

## 72-2600

#### **Operating Manual**



#### **Modern Digital Multimeters**

#### I .Introduction

72-2600 are 20000-count handheld digital multimeters with remarkably stable and reliable operations. They are mainly supported with dual integral A/D converter based on CMOS technique and also offer overload protection for all ranges. These models can measure DC&AC voltage, DC&AC current, resistance, capacitance, diode, frequency and continuity

#### **II** .Safety Information

72-2600 is designed and manufactured in compliance with: IEC61010-1, CAT III 600V overvoltage standards.

### ▲ Warnings

Use the meter as specified in the manual , otherwise the protection offered by the Multimeter may be impaired.

- Do not use the Multimeter with back cover opened, it may cause electric shock
- Set to a proper range for your measurement. Check the test leads for any damaged insulation or broken wires.
   Insert red and black test leads into proper input terminals and ensure
- good contact between them. Do not input signal beyond the rated values of the Multimeter,
- otherwise it may cause electric shock or damage to the Multimeter.

  Prohibit switching the range during the voltage or current
- measurement, for it may cause damage to the Multimeter.

   Please use replacement parts with the same model or similar electrical
- specifications To avoid electric shock, Do not apply any voltage above 600V
- between COM and grounding.

   Please take caution when working voltage goes above 60VDC or 30VAC RMS.
- To ensure the accuracy, please replace the batteries as soon as
- Shut off the power timely after the measurements complete. Take out
- the batteries if not used for a long time.

  Do not use the Multimeter in places exposed to high temperature, high moisture. The performance of the Multimeter may be compromised i
- moisture-affected. • To prevent damage to the Multimeter or personal injury, do not alter internal wiring randomly.
- Clean the Multimeter casing with slightly damped soft cloth and mild agent. Do not use any abrasives and corrosives.
- Please chech whether the instrument is in good conditionbefore use, such as test the voltage which is known and confirm the readings are
- CAT III: Measurement category III is for measurements performed in the building installation. Examples are measurements on distribution boards, circuit-breakers, wiring, including cables, bus-bars, junction boxes, switches, socket-outlets in the fixed installation, and equipment for industrial use and some other equipment, for example, stationary motors with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

only use test lead complied with IEC 61010-031, rated CAT III 600V 10A



Conforms to UL STD. 61010-1, 61010-2-030, 61010-2-033, Certified to CSA STD. C22.2 NO. 61010-1, 61010-2-030, IEC STD 61010-2-033

**International Electrical Symbols** 

ij.	Low Battery Indication	+	Earth (ground) TERMINAL			
₽	Caution	==	Direct current			
1	Alternating current		Equipment protected throughout by DOUBLE INSULATION or REINFORCED INSULATION			
• **) Buzzer		*	Diode			
CE	Conforms to Furonean Union Standards					

## **■ Product Features**

- 1. 30 ranges for function selection;
- 2. Over-range display: "1" 3. Display count: 19999;
- 4. Fast-acting fuse protection for current ranges: 200mA and 10A;
- 5. Full-range overload protection; 6. Auto power off;
- 7. Temperature range:
  - Operating:  $0^{\circ}$  ~  $40^{\circ}$  ( $32^{\circ}$  ~  $104^{\circ}$ ); Storage:  $-10^{\circ}$  ~  $50^{\circ}$  ( $14^{\circ}$  ~  $122^{\circ}$ );
- 8. Altitude: ≤ 2,000m;
- Low Battery Indication: "⊞" displays; 10 Dimensions: 186×91×39mm;
- 11. Weight: About 300g (not including test leads).

# **IV** .Technical Specifications

Accuracy:  $\pm$  (  $\alpha$  % of reading + b digits ); Warranty period is 1 year; Ambient temperature: 23 °C ±5 °C Relative humidity: <75%

#### **DC Voltage**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
200mV	10 µ V	$\pm$ (0.05%rdg+3digits)	
2V	100 µ V		
20V	1mV	$\pm$ (0.1%rdg+3digits)	
200V	10mV		
600 V	100mV	$\pm$ (0.15%rdg+5digits)	

 $\triangle$  Input impedance: 10M  $\Omega$  for all ranges;

Overload protection: 600 V DC or AC RMS value for 200mV range and 600Vrms or 850Vp-p peak value for other ranges

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Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
200mV	10 µ V	$\pm$ (0.8%rdg+10digits)	
2V 100 μ V		$\pm$ (0.5%rdg+10digits)	
20V	1mV	$\pm$ (0.6%rdg+10digits)	
200V	10mV		
600V 100mV		$\pm$ (0.8%rdg+15digits)	

 $\triangle$  Input impedance: 10M Ω for all ranges;

AC voltage frequency range: 40Hz-400HZ;

Overload protection: 600 V DC or AC RMS value for 200mV range and 600Vrms or 850Vp-p peak value for other ranges; Display: Effective average value

