## R&S®NRP USB and LAN Power Sensors Taking power measurements to the next level

R&S®NRPxxS(N) three-path diode power sensors R&S®NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors R&S®NRPxxA(N) average power sensors





<sup>2</sup>roduct Brochure | 05.00

fest& Measurement

# R&S®NRP USB and LAN Power Sensors At a glance

The R&S®NRP power sensors have long been recognized for delivering supreme precision and speed. The R&S®NRPxxS(N), R&S®NRPxxT(N) and R&S®NRPxxA(N) power sensors take power measurements to the next level. They offer USB capability and can be additionally controlled via LAN. This makes the R&S®NRP power meter portfolio unique in the industry. The R&S®NRPxxS(N) three-path diode power sensors, R&S®NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors and R&S®NRPxxA(N) average power sensors are self-contained, fully characterized instruments. They can be operated with the R&S®NRP2 base unit, with a laptop/PC via USB, and with many Rohde&Schwarz instruments (e.g. signal generators, signal and spectrum analyzers, network analyzers). The R&S®NRPxxSN, R&S®NRPxxTN and R&S®NRPxxAN power sensors additionally offer LAN capability, allowing remote control over large distances.

#### Key facts

- I Maximum dynamic range: -70 dBm to +45 dBm
- I Frequency range: DC to 110 GHz
- I More than 50000 readings/s
- Flexible operation with R&S®NRP2 base unit, laptop/PC and many Rohde&Schwarz instruments
- I Control and monitoring via LAN and USB
- I Easy LAN operation from a web browser
- I R&S®NRPxxS(N) for widest dynamic range
- I R&S®NRPxxT(N) for highest accuracy
- I R&S®NRPxxA(N) for EMC applications



# R&S®NRP USB and LAN Power Sensors Benefits and key features

Three-path diode power	sensors
R&S®NRP8S(N)	8 GHz (LAN) power sensor
R&S®NRP18S(N)	18 GHz (LAN) power sensor
R&S®NRP33S(N)	33 GHz (LAN) power sensor
R&S®NRP40S(N)	40 GHz (LAN) power sensor
R&S®NRP50S(N)	50 GHz (LAN) power sensor
R&S®NRP18S-10	18 GHz (LAN) power sensor, high power, up to 2 W
R&S®NRP18S-20	18 GHz (LAN) power sensor high power, up to 15 W
R&S®NRP18S-25	18 GHz (LAN) power sensor high power, up to 30 W
TVAC-compliant three-p	ath diode power sensor
R&S®NRP33SN-V	33 GHz LAN power sensor, TVAC-compliant
Thermal power sensors	
R&S®NRP18T(N)	18 GHz thermal (LAN) power sens
R&S®NRP33T(N)	33 GHz thermal (LAN) power sens
R&S®NRP40T(N)	40 GHz thermal (LAN) power sens
R&S®NRP50T(N)	50 GHz thermal (LAN) power sens
R&S®NRP67T(N)	67 GHz thermal (LAN) power sens
R&S®NRP110T	110 GHz thermal power sensor
Average power sensors	
R&S®NRP6A(N)	6 GHz average (LAN) power sense
R&S®NRP18A(N)	18 GHz average (LAN) power sens

 For further sensor types, see the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP Power Meter Family product brochure, PD 5213.5539.12

#### **Functions and performance features**

- I Fully characterized power sensors
- I Minimizing measurement uncertainty
- Intelligent averaging function minimizes measurement time
- I Versatile measurement functions
- I USBTMC for easy system integration
- Built-in trigger I/O port
- I Sensor status at a glance with status LED
- I Detachable cables for flexible operation
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#### Intelligent, LAN enabled power measurements

- I Almost every sensor available as LAN model
- I Remote monitoring via LAN over any distance
- Power supply via Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- I Built-in web GUI with full power measurement support
- ⊳ page 7

#### R&S®NRPxxS(N) three-path diode power sensors

- I ldeal for universal applications
- 93 dB dynamic range thanks to improved three-path concept
- I Unprecedented measurement speed and accuracy even at low levels
- I More than 50000 readings/s
- 10000 triggered measurements/s
- I Sensors for high-power applications
- ⊳ page 9

#### **R&S®NRP33SN-V TVAC-compliant three-path** diode power sensor

- Specially designed for use in thermal vacuum (TVAC) chambers
- I Outgassing reduced to a minimum
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#### R&S®NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors

