	nC

**PG-TO220**


Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
IPA60R165CP	PG-TO220	SP000096437	6R165P


**Maximum ratings, at  $T_j=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ C$	21	A
		$T_C=100^\circ C$	13	
Pulsed drain current <sup>3)</sup>	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25^\circ C$	61	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	$I_D=7.9 A, V_{DD}=50 V$	522	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive $t_{AR}$ <sup>3),4)</sup>	$E_{AR}$	$I_D=7.9 A, V_{DD}=50 V$	0.79	
Avalanche current, repetitive $t_{AR}$ <sup>3),4)</sup>	$I_{AR}$		7.9	A
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	$V_{DS}=0...480 V$	50	V/ns
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$	static	$\pm 20$	V
		AC ( $f > 1 Hz$ )	$\pm 30$	
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_C=25^\circ C$	34	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$		-55 ... 150	$^\circ C$
Mounting torque		M2.5 screws	50	Ncm

Maximum ratings, at  $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous diode forward current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_S$	$T_C=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	21	A
Diode pulse current <sup>3)</sup>	$I_{S,pulse}$		61	
Reverse diode $dv/dt$ <sup>5)</sup>	$dv/dt$		15	V/ns

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

#### Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$		-		3.65	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	leaded	-	-	80	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	$T_{sold}$	1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	-	-	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical characteristics, at  $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

#### Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $I_D=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=0.79\text{ mA}$	2.5	3	3.5	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=25\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	10	-	
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$ , $I_D=12\text{ A}$ , $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.15	0.165	$\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$ , $I_D=12\text{ A}$ , $T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.40	-	
Gate resistance	$R_G$	$f=1\text{ MHz}$ , open drain	-	1.9	-	$\Omega$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Dynamic characteristics**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=100\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	2000	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	100	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>6)</sup>	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$ to 480 V	-	83	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>7)</sup>	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	220	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=12\text{ A},$ $R_G=3.3\ \Omega$	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	50	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	5	-	

**Gate Charge Characteristics**

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V}, I_D=12\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	9	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	13.0	-	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$		-	39	52	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	5.0	-	V

**Reverse Diode**

Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=12\text{ A},$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.9	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=400\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	390	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	7.5	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	38	-	A

<sup>1)</sup> J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>2)</sup> Pulse width  $t_p$  limited by  $T_{j,max}$ 
<sup>3)</sup> Limited only by maximum temperature

<sup>4)</sup> Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as  $P_{AV}=E_{AR} \cdot f$ .

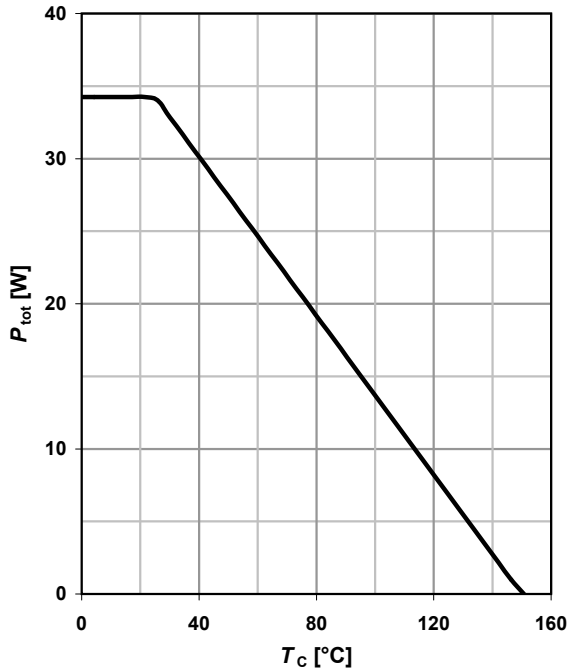
<sup>5)</sup>  $I_{SD} \leq I_D$ ,  $di/dt \leq 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DClink}=400\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{peak} < V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_j < T_{j,max}$ , identical low side and high side switch.

