Keysight Technologies Simplified PC Connections for GPIB Instruments

Application Note





Introduction

If you are an R&D, manufacturing or test engineer in the electronics industry, chances are you use your test instruments for more than simple benchtop measurements. At some point, most engineers need to program and control test instruments and communicate with them from a PC or laptop.

Until recently, there hasn't been a quick and easy way to physically connect test instruments to your computer, much less an easy way to get your PC and test equipment to communicate smoothly with each other. If you are like most engineers, you have wasted a lot of time and effort getting your instruments hooked up, dealing with driver issues and writing code, all in a simple guest to make your test instruments talk to each other and to your PC.

There are some new solutions available to save you time with these connectivity issues so you can have more time to spend on more productive tasks. The purpose of this paper is to walk you through the choices you need to make when you are setting up your automated tests and introduce you to some of the hardware options available that can simplify your connection, communication, and programming tasks.

Making the hardware connection is just the first step in mastering the whole connectivity challenge. For assistance with other aspects of connectivity, register for free information on the Keysight Connectivity at www.keysight.com/find/IO.

Making the Physical Connection

In the past, RS-232 and GPIB have been the primary interfaces used for connecting instruments to PCs in test and measurement applications. Although RS-232 is a low cost solution, its low baud rate and connection limitations make it too slow and cumbersome for many of today's measurement needs.

GPIB technology has provided a high-performance, stable communications solution for more than 25 years. GPIB does have some drawbacks, though. For example, you have to install a GPIB card in each PC you want to use to access your test and measurement instruments. Before you can install a GPIB card, you need to have an available I/O slot — a commodity in perennial short supply. Then you must open your PC housing to install the GPIB card, an action many computer users would prefer to avoid. The hassle involved certainly makes it inconvenient to attempt to share a GPIB card among multiple users. The alternative, equipping everyone in your work group with an individual GPIB card, can be expensive.

USB and LAN connections are now built into most of today's PCs, and standard PC I/O has evolved into an acceptable alternative for automating and controlling test and measurement instruments. Early USB devices, developed for connecting PCs to peripherals such as keyboards and

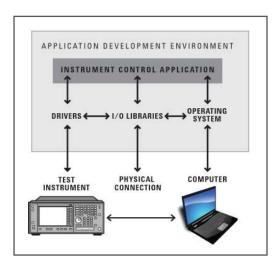


Figure 1. Effective connectivity requires a number of hardware and software components to work together smoothly

mice, offered limited bandwidth. Today, however, USB 1.1 interfaces offer bandwidths up to 12 Mb/s, and USB 2.0 interfaces offer up to 480 Mb/s bandwidth, adequate for most test and measurement applications. Typical LAN configurations support 10 or 100Mb/sec (10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX)

networks. Data transfer rates, however, are determined by the amount of traffic on the network. To maximize measurement data throughput, you can use a dedicated LAN and achieve higher performance for test systems. New LAN standards go up to 1 GB/s, and before too long, we expect to see LANs migrating to even faster speeds.

Today, the Keysight Technologies, Inc. test and measurement instruments are equipped with USB and LAN connections and uses a mixture of interfaces. To support you during your migration to USB and LAN, Keysight offers simple solutions for connecting your legacy GPIB instruments to standard computer I/O.

Simple I/O Solutions

There are several different ways to physically connect your GPIB test and measurement instruments to your PC or laptop. One of the easiest is to use converters to connect via standard computer interfaces like USB and LAN. If you prefer, you can still use a GPIB card installed in the backplane of your computer. Each of these connection methods works well for certain applications.

USB/GPIB Interface

The fastest and easiest way to connect instruments to a PC is to use a USB/GPIB converter — a simple cable with a GPIB plug on one end and a USB plug on the other — that provides a direct connection from the USB port on your PC to GPIB instruments. With the Keysight 82357B USB/GPIB Interface for Windows 98 (SE)/Me/2000/XP/Vista, you can interface with up to 14 GPIB instruments from any vendor, with transfer rates over 1.15 Mb/s with large block transfers. Because the 82357B is a standard Plug and Play device, your computer automatically detects it and configures the interface.