- I Outstanding performance for reference applications
- Excellent impedance matching
- Sophisticated connector concept
- Internal calibration test
- ⊳ page 13

#### R&S®NRPxxA(N) EMC average power sensors

- I Specially designed for EMC applications
- ⊳ page 15

## Functions and performance features

#### Fully characterized power sensors

The R&S®NRPxxS(N), R&S®NRPxxT(N) and

R&S®NRPxxA(N) power sensors are immediately ready for use. In contrast to conventional power sensors, no calibration is required prior to making measurements since the sensors are fully characterized over frequency, level and temperature and feature long-term stability. All calibration data is stored in the sensors, so they function as independent measuring instruments. Usually, no zeroing is required. Users can plug in a sensor and simply start measuring.

#### Minimizing measurement uncertainty

Even complex test setups represent no challenge for the R&S®NRPxxS(N), R&S®NRPxxT(N) and R&S®NRPxxA(N) power sensors. Unwanted effects such as cable losses and reflections can be compensated using offset, S-parameter and  $\Gamma$  correction. Offset correction is used to take into account frequency-independent attenuation. S-parameter correction is used to mathematically shift the reference

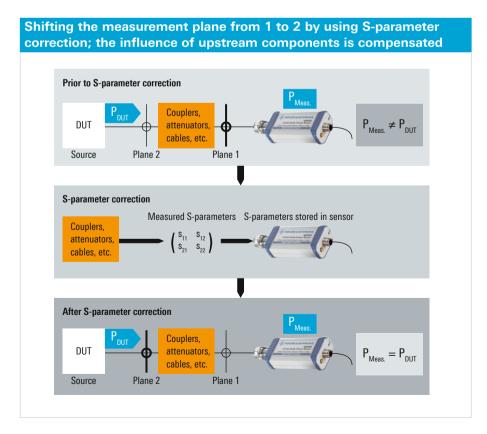
plane to the device under test (DUT) by taking into account the S-parameters for any components connected upstream of the sensor.  $\Gamma$  correction compensates for the effects of impedance mismatch between the source and the power sensor.

## Intelligent averaging function minimizes measurement time

With fixed noise averaging (an enhanced auto averaging function), any measurement can be optimized with respect to measurement time and accuracy. The averaging filter is dynamically set to the optimum averaging value to achieve a user-defined maximum noise content. This helps to minimize measurement time and maximize production throughput for a user-specified accuracy, and to simplify programming of remotely controlled measurement sequences.

#### Versatile measurement functions

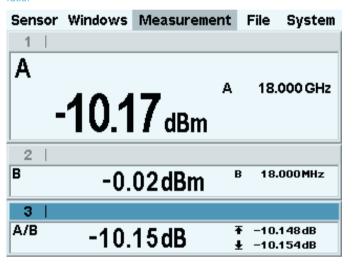
- Continuous average mode: reliable average power measurements on CW and modulated signals
- Burst average mode: burst average power measurements; sensors automatically detect start and end of a burst
- I Trace mode: display of envelope power versus time
- Timeslot mode: timeslot average power measurements on TDMA signals (e.g. GSM/EDGE)
- Time gate mode: average power measurements in up to four independent time gates with user-defined position and length



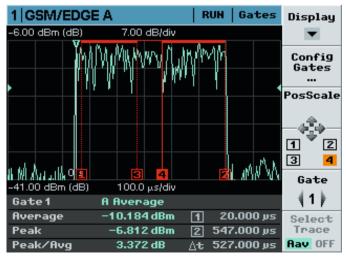
Timeslot measurement of a GSM signal with exclude times at the edges of the timeslot.

1 GSM/EDGE A		RUN	T'Slot	Display
20.00 dBm (dB)	20.0 dB/div			•
		1		Config T'slots 
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				PosScale
				Trigger 
1.550 ms				Slot
-80.00 dBm (dB) <b>Slot 5</b> A	200.0 µs/div Average			(5)
Average	0.074 dBm	<del>ا</del> ۳	2.358 ms	Select
Peak	0.141 dBm	بر 14	2.835 ms	Trace
Peak/Avg	0.067 dB	<u>분</u> 477	sע 000.7	Aav OFF

Numerical display of two continuous average measurements and their ratio



Determination of power of an EDGE burst using an R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxS(N) threepath diode power sensor and the gate function; exclusion of training sequence in the center of the signal.