<sup>6)</sup>  $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

<sup>7)</sup>  $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

**1 Power dissipation**

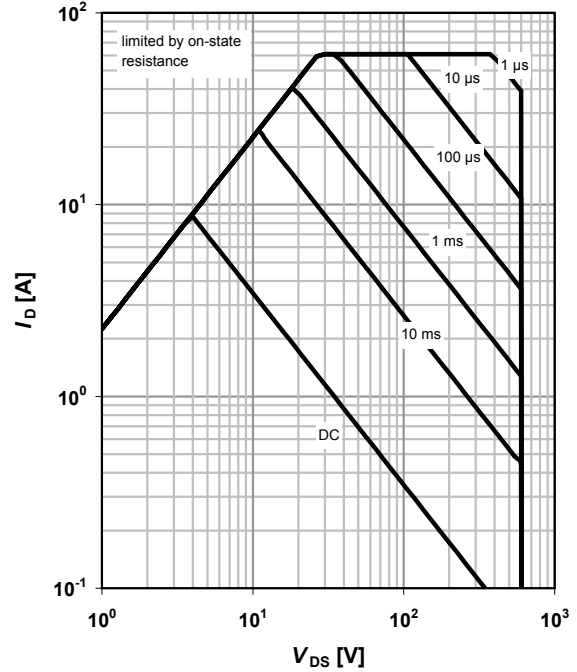
$$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$$