The USB/GPIB Interface is a best fit for R&D and small system applications where high system throughput is not important. Even though it offers high throughput with large block transfers (like scope and spectrum analyzer trace downloads), its small-block transfer rates are slower than a typical GPIB interface due to the first byte latency of the USB. This interface offers ease of use and flexibility, and it can be easily shared in R&D environments.

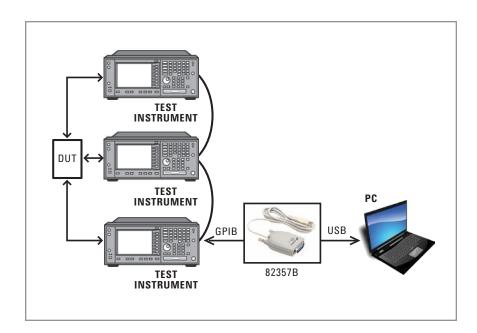


Figure 2. Connectivity using a USB Interface

LAN/GPIB Interface

Sharing test instruments over your existing LAN has a number of advantages over using a local computer with a GPIB interface card. With your test instruments connected to your LAN, multiple users can control instruments from multiple locations, giving you the ability to collaborate with worldwide teams, consult with colleagues in different locations, collect data, perform measurements, share results. or monitor the progress of your tests. When you control your test instruments over the LAN, you can situate your computer remotely — at a safer or more convenient location.

Keysight offers the E5810A LAN/GPIB Gateway for remote access and control of GPIB instruments via a 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX network. The LAN/GPIB Gateway comes with a built-in digital display and Web server, so you can use your browser to easily set up and configure the Gateway. Then you can use your web browser or development application to control test instruments from anywhere in the world.

The LAN/GPIB Gateway works well for many applications. It can be used in R&D environments when engineers want to share equipment or collaborate on designs. During design verification, the Gateway makes it easy for several engineers to share a rack of expensive test equipment. In manufacturing, you can connect several test systems via a local LAN and use a single, centrally located PC to control them. You also can access these test systems remotely for troubleshooting and debug.

PCI GPIB Interface

For applications where you need to maximize throughput for all block sizes and get the fastest response to SRQ, you can use the traditional solution, a GPIB interface card that plugs into a PCI slot in the backplane of your PC. Keysight offers the 82350B for high-performance IEEE-488 interface, 82351A PCIe, and data rates information for PCI-based PCs. This PCI card has built-in buffering that provides I/O and system performance up to 750 KB/s.

The GPIB card works best for high-performance manufacturing test applications that require the best I/O performance for all blocks sizes and the best SRO response rate.

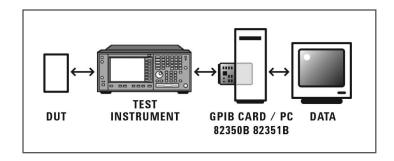


Figure 3. Direct Connection with GPIB Card

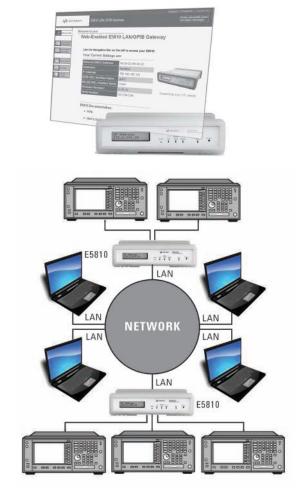


Figure 4. Connectivity via your LAN

I/O Libraries Suite

To make it easy for you to upgrade your programming software without having to rewrite your code, Keysight connectivity solutions come with standards-based I/O libraries, including Virtual Instrument Software Architecture (VISA) and Standard Instrument Control Library (SICL) I/O software. The VISA standard ensures compatibility among different hardware and software vendors and provides GPIB emulation so your existing GPIB programs work immediately, with a simple re-configuration. Keysight's I/O libraries conform to the VXIplug&play standards. In addition to providing solutions for Windows 95/98/Me/ NT/2000/ XP/Vista Frameworks for external and Keysight VXI embedded PCs, the Keysight I/O libraries support Keysight VEE, BASIC for Windows, Visual Basic, Visual C++, and now Visual Studio.NET with the Keysight T&M Toolkit.