#### **USBTMC** for easy system integration

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxS(N), R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxT(N) and R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxA(N) power sensors are USBTMC devices and can be easily integrated into automated test setups without having to install additional drivers.

R&S®NRPxxS(N), R&S®NRPxxT(N) and R&S®NRPxxA(N) power sensors can be used to replace R&S®NRP-Zxx legacy power sensors with 100% code compatibility for remote operation.

#### Built-in trigger I/O port

The R&S®NRPxxS(N) power sensors have integrated trigger capability. To measure power levels below the minimum trigger threshold, an external trigger signal is required. Such signals can be conveniently supplied via the built-in trigger port, which can also be used as a trigger source. In the trigger master mode, a trigger signal is derived from the measured signal inside the power sensor and output via the trigger port. This feature can be used to determine the input and output power levels of a power amplifier when the level at the amplifier input is too low for an internally triggered measurement but the level at the amplifier output is sufficiently high. In this case, the R&S®NRPxxS(N) used for measuring the output level acts as the trigger master to trigger the input level measurement.

#### Sensor status at a glance with status LED

A status LED on the sensors allows the sensor status to be viewed from different angles. This is especially advantageous in the case of production racks with many sensors. The LED lights green to indicate error-free measurements. System-related errors, e.g. the absence of a trigger signal, are also indicated by dedicated colors. This allows users to immediately see the operating status of all sensors and quickly respond to problems.

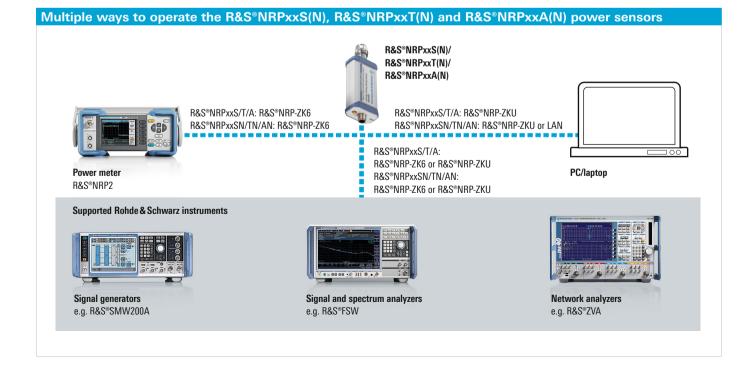
By assigning the same color (RGB value) to a measured trace and the LED of the associated sensor, users can more easily attribute a trace to a specific sensor. This is beneficial when using multiple sensors at the same time.

#### **Detachable cables for flexible operation**

The power sensors come with various, detachable cables for connection to diverse display units. A screw connection is provided on the sensor end to prevent accidental loosening of the cable.

The R&S®NRP-ZKU USB interface cable can be used to connect a power sensor to a laptop/PC via the USB interface. This is an extremely space-saving and also cost-efficient solution that does not require a base unit. Two software tools – R&S®Power Viewer Plus and R&S®NRPV virtual power meter – are available to simplify sensor operation from a laptop/PC. These tools support all measurement functions implemented in the sensors.

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-ZK6 interface cable is intended for operating a power sensor on the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP2 base unit. It can also be used for connecting the power sensor to diverse Rohde & Schwarz signal generators and signal and spectrum analyzers to enhance these instruments with a highperformance power meter.



## Intelligent, LAN enabled power measurements

#### Almost every sensor available as LAN model

Each R&S®NRPxxS three-path diode, each R&S®NRPxxA average and almost every R&S®NRPxxT thermal sensor from the R&S®NRP product range is available as a LAN model (R&S®NRPxxSN, R&S®NRPxxAN, R&S®NRPxxTN). LAN models are equipped with an additional LAN interface without compromising sensor features and performance.

#### Remote monitoring via LAN over any distance

The R&S®NRPxxSN, R&S®NRPxxTN and R&S®NRPxxAN LAN power sensors are ideal for remote monitoring applications, e.g. for satellite systems or particle accelerators, where sensors need to be placed at different points in the system. The LAN interface makes it easy to overcome large distances between the various test points and the control center.