**2 Safe operating area**

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}; D = 0$$

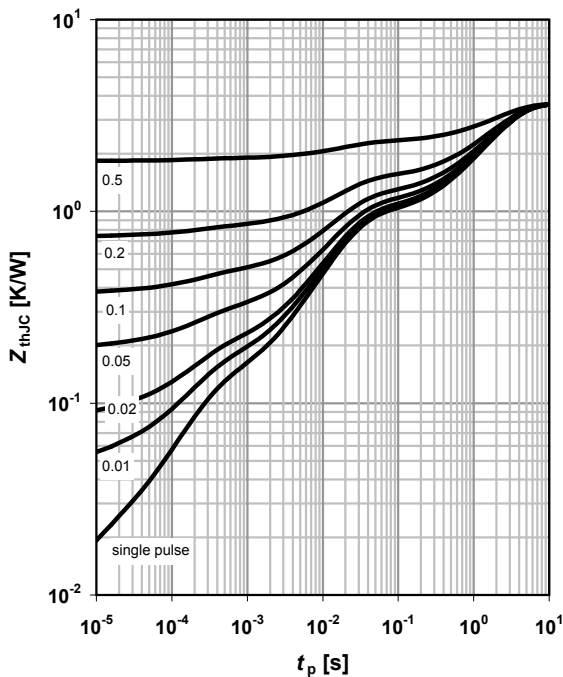
parameter:  $t_p$



**3 Max. transient thermal impedance**

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

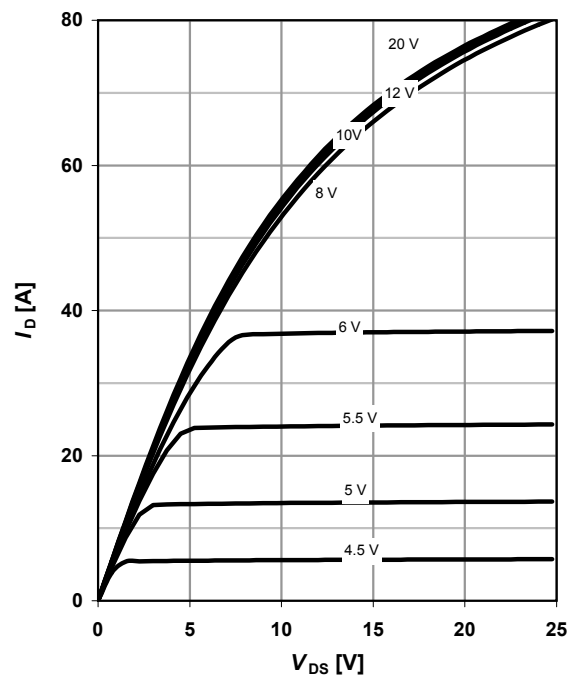
parameter:  $D = t_p / T$



**4 Typ. output characteristics**

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

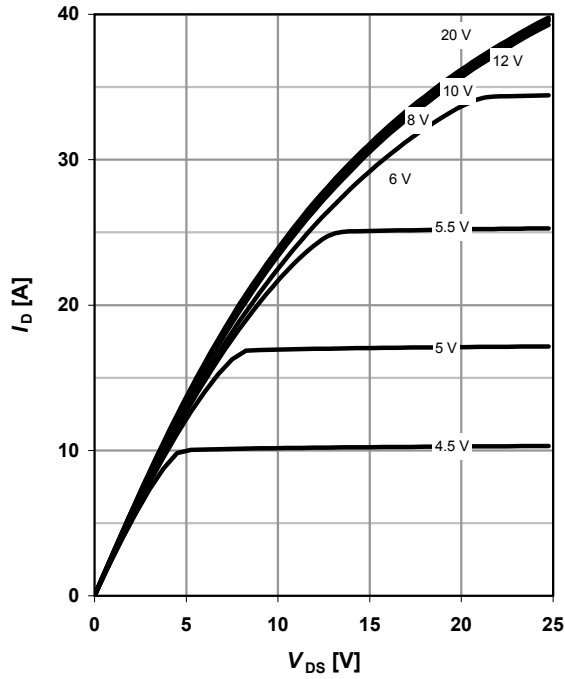
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**5 Typ. output characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

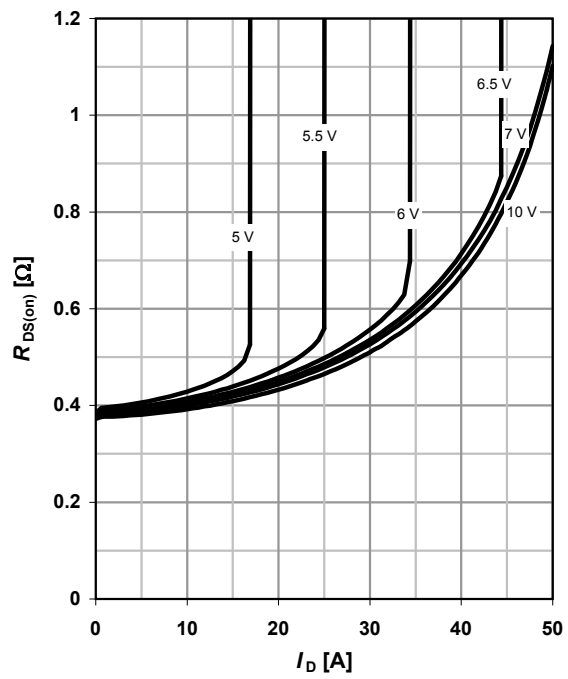
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance**

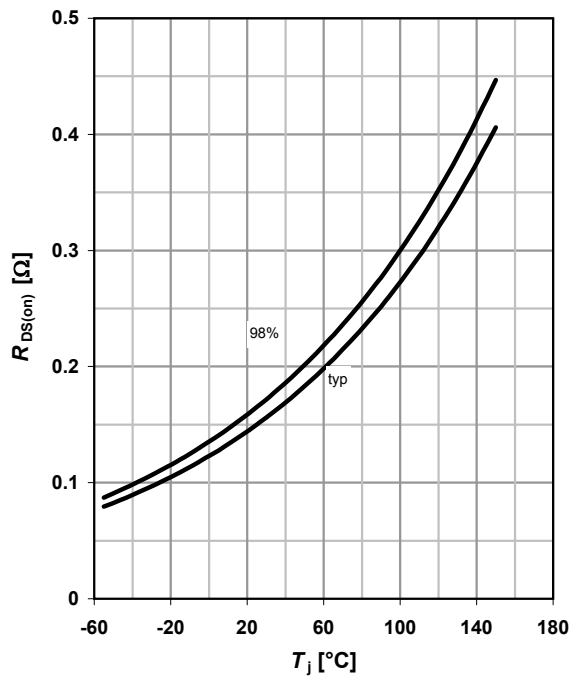
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**7 Drain-source on-state resistance**

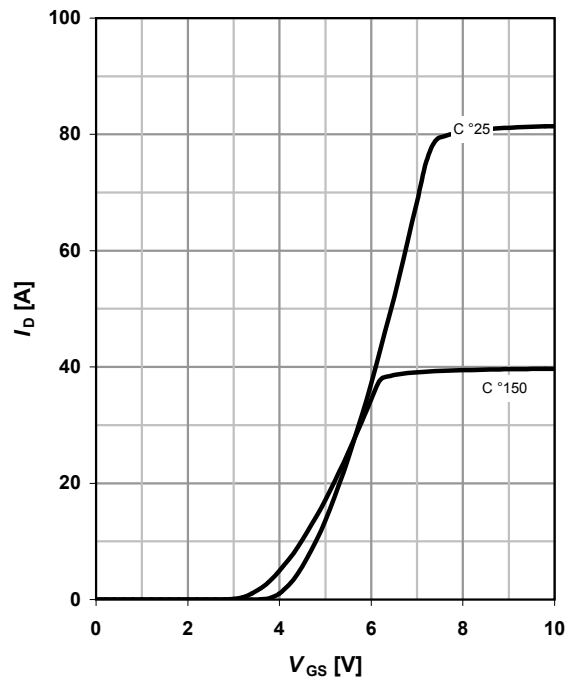
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 12\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