#### **DC Current**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
2mA	0.1 μ A	$\pm$ (0.5%rdg+5digits)	
20mA	1 μ A		
200mA	10 µ A	$\pm$ (0.8%rdg+5digits)	
10A	1mA	$\pm$ (2%rdg+10digits)	

⚠ Overload protection: uA, mA input: 500mA /600V Φ 6 x 32 mm A input end: 10A/600V Φ 6 x 32 mm

Maximum input current: 10A (For current over 5A, measuring time shall not exceed 15 seconds)

Measured voltage drop: 200mV for full range

## **AC Current**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
2mA	0.1 μ A	$\pm$ (0.8%rdg+10digits)	
20mA	1 μ <b>A</b>		
200mA	10 µ A	$\pm$ (1.2%rdg+10digits)	
10A	1mA	$\pm$ (2.5%rdg+10digits)	

#### ▲ Overload protection:

uA, mA input: 500mA /600V Ф 6 × 32 mm A input end: 10A/600V Φ 6 x 32 mm

Maximum input current: 10A (For current over 5A, continuous measurement less than 10 seconds at an interval more than 15 minutes.)

Measured voltage drop: 200mV for full range

AC current frequency range: 40-400Hz;

Display: True RMS value; (Waveform coefficient is not more than 5.) Resistance

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Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
200 Ω	0.01 Ω	$\pm$ (0.5%rdg+10digits)	
2k Ω 0.1 Ω		$\pm$ (0.3 %rdg+3digits)	
20k Ω	1Ω		
200k Ω	10 Ω	$\pm$ (0.3 %rdg+1digits)	
<b>2M</b> Ω	100 Ω		
20M Ω	1k Ω	$\pm$ (0.5%rdg+1digits)	

#### ▲Overload protection:

600 V DC or AC RMS for all ranges;

Open circuit voltage: About 3V (for 200Ω range);

Note: please short-circuit the test leads when using 200  $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$  range to measure, and subtract this shorted value from all subsequent measured values so as to obtain accurate reading

#### Capacitance

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
20nF	1pF		
200nF 10pF		$\pm$ (4.0%rdg+20digits)	
2μF	100pF	_ (4.0 % dg + 20 digits)	
20 µ F	1nF		

Testing signal is about 400Hz 40mVrms.

#### ⚠ Overload protection:

uA, mA to V terminal input:  $500mA/600V \Phi 6 \times 32 mm$ 

### Frequency

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Range	Resolution	Accuracy			
20kHz	1Hz	$\pm$ (1.5%rdg+5digits)			
Input sensitivity: <200m\/rms: The maximum input amplitude<30					

Overload protection: 600 Vrms:

# **Diode and Continuity**

Range	Instructions	Testing conditions
<b>→</b> +	Display approximate value of forward voltage drop for diode	Positive DC current is about 1mA and reverse DC voltage is about 2.8V.
• 1))	If resistance≤30Ω, the buzzer sounds; Display approximate kΩ value.	Open circuit voltage is about 3.0V.
Δ	I I II 0001/100 40	ec v

⚠ Overload protection: 600V DC or AC effective value;

## **V** .Making Measurements

Notice before operation

(1) Power on the Multimeter and inspect 9V battery. Replace the battery if " - " displays. If not, proceed into next step.

# 1 Figure 1

- (2) Pay attention to rated voltage or current value next to " 

  near input terminals, any input that go beyond the rating may damage the
- (3) Function switch shall be placed in required range before test;
- (4) Instrument introduction ① LCD display
- 2 POWER button
- ③ HOLD button
- 4) Function switch ⑤ Input jack

# **DC Current**

- 1. Insert test leads into input jacks(Red to V and black to COM). 2. Set the function switch to V = range; Connect test leads to the wire
- under test in parallel, and the positive polarity of the test end will indicate

Notice

- 1. Set to the maximum range and reduce it gradually if the measured voltage is unknown
- 2. If "1" displays on LCD, it indicates over-range, please select a higher range for your measurement.
- 3. " indicates not to input voltage higher than 600 V, which may cause damage to the Multimeter or personal injury although the reading
- 4. Extreme care should be taken to avoid electric shock when measuring high voltage.

# Measuring AC Voltage

1. Please refer to "Notice" for DC voltage.

- 1. Insert black test lead into COM jack and insert red one into V jack; 2. Place function switch at V~ range scope and then connect test leads to measurement wires in parallel.
- "A" refers to input voltage being not more than 600 V. The higher voltage is possible, but it may cause damage to internal wires and electric shock.

#### 3. Input value shall be 10% higher than selected range to guarantee high testing precision **Measuring DC Current**

- 1. Insert black test lead into COM jack and insert red one into mA jack if measured current is not more than 200mA. Insert the red test lead into 10A jack if measured current is between 200mA and 10A
- 2. Place function switch at A == range and then connect testing leads to measurement loop in series. It will dispaly current and polarity of red test lead at the same time.

