High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

Type: **ERJA1** : 2512

ERJB1: 2010 ERJB2: 1206

RIO





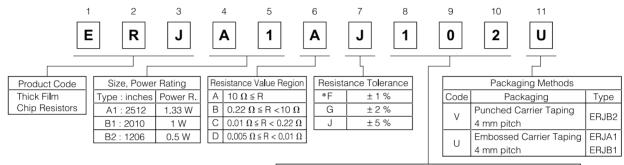
Features

- High solder-joint reliability by wide terminal construction
- Excellent heat dissipation characteristics by wide terminal construction

■ Recommended Applications

- Automotive electronic circuits including ECUs (Electrical control unit), anti-lock breaking systems and air-bag systems
- Current sensing for power supply circuits in a variety of equipment

■ Explanation of Part Numbers

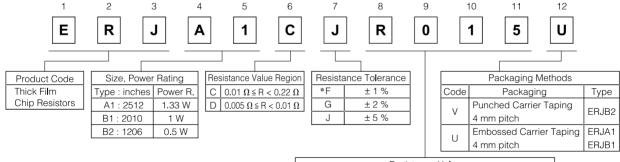


Resistance Value

The first two digits are significant figures of resistance and the third one denotes number of zeros following. Decimal point is expressed by "R". (ex.) 222 \rightarrow 2.2 k Ω 4R7 \rightarrow 4.7 Ω

*F: ± 1 % more than 100 m Ω (ERJA1) ± 1 % more than 10 m Ω (ERJB1, ERJB2)

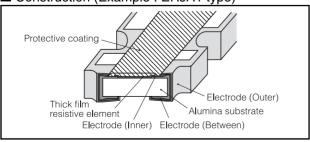
ullet If the case of Resistance value is lower than 100 m Ω

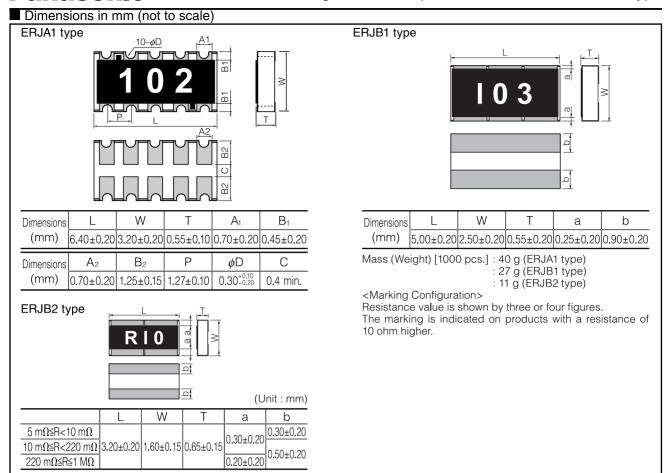


Resistance Value Decimal point is expressed by "R" with three figures following it. (ex.) R015 \rightarrow 0.015 Ω = 15 m Ω

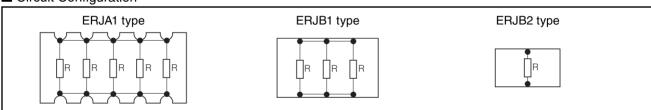
*F : ±1 % more than 100 m Ω (ERJA1) ±1 % more than 10 m Ω (ERJB1, ERJB2)

■ Construction (Example : ERJA1 type)