**8 Typ. transfer characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}$

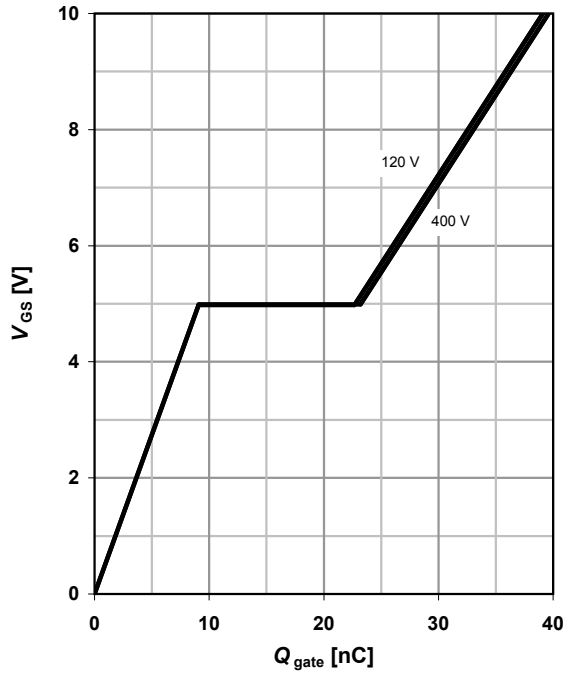
parameter:  $T_j$



**9 Typ. gate charge**

$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=12\text{ A pulsed}$

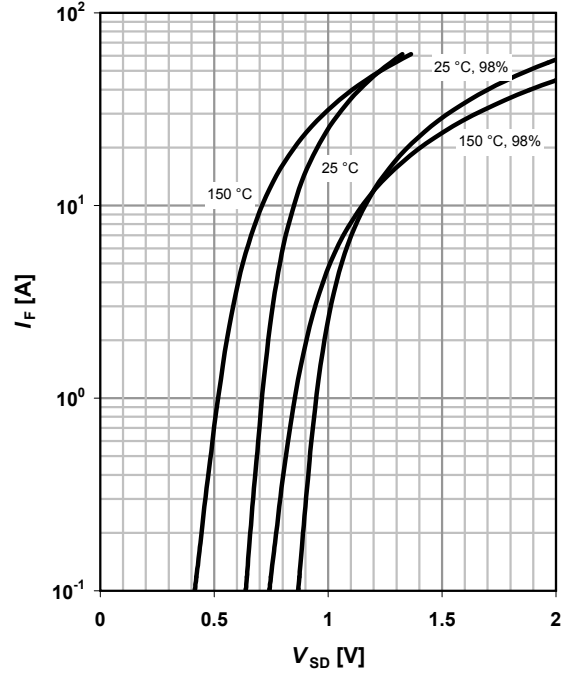
parameter:  $V_{DD}$



**10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode**

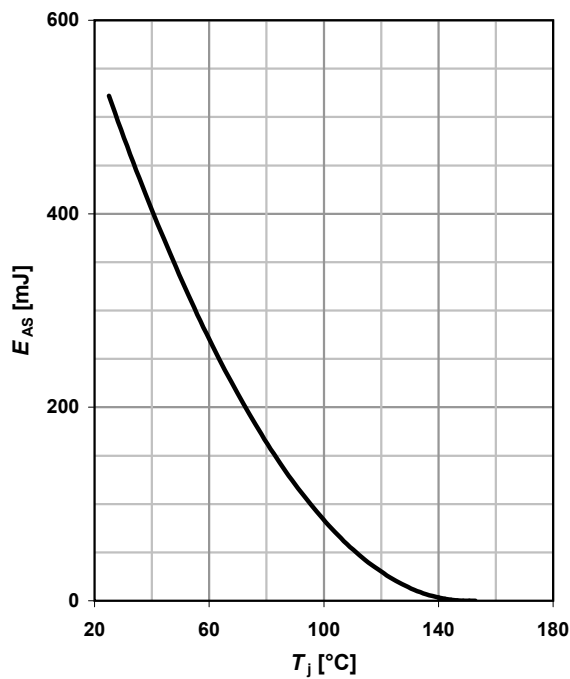
$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

