SAFETY DATA SHEET

Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Identification of the substance	or	<u>mixture</u>
Product name	1	Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid
Chemical name	1	Rosin coating, braided copper wire.
Synonyms	:	Soder-Wick(R) Rosin, Soder-Wick Rosin(R) SD, Soder-Wick(R) Rosin BGA. Various codes based on size and flux type, including but not limited to: SW18015, SW18025, SW18035, SW18045, SW18055, 80-BGA-5, 80-1-10, 80-1-5, 80-2-10, 80-2-5, 80-3-10, 80-3-5, 80-4-10, 80-4-5, 80-5-10, 80-5-5, 80-6-5, 50-2-100, 50-3- 100, 50-4-100
Product type	1	Solid.
Use of the substance/mixture	4	Desoldering
Company/undertaking identific	<u>ati</u>	<u>on</u>
Manufacturer	:	ITW Chemtronics 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152
		Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244
Distributor	:	
Importer	:	ITW Contamination Control BV Saffierlaan 5 VZ-2132 Hoofddorp The Netherlands
		Tel: +31 88 1307 400 FAX: +31 88 1307 499
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	1	askchemtronics@chemtronics.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887
Emergency telephone number		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.						
Classification	ssification : R42/43					
Physical/chemical hazards	: FUMES MAY BE HARMFUL May be harmful by inhalation after often repeated exposure. Slightly hazardous by the following route of exposure:Skin contact irritant					
Human health hazards	: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL.Caution: exposure to fumes from this material may cause certain sensitive individuals to develop eczema and/or occupational asthma.					
Additional hazards	: May cause allergic reactions in certain individuals.					
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.						

2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INCREDIENTS

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS						
Substance/preparation : Mixture						
Ingredient name	CAS number	%	EC number	Classification	ı	
copper rosin	7440-50-8 73138-82-6	90 - 99 1 - 10	231-159-6 277-299-1	N; R50 R43	[1] [2] [1]	
See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases						

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

declared above.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid 4. FIRST AID MEASURES First-aid measures Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. **Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. **Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	: None known.
Special exposure hazards	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. This material is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains an sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods for cleaning up	
Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry in sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Dese	Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid					
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE						
Handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.					
Storage	: Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.					
Packaging materials						
Recommended	: Use original container.					

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit values		
Ingredient name		Occupational exposure limits
copper		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). Notes: as Cu TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hour(s).
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.
Exposure controls		
Occupational exposure controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hand protection	:	Use chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin protection	1	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General information	
Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid. [Metal.]
Colour	: Copper.
Odour	: wood rosin
Important health, safety	and environmental information
Boiling point	: 318°C (604.4°F)
Melting point	: 1082.8°C (1981°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: copper.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.Open cup: Not applicable
Explosive properties	: Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.
Relative density	: Only known value: 8.94 (Water = 1) (copper).

Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid							
10. STABILITY AND F	RE	ACTIVITY					
Stability	1	The product is stable.					
Conditions to avoid	÷	•	No specific data.				
Materials to avoid Hazardous decomposition		No specific data. Under normal conditions of si	torage and use has	vardaua dagamposit	ion products should		
products	1	not be produced.	lorage and use, haz	aruous decomposit			
11. TOXICOLOGICAL	- 11	NFORMATION					
Potential acute health effects							
Inhalation		Aay cause respiratory irritation. fumes					
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects	or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	÷	•	Aay cause skin irritation.				
Eye contact <u>Acute toxicity</u>	1	May cause eye irritation. fum	65				
Potential chronic health effect	<u>:ts</u>						
Skin	:	May cause sensitisation by s	kin contact.				
Eyes	1	May cause mild eye irritation.					
Respiratory	:	May cause sensitisation by ir individuals to develop eczema			y cause sensitive		
Chronic effects	:	Once sensitized, a severe allo very low levels.	ergic reaction may c	occur when subsequ	uently exposed to		
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects					
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects					
Teratogenicity	1	No known significant effects					
Developmental effects	÷	No known significant effects					
Fertility effects Over-exposure signs/sympto		No known significant effects	or critical hazards.				
Inhalation		No specific data.					
Ingestion		No specific data.					
Skin	-	Adverse symptoms may inclu irritation redness	ide the following:				
Eyes		No specific data.					
Target organs		Contains material which caus Contains material which may upper respiratory tract, skin.					
12. ECOLOGICAL INI	FO						
				material May be b			
Environmental effects Aquatic ecotoxicity		Very toxic to aquatic organisr environment if released in lar		material. May be n	iarmiul to the		
Product/ingredient name		Test	Result	Species	Exposure		
copper		-	Acute EC50 38 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Chydorus sphaericus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours	48 hours		
		-	Acute EC50 33.4 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Chydorus ovalis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours	48 hours		
		-	Acute EC50 20.2 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Chydorus sphaericus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours	48 hours		