LAN interface, trigger I/O port and detachable cable for the R&S®NRPxxSN sensors.



Operation of R&S®NRPxxSN power sensor via a web browser.



#### Power supply via Power over Ethernet (PoE)

In LAN operation, the sensors are powered via a PoEcapable LAN interface on the power sensor. The LAN used must support the PoE standard, or the sensors are connected to the LAN via a PoE switch (e.g. R&S®NRP-ZAP1).

## Built-in web GUI with full power measurement support

The R&S®NRPxxSN, R&S®NRPxxTN and R&S®NRPxxAN can be operated via a web interface. Using a PC connected to the Internet, the power sensors can be conveniently controlled via a web browser – no additional software needs to be installed.

# browser



## R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxS(N) three-path diode power sensors

R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP50S and R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP50SN three-path diode power sensors.



#### Ideal for universal applications

Three-path diode power sensors are suitable for numerous applications, since they support continuous average, burst average, timeslot average, gate average and trace measurements. Featuring outstanding performance and unprecedented measurement speed and accuracy, the sensors can be used to perform precise average power measurements on wireless signals such as GSM and 3GPP as well as on higher bandwidth signals such as LTE and LTE-Advanced. For detailed analysis, the sensors offer additional measurement functions such as timeslot mode and trace mode with a video bandwidth of 100 kHz.

Offering a frequency range of up to 33 GHz, the R&S®NRP33S(N) is ideal for use in the automotive sector, for example in the development and production of long-range and short-range anti-collision radars (24 GHz). It is also a perfect choice for installation, maintenance and remote monitoring of ground stations for satellite systems (up to 33 GHz).

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP40S(N) and R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP50S(N) are ideal for measurements on microwave link systems operating at frequencies up to 50 GHz. The user benefits from short measurement times and the sensors' wide dynamic range.

#### 93 dB dynamic range thanks to improved threepath concept

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxS(N) power sensors use three separate diode paths, each operated in the optimum detector range. As a result, the average power can be determined with high accuracy independent of the modulation type. Measurement results are hardly affected by interfering signals or harmonics. The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxS(N) power sensors therefore behave in a way similar to thermal power sensors but offer significantly higher speed. They provide up to 93 dB dynamic range with an excellent lower measurement limit of –70 dBm.

Sensor type	Frequency range	Level range	Connector type
R&S®NRP8S(N)	10 MHz to 8 GHz	–70 dBm to +23 dBm	N (m)
R&S®NRP18S(N)	10 MHz to 18 GHz	-70 dBm to +23 dBm	N (m)
R&S®NRP33S(N)	10 MHz to 33 GHz	-70 dBm to +23 dBm	3.5 mm (m)
R&S®NRP40S(N)	50 MHz to 40 GHz	-70 dBm to +20 dBm	2.92 mm (m)
R&S®NRP50S(N)	50 MHz to 50 GHz	-70 dBm to +20 dBm	2.4 mm (m)
R&S®NRP18S-10	10 MHz to 18 GHz	-60 dBm to +33 dBm	N (m)
R&S®NRP18S-20	10 MHz to 18 GHz	-50 dBm to +42 dBm	N (m)
R&S®NRP18S-25	10 MHz to 18 GHz	–45 dBm to +45 dBm	N (m)

In contrast to conventional multipath technology, adjacent diode paths in the R&S®NRPxxS(N) power sensors overlap by 6 dB. All paths are continuously and simultaneously measured. The final measurement result is achieved by appropriately weighting the measurement results of all paths. This innovative approach ensures a smooth transition between measurement paths. Problems due to hard switching between the measurement paths, such as hysteresis effects, additional measurement delays and differential nonlinearity, are eliminated. The patented sensor architecture also improves the signal-to-noise ratio and increases measurement speed in the transition region.

