

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CircuitWorks(R) Conductive Pen - CW2200

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product name : CircuitWorks(R) Conductive Pen - CW2200
Synonyms : CW2200MTP, CW2200STP
Product type : Electric and electromechanical components - Conductive materials
Use of the substance/mixture : Conductive ink

Company/undertaking identification

Manufacturer : ITW Chemtronics
8125 Cobb Center Drive
Kennesaw, GA 30152

Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244

Distributor :

Importer : ITW Contamination Control BV
Saffierlaan 5
VZ-2132 Hoofddorp
The Netherlands

Tel: +31 88 1307 400
FAX: +31 88 1307 499

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : askchemtronics@chemtronics.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10
R66, R67
N; R50

Physical/chemical hazards : Flammable.

Human health hazards : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Environmental hazards : Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/preparation : Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	EC number	Classification
silver	7440-22-4	35 - 65	231-131-3	N; R50 [1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	5 - 35	204-658-1	R10 [1] [2] R66, R67
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	2 - 20	203-603-9	R10 [1] [2] Xi; R36
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	2 - 20	203-933-3	Xn; R20/21 [1] [2]
See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.				

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First-aid measures

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Extinguishing media**

- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Flammable liquid.
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. This material is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling** : Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid release to the environment.
- Storage** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- Packaging materials**
- Recommended** : Use original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit values

<u>Inгредиент name</u>	<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>
silver	EU OEL (Europe, 4/2006). Notes: Indicative Limit value: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s).
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 4/2006). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Indicative Short term limit value: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). Short term limit value: 100 ppm 15 minute(s). Limit value: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Limit value: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).
2-butoxyethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 4/2006). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Indicative Short term limit value: 333 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). Short term limit value: 50 ppm 15 minute(s). Limit value: 133 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Limit value: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Exposure controls

- Occupational exposure controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Respiratory protection** : A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use.
- Hand protection** : Use chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.
- Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General information

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Grey.

Important health, safety and environmental information

- Boiling point** : 126°C (258.8°F)
- Melting point** : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -63.4°C (-82.1°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 2-butoxyethyl acetate. Weighted average: -70.88°C (-95.6°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F). (Tagliabue.)
- Explosive properties** : Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.
- Vapour pressure** : 0.7 kPa (5 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
- Relative density** : 2 (Water = 1)
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : The product is insoluble in water and octanol.
- Vapour density** : Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.21 (Air = 1)

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1) : >1 compared with butyl acetate

Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/29/2011.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 340°C (644°F) (2-butoxyethyl acetate).

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Stability** : The product is stable.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Avoid release to the environment.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Potential acute health effects**

- Inhalation** : Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Eye contact** : May cause eye irritation.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-

Potential chronic health effects

- Chronic effects** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
- Ingestion** : No specific data.
- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
- Eyes** : No specific data.
- Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eye, lens or cornea.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, lymphatic system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), nose/sinuses.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental effects : Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
silver	-	Acute EC50 9.2 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 9.5 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <1 days	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 0.24 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <1 days	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.0062 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 145 mm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 15 to	Crustaceans -	48 hours

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

		18 ug/L Fresh water	Water flea - Simocephalus vetulus - <24 hours	
	-	Acute LC50 14 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 11 to 14 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - <4 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 6.42 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 6.28 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 6.25 to 7.3 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4.7 to 5.62 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 3.42 to 4.05 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 3.12 to 3.73 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2.76 to 3.33 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2.38 to 3.04 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2.13 to 2.93 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <24 hours	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1.5 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <=24 hours	48 hours
	-	Chronic NOEC 1.1 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <=24 hours	48 hours
n-butyl acetate	-	Acute LC50 185000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside - Menidia beryllina - 40 to 100 mm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 100000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - 33 to 75 mm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 62000 ug/L	Fish - Zebra danio - Danio rerio	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 32000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina - Nauplii	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

18000 to 19000 ug/L Fresh water
minnow -
Pimephales
promelas - 31 to
32 days - 21.6
mm - 0.175 g





- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
Biodegradability
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**International transport regulations**

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	1263	Paint	3	III		Limited quantity
ADN/ADNR Class	1263	Paint	3	III		Limited quantity
IMDG Class	1263	Paint	3	III		Limited quantity
IATA Class	1263	Paint	3	III		Limited quantity

PG* : Packing group

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**EU regulations**

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases : R10- Flammable.
R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety phrases	: S2- Keep out of the reach of children. S29- Do not empty into drains. S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.
Product use	: Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use. - Industrial applications
Europe inventory	: Not determined.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe	: R10- Flammable. R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R36- Irritating to eyes. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
--	---

Full text of classifications referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe	: Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the environment
--	--

History

Date of printing	: 11/29/2011.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/29/2011.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 8
Prepared by	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.