■ Circuit Configuration



Ratings

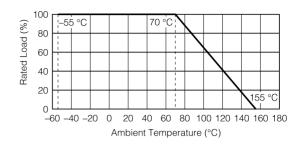
= ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		ED 144 (0510)	ED ID ((00 (0))	ED ID (1000)		
Type (inches)		ERJA1 (2512) ERJB1 (2010)		ERJB2 (1206)		
Resistance Range (Ω)		10 m t (E24 series	o 10 k s standard)			
Resistance Tolerance (%)		\pm 1 *, \pm 2 , \pm 5 * \pm 1 % more than 100 m Ω		\pm 1 *, ±2 , ±5 more than 10 m Ω		
Power Rating at	70 °C (W)	1.33	1	0.5		
Limiting Element Voltage (Maximum RCWV) ⁽¹⁾ (V)		200				
Maximum Overl	oad Voltage(2)(V)	400				
	R<22 mΩ		±350	0 to +300		
- .	22 m Ω <r<47 m<math="">\Omega</r<47>	±350	±200	0 to +200		
Temperature Coefficient	47 mΩ≤R<100 mΩ		±150	0 to +150		
Resistance (T.C.R.)	100 mΩ≦R<1 Ω	±100 (±1 % products) ±200 (±2 %, ±5 % products)		0 to +150 (±1 % products) 0 to +200 (±2 %, ±5 % products)		
	1 Ω≦R			±100 (±1 % products) ±200 (±2 %, ±5 % products)		
Category Temperature Range (Operating Temperature Range) (°C)			–55 to +155			

⁽¹⁾ Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=√Power Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage (max. RCWV) listed above, whichever less.

⁽²⁾ Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5 × Power Rating or max. Overload Voltage listed above whichever less.

Power Derating Curve

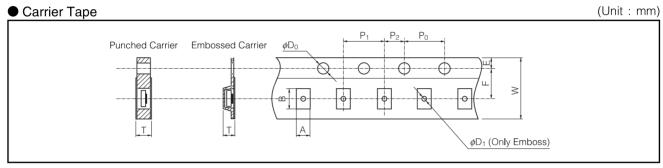
For resistors operated in ambient temperature above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



■ Packaging Methods (Taping)

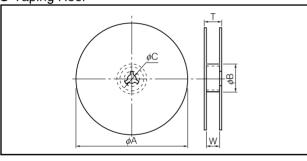
Standard Quantity

Type (inches)	Kind of Taping	Pitch (P ₁)	Quantity	
ERJA1 (2512)	Embassed Carrier Taning		4000 pcs./reel	
ERJB1 (2010)	Embossed Carrier Taping	4 mm	5000 pag /roal	
ERJB2 (1206)	Punched Carrier Taping		5000 pcs./reel	



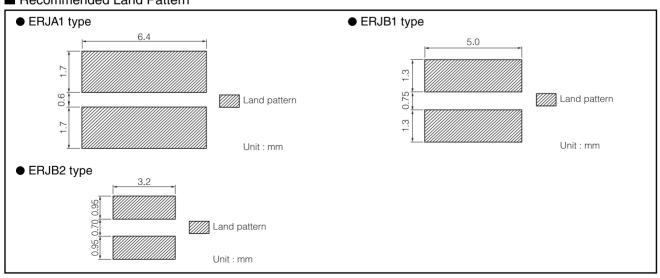
Туре	А	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P_2	P ₀	ϕD_0	Т	φ D₁
ERJA1	3.50 ^{±0.20}	6.80 ^{±0.20}	10 00±0.30	E E∩±0.20	1 7E±0.20					1.10 ^{±0.20}	1.50+0.10
ERJB1	2.80 ^{±0.20}	5.30 ^{±0.20}	12.00-555	5.50 ^{±0.20}	1.75	4.00 ^{±0.10}	2.00 ^{±0.05}	4.00 ^{±0.10}	1.50+0.10	1.00 ^{±0.20}	1.50_0
			8.00 ^{±0.15}							0.84 ^{±0.10}	





Туре	φA	φB	φC	W	Т
ERJA1				13.0 ^{±0.10}	1E 1±0.20
ERJB1	180.0+0	60 min.	13.0 ^{±1.0}	13.0	15.4
ERJB2				9.0 ^{±0.10}	11.4 ^{±0.10}

■ Recommended Land Pattern

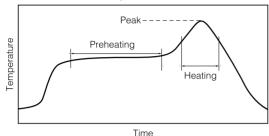


(Unit: mm)

■ Recommended Soldering Conditions

Recommendations and precautions are described below.