Mixed Systems

Keysight test and measurement instruments are equipped with USB and LAN connectors. For legacy equipment, you can use the USB/GPIB and LAN/GPIB converters discussed above. All these interfaces are supported with the Keysight VISA/SICL I/O Libraries, which allows you to mix these various connection types and capitalize on your equipment investment while maximizing your flexibility for future expansion.

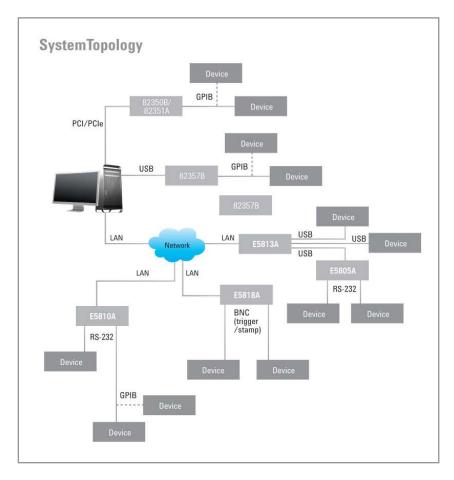


Figure 5. Mixed System

Which I/O Technology Should You Use?

Each type of I/O has its advantages and disadvantages. Here is a brief overview of which type works bests for various situations:

- Use the USB/GPIB Interface when ease of use is your primary concern. The USB/GPIB Interface also gives you better performance with large block transfers.
- Use the LAN/GPIB Gateway
 when you want to share instruments and collaborate with colleagues in different locations.
 The LAN/GPIB Gateway is also an excellent choice when you want to program/control your test instruments from a remote location or when you want to implement a distributed test environment.
- Use the PCI GPIB Interface for applications where you need to maximize throughput for all block sizes and you want the fastest response to SRQs.

With all of these choices, here's help figuring out which I/O technology to use:

Use:	When your primary concern is:
82357B USB/GPIB Interface	 Ease of use Better performance with large block transfers Flexibility and small size
E5810A LAN/GPIB	Sharing instruments Collaborating with colleagues in different
Interface	locations - Programming and controlling test instruments/ systems from remote locations
82350B PCI GPIB Interface	 Maximizing throughput for all block sizes

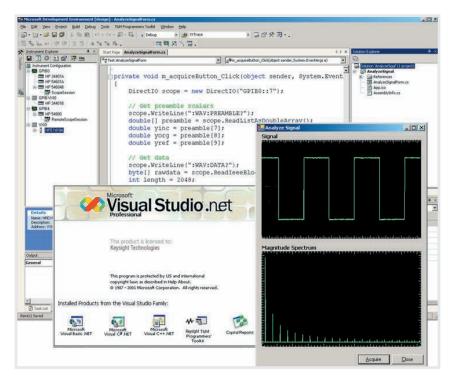
Programming Software

Selecting an appropriate mechanism for the physical connection is only half the battle. You also must decide which programming software to use. Engineers using test and measurement equipment have used a variety of languages and development environments unique to test, measurement, data acquisition, and automation applications to develop their programs.

In the past, the implications of your choice of programming environment/language for your test and measurement instrument control applications were different from what they are today. With the introduction of Keysight's VEE, T&M Programmers Toolkit for Microsoft Visual Studio.NET, the ground rules have changed for selecting and using programming tools.

The T&M Programmers' Toolkit delivers the power and ease of use of the open, standard Microsoft's Visual Studio.NET platform to the test and measurement world. The toolkit's integrated software tools and components make Visual Studio.NET an easy place for you to write code for automating measurement tasks and displaying data.