parameter:  $T_j$



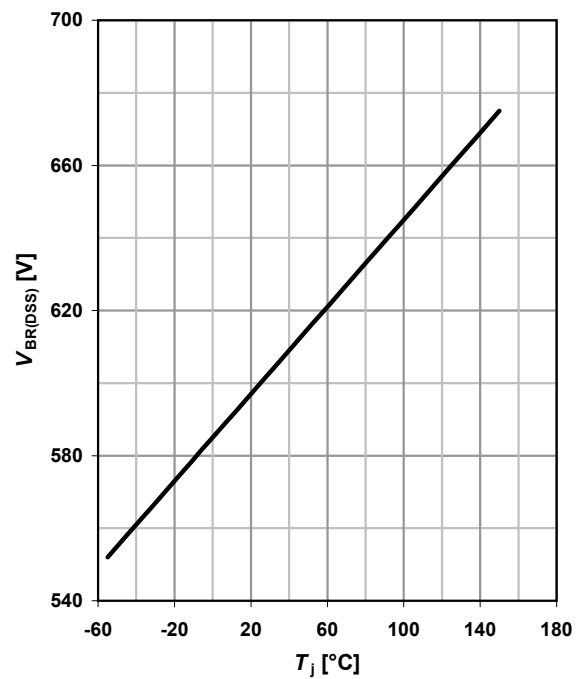
**11 Avalanche energy**

$E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=7.9\text{ A}; V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$