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times.
- · Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- · Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example: Sn/Pb)

	Temperature	Time	
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s	
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s	
Peak	235 ± 5 °C	max. 10 s	

For lead-free soldering (Example : Sn/Ag/Cu)

	Temperature	Time	
Preheating	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s	
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s	

Recommended soldering conditions for flow

	For sol	ldering	For lead-free soldering		
	Temperature	Time	Temperature	Time	
Preheating	140 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	
Soldering	245 ± 5 °C	20 s to 30 s	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s	

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the precautions common to Fixed Resistors shown on page ER3 of this catalog.

- 1. Take measures against mechanical stress during and after mounting of High Power Chip Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) so as not to damage their electrodes and protective coatings.
- 2. If a transient load (heavy load in a short time) like a pulse is expected to be applied, check and evaluate the operations of the resistors when installed in your products before use.
 - Never exceed the rated power. Otherwise, the performance and/or reliability of the resistors may be impaired.
- 3. Do not use halogen-based or other high-activity flux. Otherwise, the residue may impair the resistors' performance and/or reliability.
- 4. When soldering with a soldering iron, never touch the resistors' bodies with the tip of the soldering iron. When using a soldering iron with a high temperature tip, finish soldering as quickly as possible (within three seconds at 350 °C max.).
- 5. As the amount of applied solder becomes larger, the mechanical stress applied to the resistors increases, causing problems such as cracks and faulty characteristics. Avoid applying an excessive amount of solder.
- 6. Do not apply shock to the resistors or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, the resistors' protective coatings and bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance.
- 7. Avoid excessive bending of printed circuit boards in order to protect the resistors from abnormal stress.

Panasonic

(Common precautions for Fixed Resistors)

- When using our products, no matter what sort of equipment they might be used for, be sure to make a written
 agreement on the specifications with us in advance. The design and specifications in this catalog are subject
 to change without prior notice.
- Do not use the products beyond the specifications described in this catalog.
- This catalog explains the quality and performance of the products as individual components. Before use, check and evaluate their operations when installed in your products.
- Install the following systems for a failsafe design to ensure safety if these products are to be used in equipment where a defect in these products may cause the loss of human life or other significant damage, such as damage to vehicles (automobile, train, vessel), traffic lights, medical equipment, aerospace equipment, electric heating appliances, combustion/gas equipment, rotating equipment, and disaster/crime prevention equipment.
- * Systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device
- * Systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault

(1) Precautions for use

- These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment)
- These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
 - 1. In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent
 - 2. In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust
 - 3. In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO₂
 - 4. Electric Static Discharge (ESD) Environment

These components are sensitive to static electricity and can be damaged under static shock (ESD).

Please take measures to avoid any of these environments.

Smaller components are more sensitive to ESD environment.

5. Electromagnetic Environment

Avoid any environment where strong electromagnetic waves exist.

- 6. In an environment where these products cause dew condensation
- 7. Sealing or coating of these products or a printed circuit board on which these products are mounted, with resin or other materials
- These products generate Joule heat when energized. Carefully position these products so that their heat will not affect the other components.
- Carefully position these products so that their temperatures will not exceed the category temperature range due to the effects of neighboring heat-generating components. Do not mount or place heat-generating components or inflammables, such as vinyl-coated wires, near these products.
- Note that non-cleaning solder, halogen-based highly active flux, or water-soluble flux may deteriorate the performance or reliability of the products.
- Carefully select a flux cleaning agent for use after soldering. An unsuitable agent may deteriorate the performance or reliability. In particular, when using water or a water-soluble cleaning agent, be careful not to leave water residues. Otherwise, the insulation performance may be deteriorated.

(2) Precautions for storage

The performance of these products, including the solderability, is guaranteed for a year from the date of arrival at your company, provided that they remain packed as they were when delivered and stored at a temperature of 5 °C to 35 °C and a relative humidity of 45 % to 85 %.

Even within the above guarantee periods, do not store these products in the following conditions. Otherwise, their electrical performance and/or solderability may be deteriorated, and the packaging materials (e.g. taping materials) may be deformed or deteriorated, resulting in mounting failures.

- 1. In salty air or in air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO₂
- 2. In direct sunlight

<Package markings>

Package markings include the product number, quantity, and country of origin. In principle, the country of origin should be indicated in English.