For details, go to: www.keysight.com/find/IO



Summary

There are several different ways to physically connect your test and measurement instruments to your desktop or laptop PC. USB and LAN connections are now built into most of today's PCs, and standard PC I/O has evolved into an acceptable alternative for automating and controlling test and measurement instruments. There are converters available that make it easy to connect your GPIB test instruments via these standard computer interfaces. Or if you prefer, you can still use a GPIB card installed in the backplane of your computer. Each of these connection methods works well for certain applications.

Glossary

GPIB — General Purpose Interface Bus. Used for instrument control

LAN — Local Area Network

SICL — Standard Instrument Control Library. A platform independent API for software to control GPIB test instruments conforming to IEEE 488 specifications. This standard preceded the VXIplug&play standard (VISA)

SCPI — Standard Commands for Programmable Instrumentation. SCPI defines a standard set of

commands to control programmable test and measurement devices in instrumentation systems. Learn more at http://www.scpiconsortium.org

USB – Universal Serial Bus. A standard bus on today's PCs

VISA — Virtual Instrument Software Architecture

VXIplug&play — A hardware and software standard that allows interoperability between instruments made by different manufacturers. Learn more at http://www.vxipnp.org

Related Keysight Literature

Data Sheet: Keysight Connectivity Suite, pub. no. 5988-5756EN

Data Sheet: Keysight 82357B USB/GPIB Interface for Windows, pub. no. 5988-5028EN

Data Sheet: Keysight E5810A LAN/GPIB Gateway, pub. number 5988-5810EN

Data sheet: Keysight 82350B PCI GPIB Interface, pub. no. 5966-2720EN

To download this literature, go to www.keysight.com/find/IO

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United Kingdom



Keysight Modern Connectivity Using USB and LAN I/O Converters

Application Note



What is the best input/ output interconnect for your application?



Introduction

GPIB has been a primary instrument Input/Output interface for over 30 years due to its proven reliability. New standard computer bus systems, USB and Ethernet (LAN), are gradually being built into modern instruments and test systems. Instrument interconnects are typically GPIB, although, using USB/GPIB and LAN/ GPIB converters may be useful in updating your test systems and taking advantage of new bus features such as easy connections, remote instrument access, and higher speed data transfers. The following document compares the USB to GPIB converter (82357B), the Keysight Technologies, Inc. GPIB PC card (82350B), and the LAN to GPIB converter (E5810A) and will help determine which I/O interconnect is best for your application needs.

You want the I/O product to integrate easily with your current test system or you may have the opportunity to build a new system taking advantage of a newer I/O interface. In either case, having details for these topics will be helpful in making the best I/O interconnect decision for your application needs.





First, here is a brief description of the three I/O interfaces that will be compared.

82350B PCI GPIB interface card

This card provides an IEEE-488 interface with software and installs into the backplane of your computer. The 82350B makes it easy to access and control instruments and exchange data.

82357B USB/GPIB interface

This interface provides a direct connection from the USB port on your laptop or desktop computer to GPIB instruments. It is a standard Plug and Play device and is automatically detected and configured when connected to the computer USB port.

E5810A LAN/GPIB gateway

This product provides a gateway between network-equipped computer systems and GPIB and/or RS-232 based instruments. The E5810A allows I/O applications to obtain measurement data either locally or remotely from GPIB and/or RS-232 instrumentation.

There are a few factors you want to consider when determining the best I/O connectivity for your test system.

- Controller and operating system
- Steps required for setup
- Data transfer rates
- Number of instruments connected
- Additional software, cables, connections
- Distance from controller to instruments
- Advantages/disadvantages

You want the I/O product to integrate easily with your current test system or you may have the opportunity to build a new system taking advantage of a newer I/O interface. In either case, having details for these topics will be helpful in making the best I/O interconnect decision for your application needs.