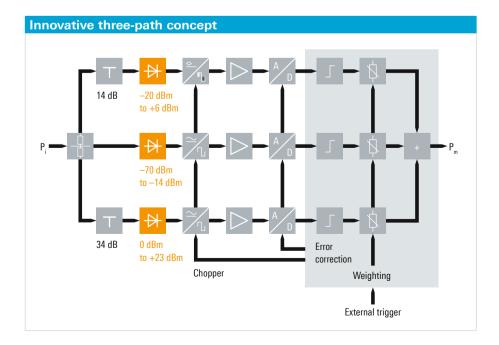
### Unprecedented measurement speed and accuracy even at low levels

The measurement speed is not only a function of the sampling rate. It depends to a substantial degree on the level to be measured and the desired measurement accuracy. To increase measurement accuracy, especially at low levels, it is necessary to average multiple measured values. While averaging reduces the noise component and thus increases measurement accuracy, it slows down the measurement at the same time. The R&S®NRPxxS(N) power sensors have therefore been designed with an extremely low measurement noise in mind. As a basic rule, it can be said that a 50% reduction in the measurement noise will reduce the measurement time by a factor of four while maintaining the same accuracy.

With a typical measurement noise of 20 pW, the R&S®NRPxxS(N) power sensors can perform measurements down to a lower limit of –70 dBm with the highest speed and accuracy currently available on the market.

#### More than 50000 readings/s

With more than 50000 readings/s in fast continuous average mode, the R&S®NRPxxS(N) power sensors are currently the fastest sensors on the market. In buffered mode, they can transmit up to 8192 measured values per block with a minimum aperture of 10 µs. This corresponds to a continuous acquisition time of 81.92 ms. Any sporadic interference will be reliably detected.



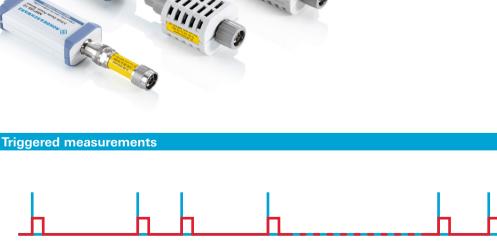
#### 10000 triggered measurements/s

In fast continuous average mode, the R&S®NRPxxS(N) power sensors are able to perform up to 10000 triggered measurements/s with a minimum trigger repetition time of 100 µs without losing any measurement. This measurement speed can be achieved by using the buffered mode. In buffered mode, all measured data is collected inside the sensor and transmitted in one block to the sensor's host. By exploiting the maximum buffer size, the R&S®NRPxxS(N) sensors are able to collect measured data for up to 8192 triggered measurements within 0.81 s.

#### **Sensors for high-power applications**

The R&S®NRP18S-10, R&S®NRP18S-20 and R&S®NRP18S-25 high-power three-path diode power sensors consist of an R&S®NRP18S and a 10/20/25 dB upstream attenuator and are able to perform power measurements up to 2 W, 15 W and 30 W.

When used with the attenuator, mismatch errors between the sensor and attenuator are automatically corrected. The S-parameters for the attenuator are determined and stored in the sensor during production. They are then automatically taken into account when performing measurements.



R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP18S-10, R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP18S-20 and R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP18S-25 high-power three-path diode power sensors for high-power applications up to 30 W.



# R&S®NRP33SN-V TVAC-compliant three-path diode power sensor



## Specially designed for use in thermal vacuum (TVAC) chambers

In the satellite sector, components, subsystems and entire satellites must be qualified in a thermal vacuum (TVAC) before they can be used in space. This increasingly requires highly accurate, reliable power measurements directly on the DUT, i.e. in a TVAC chamber. Power sensors must therefore not only function in a high vacuum but also be able to withstand certain temperature fluctuations.

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP33SN-V TVAC-compliant power sensor is specially designed for these requirements. All components are baked in a vacuum chamber during the production process, so outgassing is reduced to a minimum. Venting holes in the housing ensure pressure equalization between the inside of the sensor and the environment.

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP33SN-V TVAC-compliant power sensor covers the satellite communications frequency range up to 33 GHz and allows fast, highly accurate power measurements over a dynamic range of 93 dB, independent of signal bandwidth and modulation type. Thanks to their LAN capability, the power sensors can be easily controlled and monitored from outside the chamber.

Sensor type	Frequency range	Level range	Connector type
R&S®NRP33SN-V	10 MHz to 33 GHz	–70 dBm to +23 dBm	3.5 mm (m)

## R&S®NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors



## Outstanding performance for reference applications

Thermal power sensors are especially used for complex measurement tasks where highest accuracy counts. They tolerate any type of modulation. To improve measurement accuracy, the hardware of the R&S®NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors is designed to reduce measurement noise to a minimum and to make the sensor immune to thermal environmental effects. To achieve stable measurement results, the temperature in the thermal test cell must correspond to the applied power. When the power is increased, the sophisticated measurement cell of the R&S®NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors quickly attains a stable temperature. When the power level is decreased, the excess heat is dissipated extremely quickly. Thus, thermal power sensors from Rohde&Schwarz are able to measure three times faster than comparable solutions on the market with triggered measurements and > 500 measurements/s in buffered mode - with top accuracy.