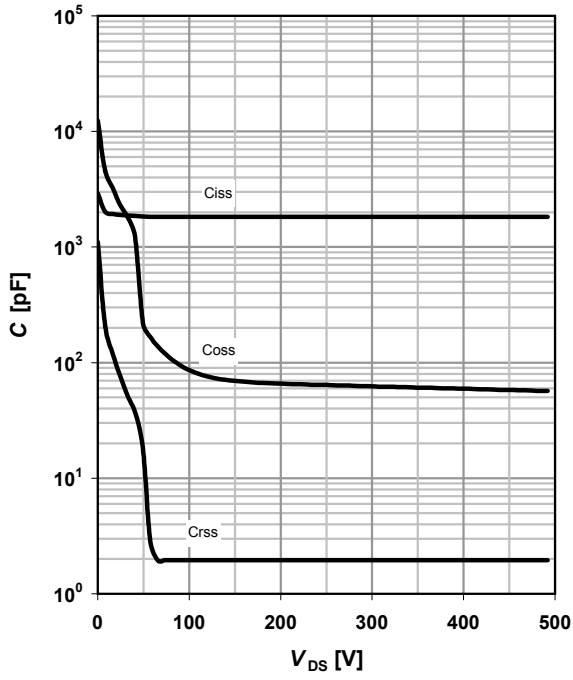
**12 Drain-source breakdown voltage**

$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=0.25\text{ mA}$



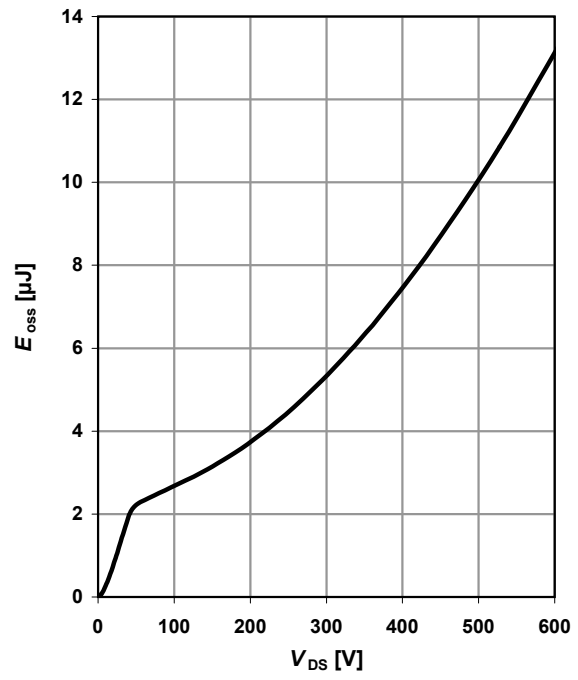
13 Typ. capacitances

$C=f(V_{DS}); V_{GS}=0\text{ V}; f=1\text{ MHz}$



14 Typ. Coss stored energy

$E_{oss}=f(V_{DS})$

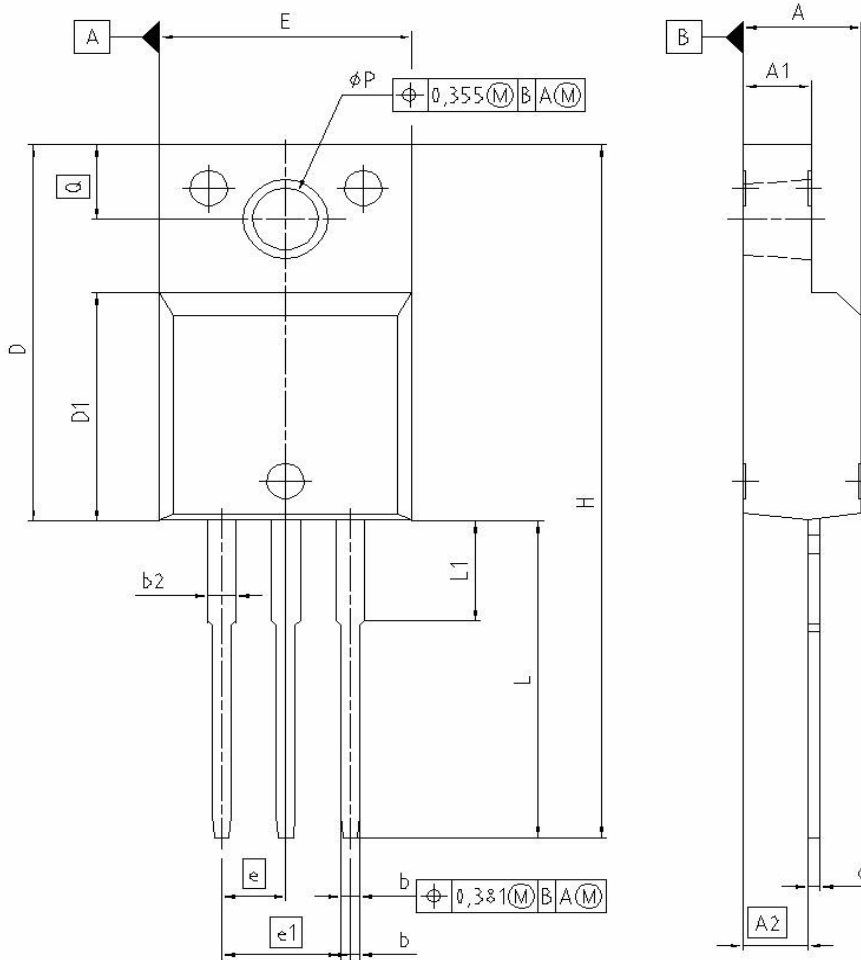


Definition of diode switching characteristics





PG-TO220-3-31/TO220-3-11: Outline/Fully isolated package (2500VAC; 1 minute)



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.572	4.826	0.180	0.190
A1	2.573	2.827	0.101	0.111
A2	2.514	2.616	0.099	0.103
b	0.649	0.776	0.025	0.030
b2	1.143	1.509	0.045	0.059
c	0.449	0.627	0.017	0.027
D	15.863	16.117	0.624	0.634
D1	9.554	9.808	0.376	0.386
E	10.373	10.627	0.408	0.418
e	2.540		0.100	
e1	5.080		0.200	
N	3		3	
H	29.463	29.717	1.160	1.170
L	13.473	13.727	0.530	0.540
L1	3.175	3.429	0.125	0.135
phi P	2.949	3.025	0.119	0.116
Q	3.149	3.251	0.124	0.128

REFERENCE  
J..

SCALE  
0 2.5 5mm

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE  
17-08-2005

FILE  
TO220\_2

**Published by**  
**Infineon Technologies AG**  
**81726 Munich, Germany**  
**© 2007 Infineon Technologies AG**  
**All Rights Reserved.**

**Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

**Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office  
[www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com).

**Warnings**

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.  
Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.