Controller and operating system

In order to take advantage of the new computer bus systems, your test system PC (controller) must meet the following minimal requirements: Pentium 450 MHz, 128 MB RAM, and 280 MB free disk space to effectively use the GPIB USB, and LAN I/O interfaces. For the best results you may want to use a faster computer with more memory. The I/O products referred to here have been designed to work with the many different PC operating systems being used today. See Table 1 to verify that the operating system of your controller supports the I/O you plan to use.

Steps required for set-up

The GPIB card, USB/GPIB converter, and LAN/GPIB converter require initial setup to integrate them into your test system. Before you select an I/O interface, you may want to consider the steps for installing and configuring the interface. Here is a brief description of the steps you will need to follow to install your selected I/O interface.

Table 1. Operating system support for I/O solutions

Operating system	82350B PCI GPIB interface card	82357B USB/ GPIB interface	
Windows Vista	•	•	•
Windows XP	•	•	•
Windows Me	•	•	•
Windows 2000	•	•	•
Windows 98	•	•	•
Windows NT	•		•
HPUX 11i			•*
Linux			*

82357B USB/GPIB

If keeping the set-up time to a minimum is your goal, the 87357B USB/GPIB converter is the I/O interface you are looking for. In just three steps you can be up and running without installing cards or connecting to the LAN. The steps include loading the Keysight I/O libraries on the controller, and plugging the USB connector into the computer. The Keysight I/O Config will run automatically and asks if the default settings are sufficient. I/O Config is a utility used by the Keysight I/O Libraries to automatically configure instrument I/O hardware interface. In most situations, the default settings are selected. The USB/GPIB converter is hot-swappable which means it is easy to connect, disconnect, and reconnect any time. The USB/GPIB converter is very convenient for use with laptops since it provides an I/O interface without having to install a GPIB interface in the backplane of your computer.

E5810A LAN/GPIB

The setup for the E5810A LAN/GPIB converter takes a little more work although the advantages of connecting to a LAN are well worth the extra effort. You first need a LAN, either global or private, to connect to. You may need help from your local IT group to do this. For initial setup and configuration of the E5810A, your controller needs to have a web browser such as Netscape Navigator 4.7, or Internet Explorer 4.0 and higher. If you plan to use the E5810A for programmed control of instruments, you will install and configure the Keysight I/O libraries on the controller. Connect the hardware, your LAN cable, power plug, and either GPIB or RS-232 cables to instruments. From the controller, you can enter the IP address in your web browser window to setup and communicate with the E5810A LAN/ GPIB converter and any connected instruments.

82350B PCI GPIB card

The PCI GPIB interconnect is an easy to install computer PCI card. Once the card is installed in a controller's PCI slot, you can install the Keysight I/O libraries, run Keysight's I/O Config, and connect the GPIB cable(s) to the instruments.

Data transfer rates

Benchmark test results were acquired to determine the difference in data transfer rates for these I/O interfaces with varying data sizes. Time required to transfer data from an instrument to a PC depends on a few factors including the I/O interface. Other factors that affect data transfer rates are the instrument's processing speed, the format and size of data being transferred, the instrument commands and overhead, and the computer's processing speed and memory size. Two instruments were selected to participate; one for its ability to make very fast individual measurements, and the other for its ability to transfer large blocks of data. Each of the three I/O interfaces was tested with both instruments. The intention for the results was to determine which of the three I/O interfaces offers a faster data transfer rate for individual readings and for large data blocks.

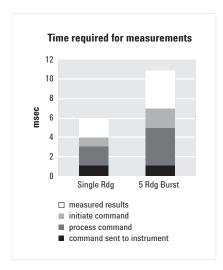


Figure 3. Total instrument measurement time for single vs. burst readings

Individual reading results

A digital multimeter (Keysight 34401A) was selected for testing individual and burst¹ readings. Figures 1 & 2 below show the difference between the data transfer times of the three I/O interfaces. For a single reading, the GPIB interface can transfer data 2 milliseconds faster than the USB/GPIB interface and nearly 1 millisecond faster than the LAN/GPIB interface. That is 16% to 33% faster single readings using the standard GPIB PCI card. However, when taking multiple readings the difference in time per reading is reduced significantly. This is because the instrument's total time required for the measurement is divided between the specified number of readings as shown in Figure 3. The instrument's total measurement time includes the:

- Measurement commands to be sent to the instrument
- Instrument to process the commands
- Instrument to initiate the commands
- Instrument to send a measured result(s)

When using a 'burst' of measurements the instrument configures and initiates only once for multiple readings.