The R&S<sup>®</sup>NRPxxT(N) thermal power sensors feature an unparalleled linearity of 0.007 dB (0.16%) up to 67 GHz and 0.010 dB (0.23%) between 67 GHz and 110 GHz, making them the ideal choice for performing relative measurements.

These sensor characteristics are particularly beneficial in reference applications and calibration labs.

#### **Excellent impedance matching**

To a large extent, measurement uncertainty results from multiple reflections at the source and power sensor caused by mismatch. To minimize these reflections, all thermal power sensors in the R&S®NRP family are excellently matched up to high frequencies, reducing measurement uncertainty.

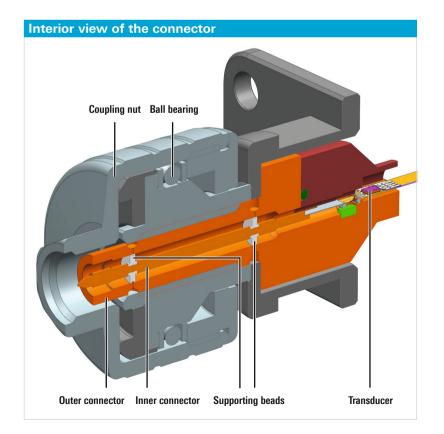
Sensor type	Frequency range	Level range	Connector type
R&S®NRP18T(N)	DC to 18 GHz	–35 dBm to +20 dBm	N (m)
R&S®NRP33T(N)	DC to 33 GHz	–35 dBm to +20 dBm	3.5 mm (m)
R&S®NRP40T(N)	DC to 40 GHz	–35 dBm to +20 dBm	2.92 mm (m)
R&S®NRP50T(N)	DC to 50 GHz	-35 dBm to +20 dBm	2.4 mm (m)
R&S®NRP67T(N)	DC to 67 GHz	-35 dBm to +20 dBm	1.85 mm (m)
R&S®NRP110T	DC to 110 GHz	–35 dBm to +20 dBm	1 mm (m)

#### Sophisticated connector concept

Thanks to the innovative connector design, the sensor can be easily screw-connected to the signal source to be measured. A ball bearing in the coupling nut ensures that only the coupling nut has to be turned to tighten the sensor. The sensor body stays fixed in the required position. Contrary to conventional connecting screws, the outer conductors of the sensor and DUT are not turned relative to each other and so their mating surfaces do not rub together. This reduces wear and enhances reproducibility of measurements. The connector concept contributes to high measurement accuracy.

#### Internal calibration test

Rohde & Schwarz has implemented a special verification function in the R&S®NRPxxT(N) sensors. This function covers all essential components of the signal path. Using a test routine, the sensor's response to a highly stable applied DC power is measured and compared against the value stored during the previous calibration. The result provides information about the functionality and accuracy of the power sensor.



## R&S®NRPxxA(N) EMC average power sensors



#### Specially designed for EMC applications

In EMC applications, usually only the average power is of interest. This is where the R&S®NRPxxA(N) average power sensors are the perfect fit. They cover measurement ranges that are used in radio telecommunications as well as the important lower frequency bands down to 8 kHz. Users benefit from the excellent properties of the threepath diode power sensors, including a dynamic range of up to 93 dB, very low influence of the modulation on the measurement and outstanding impedance matching.