- 1. Set to the maximum range and reduce it gradually if the measured
- 2. If "1" displays on LCD, it indicates over-range, please select a higher range for your measurement

3. " \( \Lambda \) " indicates the maximum input current. mA input is protected by 500mA/600V fuse; 10A/600V fuse is used to protect 10A range.

# Measuring AC Current

Measuring Resistance

- 1. Insert black test lead into COM jack and insert red one into mA jack if measured current is not more than 200mA. insert red test lead into
- 10A jack if measured current is between 200mA and 10A. 2. Place function switch at A~ range and connect testing leads to measurement loop in series.

# **⚠** Notice

- 1. Please refer to "Notice" for DC current measurement.
- 2. Input value shall be 10 higher than selected range to guarantee high testing precision

#### 1. Insert black test lead into COM jack and insert red one into $\Omega$ jack. 2. Place function switch at $\,\Omega\,$ range and connect testing leads to measurement loop in series.

1. Over-range of "1" will be displayed if measured resistance exceeds the maximum value of selected range. It is necessary to select higher range and reading cannot be stable until several seconds for resistance of more than  $1M\Omega$ . It is normal for high-resistance reading.

3. Be sure to power off measured wires and discharge capacitance load

2. Instrument displays "1" if there is no input for open circuit, etc.

- when inspecting wire impedance.
- **Measuring Capacitance** . Insert the tested capacitor directly into capacitance jacks(without need
- 2. The floating reading exists every time you switch to another capacitance range and reset to zero before connecting to a tested capacitor, which however will have no impact on the accuracy
- 1. Discharge the tested capacitor before measurement, although the capacitance ranges are protected internally, it may also cause damage 2. Reading stabilizing period is required when measuring large capacitance;

1. Insert red test leads into HZ jack and insert black one into COM jack;

## 2. Place function switch at kHZ range and connect test leads to frequency signal in series. Frequency value can be read from display directly.

**⚠** Note The accuracy cannot be ensured if input signal voltage is higher than

# 30Vrms, and please take extreme care **Testing Diodes and Continuity**

3.Unit: 1pF=10-6  $\mu$  F,1nF=10-3  $\mu$  F

Measuring Frequency

- 1.Insert black test lead into COM jack and insert red one into V  $\!\Omega$  jack gear and connect test leads to measured diode. Reading is approximate
- 2. Connect test leads to 2 ends of measurement wires; Embedded buzzer rings if resistance between 2 ends is less than 30  $\Omega$

- 1. Press HOLD button to realize such function; 2. Whether the test leads are disconnected or not will not influence Data Hold function

# **Auto Power Off**

1. The Multimeter is designed with automatic power-off circuit to power off after instrument operates for about 15 minutes and enter into sleeping status;

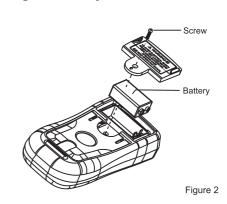


#### Press POWER button twice to wake up the Multimeter from the sleep mode.

**VI.** Maintenance ⚠ This kind of Multimeter belongs to precise electronic instruments. Please do not alter wires randomly and pay attention to

- 1. Do not access to voltage which is higher than 600VDC or 600Vrms AC.
- 2.Do not access to voltage signals when function switch is in position of "current ranges", "Ω" and "→ \...")" 3.Please do not use this meter before installing battery or tightening rear
- 4.Battery or fuse cannot be replaced until removing test leads and power

# **Ⅲ.Replacing the Battery**



1 pc

1 pair



M. Accessories

2. Test Leads

1. User's Manual

Conforms to UL STD. 61010-1, 61010-2-030, 61010-2-032, 61010-2-033, Certified to CSA STD. C22.2 NO. 61010-1, 61010-2-030, IEC STD 61010-2-032, IEC STD 61010-2-033

Tenma Test Equipment 405 S. Pioneer Blvd. Springboro,Oh www.tenma.com

# 说明书菲林做货要求:

序号	项	目	内容				
1	尺	र्ग	展开尺寸: 276X240mm 折叠尺寸: 92X120mm				
2	材	质	60g书纸				
3	颜	色	单黑印刷				
4	外观	要求	印字完整清	晰、版面整洁,	无斑墨、残績	缺破损、毛边、装钉不齐等缺陷。	
5	5 装订方式 按折叠线折叠						
6	表面	处理	无	无			
7	7 修改						
8	RE	EV.	1				
DV 设 Ch				MODEL 机型:		Part NO. 物料编号:	
审 APF	核 PRO. 准			UNI-	【	惠科技(中国)有限公司 ND TECHNOLOGY (CHINA) LIMITED	