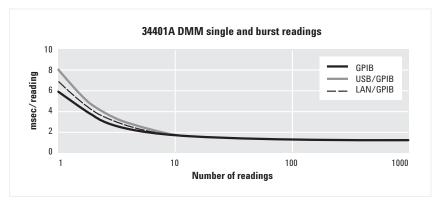


Figure 1. Data transfer times for single and 'burst' readings with 34401A

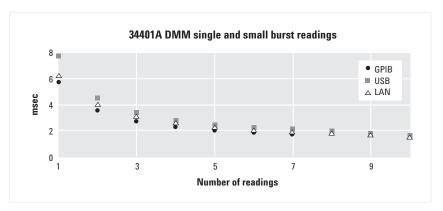


Figure 2. Data transfer times for a small range of readings

Large data block results

An Oscilloscope (Keysight 54622D) was selected for testing large data block transfers. The 54622D is able to transfer up to 1 megabyte files for a single waveform. Figures 4 & 5 below show the data transfer times for different size files comparing the three I/O interfaces. As you can see, there is very little difference in transfer time between the I/O interfaces. GPIB is able to transfer the largest 1 megabyte file more quickly than LAN/GPIB or USB/GPIB, although there is less than 6% difference in the transfer times of all three interfaces.

Data transfer rates summary

The computer standard interfaces USB and LAN offer high-speed data transfers for devices that transfer data at or above 200kB/second. In most cases, the instruments within the test system determine the highest achievable transfer rates. For GPIB based instruments, you will experience nearly the same data transfer rates whether using GPIB, USB/GPIB or LAN/GPIB interfaces. Instruments that have integrated USB and LAN I/O connections are able to achieve much faster data transfer rates than GPIB. the USB/GPIB converter, and the LAN/GPIB converter.

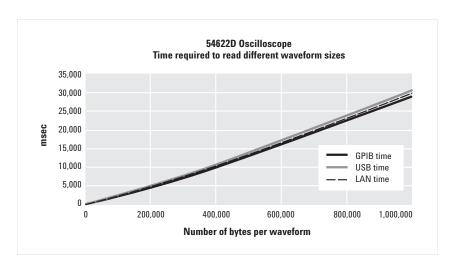


Figure 4. Data transfer time for large data files with 54622D

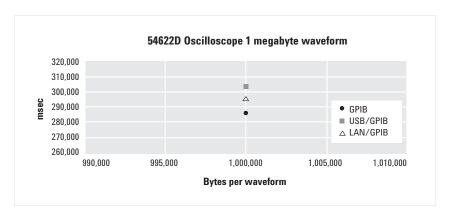


Figure 5. Data transfer time for 1 megabyte waveform

Number of instruments that can be connected

The I/O products we are comparing all use or convert to the GPIB bus. The number of instruments that can be connected to each I/O interface is determined by the GPIB specification, which supports connecting up to 15 GPIB devices, 14 instruments, and 1 controller.

82357B USB/GPIB

Each USB/GPIB converter attached to the controller can support up to 14 instruments. With just two USB ports, two USB/GPIB converters, and GPIB instrument cables, the controller can easily control up to 28 instruments.

E5810A LAN/GPIB

There is no limit to how many LAN/ GPIB converters are attached to the LAN or, how many LAN/GPIB converters are controlled with one PC. Each LAN/GPIB converter connected to the LAN can support up to 14 instruments.

82350B PCI GPIB

Each GPIB PC card installed in the controller's PCI slot(s) can support up to 14 instruments using additional GPIB cables.