Sensor type	Frequency range	Level range	Connector type
R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP6A(N)	8 kHz to 6 GHz	–70 dBm to +23 dBm	N (m)
R&S®NRP18A(N)	8 kHz to 18 GHz	-70 dBm to +23 dBm	N (m)

# **Specifications in brief**

Sensor type, connector type	Frequency range	Power measurement range	Impedance matching (	SWR)	Rise time, video bandwidth	Uncertainty for p ments at +20°C	
						absolute (in dB)	relative (in dB)
Three-path diode	power sensors						
R&S®NRP8S(N) N (m)	10 MHz to 8 GHz	100 pW to 200 mW (–70 dBm to +23 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz:	< 1.13 < 1.20		0.053 to 0.065	0.022 to 0.050
R&S®NRP18S(N) N (m)	10 MHz to 18 GHz	100 pW to 200 mW (-70 dBm to +23 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz:	< 1.13 < 1.20 < 1.25		0.053 to 0.094	0.022 to 0.069
R&S®NRP33S(N) 3.5 mm (m)	10 MHz to 33 GHz	100 pW to 200 mW (–70 dBm to +23 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz:	< 1.30		0.053 to 0.134	0.022 to 0.136
R&S®NRP40S(N) 2.92 mm (m)	50 MHz to 40 GHz	100 pW to 100 mW (–70 dBm to +20 dBm)	50 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz: > 33 GHz to 40.0 GHz:	< 1.30 < 1.35	< 5 µs > 100 kHz	0.073 to 0.138	0.028 to 0.142
R&S®NRP50S(N) 2.4 mm (m)	50 MHz to 50 GHz	100 pW to 100 mW (–70 dBm to +20 dBm)	50 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz: > 33 GHz to 40.0 GHz: > 40 GHz to 50.0 GHz:	< 1.30 < 1.35		0.073 to 0.183	0.028 to 0.184
High-power three	e-path diode power	sensor					
R&S°NRP18S-10 N (m)	10 MHz to 18 GHz	1 nW to 2 W (–60 dBm to +33 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz:			0.083 to 0.198	0.022 to 0.087
R&S®NRP18S-20 N (m)	10 MHz to 18 GHz	10 nW to 15 W (-50 dBm to +42 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz:		< 5 µs > 100 kHz	0.083 to 0.198	0.022 to 0.087
R&S®NRP18S-25 N (m)	10 MHz to 18 GHz	30 nW to 30 W (–45 dBm to +45 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz:			0.083 to 0.219	0.022 to 0.087
TVAC-compliant	three-path diode po	ower sensor					
R&S®NRP33SN-V 3.5 mm (m)	10 MHz to 33 GHz	100 pW to 200 mW (–70 dBm to +23 dBm)	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz:	< 1.30	< 5 μs > 100 kHz	0.053 to 0.134	0.022 to 0.136

Specification	s in brief					
Sensor type, connector type	Frequency range	Power measurement range	Impedance matching (SWR)	Rise time, video bandwidth	Uncertainty for p ments at +20°C	
					absolute (in dB)	relative (in dB)
Thermal power s	ensors					
R&S®NRP18T(N) N (m)	DC to 18 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (-35 dBm to +20 dBm)	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16		0.040 to 0.082	0.010
R&S®NRP33T(N) 3.5 mm (m)	DC to 33 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (-35 dBm to +20 dBm)	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz: < 1.28		0.040 to 0.101	0.010
R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP40T(N) 2.92 mm (m)	DC to 40 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (-35 dBm to +20 dBm)	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.28		0.040 to 0.108	0.010
R&S®NRP50T(N) 2.4 mm (m)	DC to 50 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (-35 dBm to +20 dBm)	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.28 > 40.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz: < 1.30	-	0.040 to 0.143	0.010
R&S®NRP67T(N) 1.85 mm (m)	DC to 67 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (-35 dBm to +20 dBm)	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.26 > 40.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz: < 1.36 > 50.0 GHz to 67.0 GHz: < 1.35		0.040 to 0.248	0.010
R&S®NRP110T 1 mm (m)	DC to 110 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (-35 dBm to +20 dBm)	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.05 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.16 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.26 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.36 > 40.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz: < 1.46 > 50.0 GHz to 80.0 GHz: < 1.66 > 80.0 GHz to 95.0 GHz: < 1.66 > 95.0 GHz to 110 GHz: < 1.70		0.040 to 0.318	0.014
Average power s	ensors					
R&S®NRP6A(N) N (m)	8 kHz to 6 GHz	100 pW to 200 mW (–70 dBm to +23 dBm)	8 kHz to < 20 kHz: < 1.25 20 kHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 6 GHz: < 1.20		0.051 to 0.056	0.022 to 0.050
R&S°NRP18A(N) N (m)	8 kHz to 18 GHz	100 pW to 200 mW (–70 dBm to +23 dBm)	8 kHz to < 20 kHz:	-	0.051 to 0.094	0.022 to 0.069