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48 hours

Simocephalus vetulus - Juvenile

Acute EC50 18.8 Crustaceans ug/L Fresh water Water flea -

Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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(Fledgling, Hatchling, Wearling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 16.1 ug/L Fresh waterCrustaceans - Simocephalus vetulus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Wearling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 16.1 ug/L Fresh waterCrustaceans - Simocephalus vetulus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 14.1 ug/L Fresh waterCrustaceans - Water flea - Chydorus sphaericus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9.80 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9.20 ug/L Fresh waterCrustaceans - Water flea - Bosmina longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9.21 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hoursAcute EC50 9 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hoursAcute EC50 6 to gug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hoursAcute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hoursAcute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hoursAcute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
ug/L Fresh waterWater flea - Simocephalus vetulus - Juvenile (Fiedgling, 		Hatchling, Weanling) - <48	
ug/L Fresh waterWater flea - Simocephaius vetulus - Juvenile (Fledgling, 		Water flea - Simocephalus vetulus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48	48 hours
ug/L Fresh waterWater flea - Chydorus sphaericus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9.89Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9.2Crustaceans - Ug/L Fresh water48 hoursAcute EC50 9.2Crustaceans - 		Water flea - Simocephalus vetulus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48	48 hours
ug/L Fresh waterflea - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9.2Crustaceans - Water flea - Bosmina longirostris - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours48 hoursAcute EC50 9Daphnia - Water flea - 		Water flea - Chydorus sphaericus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48	48 hours
ug/L Fresh waterWater flea - Bosmina longirostris - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hoursAcute EC50 9 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours		flea - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48	48 hours
ug/L Fresh waterflea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hoursAcute EC50 6.5 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hours flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mmAcute EC50 6 to 8 ug/L Fresh 		Water flea - Bosmina Iongirostris - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48	48 hours
ug/L Fresh water ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 6 to 8 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 4 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 4 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 4 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 2.2 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 2.2 Acute EC50		flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate -	48 hours
8 ug/L Fresh waterflea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mmAcute EC50 4 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hours flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mmAcute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm48 hours flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mmAcute EC50 2.2 ug/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5		flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5	48 hours
ug/L Fresh water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm Acute EC50 2.8 ug/L Fresh water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm Acute EC50 2.2 ug/L Fresh water flea - Ceriodaphnia - Water 48 hours flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5	8 ug/L Fresh	flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5	48 hours
ug/L Fresh water Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm Acute EC50 2.2 ug/L Fresh water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours flea - Ceriodaphnia		flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5	48 hours
ug/L Fresh water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5		flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5	48 hours
		flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5	48 hours

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oder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid			
2. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
-	Acute EC50 2 to 4 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 2.5 mm	48 hours
-	Acute EC50 1.6 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours - 0.25 mm	48 hours
-	Acute IC50 0.03 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipod - Ampelisca abdita	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 57 to 64 ug/L Fresh water		48 hours
-	Acute LC50 30 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - 3 months - 1.35 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 27.8 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <1 months	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 24 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Striped bass - Morone saxatilis - LARVAE - 16 days	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 20 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - 3 months - 1.35 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 >20 ug/L	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - 1.35 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 10.3 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <1 months	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 >10 ug/L	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - 1.35 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 9.4 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <1 months	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 11.7 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.			
Biodegradability			
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.			

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/20/2011.

Soder-Wick(R) Rosin Desoldering Braid

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal

 Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. Recycle, if possible.
 The algorithm of the product may most the griteria for a hazardous water

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations						
Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADN/ADNR Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG* : Packing group

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU regulations

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

Hazard symbol or symbols :



	ant	
Risk phrases	2/43- May cause sensitisation	on by inhalation and skin contact.
Safety phrases	 4- Avoid contact with skin. 7- Wear suitable gloves. 1- Use only in well-ventilated 	areas.
Contains	in	
Product use	0	been determined according to EU Directives including amendments) and take into account the applications
Europe inventory	components are listed or exe	empted.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe	: R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
Full text of classifications referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe	: N - Dangerous for the environment
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5/20/2011.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/20/2011.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 40
Prepared by	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.