Additional software, cables, and connections

All of the Keysight I/O connectivity products come with a CD with the required Keysight I/O VISA/SICL libraries. Loading the libraries is easy and takes just a few minutes.

The 82350B GPIB and 82357B USB/GPIB I/O products come with everything you need to establish your controller I/O. You will need GPIB cables to connect to each of the instruments you plan to use.

The 82357B USB/GPIB can connect directly to one instrument with no additional GPIB cables required.

The E5810A LAN/GPIB requires a LAN, LAN connection, and a web browser installed on the controller in addition to the GPIB and/or RS232 cables to the instruments.

Distances from the controller to instrument(s)

Test systems vary from a few instruments on a bench to many instruments at various locations. The distance from the PC to the test system instruments is most often determined by the I/O product(s) used. Details of the maximum allowable distance from the controller to the instruments, for each I/O product, are listed here.

82357B USB/GPIB

The distance from the PC to one device can be up to 20 meters or, the distance between each device connected can be up to 2 meters, whichever is less. USB hubs can also be used to extend the distances between instruments and/or the controller. The length of the supplied cable for the 82357B is 2.5 meters. The 82357B can be connected directly to an instrument that is 2.5 meters or less away from the controller or to a GPIB cable which would extend this distance.

E5810A LAN/GPIB

The distance from the E5810A and the controller depends on the location of the devices and their connections to the LAN. The E5810A and controller can be at any two locations as long as they are connected to the same LAN. The instruments that are connected to the E5810A should be within 2 meters of each other since regular GPIB cables connect them.

82350B PCI GPIB

The distance from the controller to one device can be up to 20 meters or the distance between each device connected can be up to 2 meters, whichever is less

Advantages/disadvantages of each connectivity product

There are advantages and disadvantages other than cost that may contribute to your decision of which I/O interface would be beneficial to your test application. Here is some additional information that will help you make the decision of what is the best I/O interface for your test system.

I/O Interface	Advantages	Disadvantages
82357B USB/GPIB Converter	- Easy to connect — no boards to install, no internet connection - Great for Laptops - Plug & Play — automatically detected and configured - Hot-swappable (plug-in or unplug anytime)	 WINNT does not support USB connections Slightly slower transfer rates for single read/ writes
E5810A LAN/GPIB Converter	Remote access to instruments/systems Longer distances between instruments and/or PC One PC can access many instruments and/or systems On-board instrument web server makes it easy to connect to and control instruments If LAN switches and/or routers are used with the instruments communication can be very fast (Transmit & receive at the same time)	Data throughput can be limited by the amount of traffic on the network May require a dedicated LAN Internet firewalls may be required Instruments must be where they can connect to LAN
82350B GPIB PCI Card	 30+ years of proven reliability Nearly all test instruments have a GPIB interface 	The PC must be opened to install the GPIB card in a PCI slot The number of installed GPIB cards is limited by the number of controller PCI slots available

Glossary

I/O Config — a Utility used by the Keysight I/O Libraries to configure instrument I/O hardware interfaces. I/O Config is an interactive program that searches your system for installed interfaces that VISA and SICL support. You select the interface(s) you want to configure and I/O Config selects default parameters required to configure the interface(s).

References

Other Keysight literature

Data sheets

- 82357B USB/GPIB Interface http://www.keysight.com/ find/82357b
- E5810A LAN/GPIB Gateway http://www.keysight.com/find/ e5810a
- 82350B PCI GPIB Card http://www.keysight.com/ find/82350b

Manuals

USB/LAN/GPIB Interface
 Connectivity Guide (available at
 http://we.home.keysight.com/upload/
 cmc_upload/connectivity_guide.pdf

Conclusion

As computers, test instruments and I/O interconnects evolve, it is important to be knowledgeable of what is new and how it may make test system development or upgrades more efficient. Test instruments are gradually becoming available with the standard computer busses, USB and/or LAN. The I/O converters 82357B USB/GPIB, and E5810A LAN/GPIB enables you to migrate your current GPIB instrument to the modern bus systems USB & LAN and benefit from their advantages today.



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