# **Ordering information**

Designation	Туре	Order No.
Three-Path Diode Power Sensor		
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 8 GHz	R&S®NRP8S	1419.0006.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 8 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP8SN	1419.0012.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP18S	1419.0029.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 18 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP18SN	1419.0035.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 33 GHz	R&S®NRP33S	1419.0064.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 33 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP33SN	1419.0070.02
100 pW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 40 GHz	R&S®NRP40S	1419.0041.02
100 pW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 40 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP40SN	1419.0058.02
100 pW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 50 GHz	R&S®NRP50S	1419.0087.02
100 pW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 50 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP50SN	1419.0093.02
High-Power Three-Path Diode Power Sensor		
1 nW to 2 W, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP18S-10	1424.6721.02
10 nW to 15 W, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP18S-20	1424.6738.02
30 nW to 30 W, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP18S-25	1424.6744.02
TVAC-Compliant Three-Path Diode Power Sensor		
100 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 33 GHz, LAN version, TVAC-compliant	R&S®NRP33SN-V	1419.0129.02
Thermal Power Sensors		
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP18T	1424.6115.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 18 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP18TN	1424.6121.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 33 GHz	R&S®NRP33T	1424.6138.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 33 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP33TN	1424.6144.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 40 GHz	R&S®NRP40T	1424.6150.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 40 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP40TN	1424.6167.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 50 GHz	R&S®NRP50T	1424.6173.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 50 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP50TN	1424.6180.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 67 GHz	R&S®NRP67T	1424.6196.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 67 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP67TN	1424.6209.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 110 GHz	R&S®NRP110T	1424.6215.02
Average Power Sensors		
100 pW to 200 mW, 8 kHz to 6 GHz	R&S®NRP6A	1424.6796.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 8 kHz to 6 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP6AN	1424.6809.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 8 kHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP18A	1424.6815.02
100 pW to 200 mW, 8 kHz to 18 GHz, LAN version	R&S®NRP18AN	1424.6821.02
Accessories (cables, additional equipment, etc.)		
USB Interface Cable, length: 0.75 m	R&S®NRP-ZKU	1419.0658.02
USB Interface Cable, length: 1.5 m	R&S®NRP-ZKU	1419.0658.03
USB Interface Cable, length: 3 m	R&S®NRP-ZKU	1419.0658.04
USB Interface Cable, length: 5 m	R&S®NRP-ZKU	1419.0658.05
Six-Pole Interface Cable, length: 1.5 m	R&S®NRP-ZK6	1419.0664.02
Six-Pole Interface Cable, length: 3 m	R&S®NRP-ZK6	1419.0664.03
Six-Pole Interface Cable, length: 5 m	R&S®NRP-ZK6	1419.0664.04
Sensor Hub	R&S®NRP-Z5	1146.7740.02
Power over Ethernet (PoE) Switch	R&S®NRP-ZAP1	1419.0829.00
Documentation		
Documentation of Calibration Values	R&S <sup>®</sup> DCV-1	0240.2187.06
Printout of DCV (in combination with DCV only)	R&S®DCV-ZP	1173.6506.02
Accredited Calibration, for R&S®NRPxxS(N), R&S®NRPxxT(N) and	R&S®NRP-ACA	1419.0812.00
R&S®NRPxxA(N) power sensors		1710.0012.00

Warranty		
Power sensors and R&S®NRP-Z5		3 years
All other items		1 year
Options		
Extended Warranty, one year	R&S®WE1	Please contact your local
Extended Warranty, two years	R&S®WE2	Rohde&Schwarz sales office.
Extended Warranty with Calibration Coverage, one year	R&S <sup>®</sup> CW1	
Extended Warranty with Calibration Coverage, two years	R&S <sup>®</sup> CW2	

#### For data sheet, see PD 3607.0852.22 and www.rohde-schwarz.com

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The Rohde&Schwarz electronics group offers innovative solutions in the following business fields: test and measurement, broadcast and media, secure communications, cybersecurity, radiomonitoring and radiolocation. Founded more than 80 years ago, the independent company which is headquartered in Munich, Germany, has an extensive sales and service network with locations in more than 70 countries.

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- I Energy efficiency and low emissions
- Longevity and optimized total cost of ownership



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