

## Multicomp Polyurethane Resin, Part A

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product name** Multicomp Polyurethane Resin, Part A  
**Product number** MC002570, ZP

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Resin.  
**Uses advised against** No specific uses advised against are identified.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Premier Farnell plc  
150 Armley Road  
Leeds  
LS12 2QQ  
+44 (0) 870 129 8608

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 1865 407333

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (EC 1272/2008)

**Physical hazards** Not Classified  
**Health hazards** Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Sens. 1 - H317  
**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Pictogram



**Signal word** Warning

**Hazard statements** H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statements** P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.  
P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.  
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

**Contains** Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated, Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

**Supplementary precautionary statements** P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Mixtures

#### Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated

30-60%

CAS number: 25322-69-4      EC number: 500-039-8

#### Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

#### Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

<1%

CAS number: 1065336-91-5      EC number: 915-687-0

REACH registration number: 01-2119491304-40-XXXX

M factor (Acute) = 1

M factor (Chronic) = 1

#### Classification

Skin Sens. 1A - H317

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

#### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

<1%

CAS number: 107-98-2      EC number: 203-539-1

REACH registration number: 01-2119457435-35-XXXX

#### Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

STOT SE 3 - H336

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

#### Inhalation

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
<b>Skin contact</b>	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	May cause temporary eye irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Notes for the doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<b>Specific hazards</b>	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic.
<b>Hazardous combustion products</b>	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

### Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

### Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

#### Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

### 6.3. Reference to other sections

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

#### Storage class

Chemical storage.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

#### Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 150 ppm 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Viscous liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	Colourless.
<b>Odour</b>	Characteristic.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point</b>	< 0°C/32°F
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not available.

<b>Vapour pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	1.033 @ 20°C/68°F
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not considered to be explosive.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

## 9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** No potentially hazardous reactions known.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

**Materials to avoid** No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 1,126.13

#### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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<b>Acute toxicity - inhalation</b>	
<b>Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	
<b>Animal data</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	May cause temporary eye irritation.
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
<b>Target organs</b>	No specific target organs known.
<b>Medical considerations</b>	Skin disorders and allergies.

## Toxicological information on ingredients.

### Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated

#### Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

#### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub>mg/kg) Irritating to skin.

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,230.0

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## 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

### Acute toxicity - oral

**Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub>mg/kg)** Irritation of eyes is assumed.  
**Species** Rat  
**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** LD<sub>50</sub> 3739 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  
**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 3,739.0

### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** LD<sub>50</sub>>2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data** Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** NOEL 3000 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** Two-generation study - NOAEL 1000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat F1 REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity - development**

Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 1500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. REACH dossier information.  
**Target organs** Central nervous system Brain

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** NOAEL 919 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

## Tetramethyl orthosilicate

### Acute toxicity - inhalation

**ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)** 0.05

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

### Ecological information on ingredients.

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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## Ecological information on ingredients.

Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

### Acute aquatic toxicity

**LE(C)<sub>50</sub>** 0.1 < L(E)C<sub>50</sub> ≤ 1

**M factor (Acute)** 1

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

**M factor (Chronic)** 1

#### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

### Acute aquatic toxicity

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 20800 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) REACH dossier information.

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 21100 mg/l, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.

**Acute toxicity - aquatic plants** EC<sub>50</sub>, 7 days: >1000 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum REACH dossier information.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

#### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

**Persistence and degradability** The substance is readily biodegradable.

**Phototransformation** Water - DT<sub>50</sub> : 3.1 hours REACH dossier information.

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation 96%: 28 days REACH dossier information.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** Not available.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

#### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** log Pow: <1 REACH dossier information.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** Mobile.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

#### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

**Mobility** Mobile.

**Surface tension** 70.7 mN/m @ 20°C

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### Ecological information on ingredients.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects                      None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).
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### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

### Transport labels

No transport warning sign required.

### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to  
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78  
and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).  
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment  
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].  
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18  
December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of  
Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).  
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.  
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16  
December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures  
(as amended).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

##### EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by  
Road.  
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by  
Inland Waterways.  
RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by  
Rail.  
IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.  
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.  
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.  
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.  
LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population.  
LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).  
EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.  
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.  
vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

### Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity  
Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

**Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008**

**Hazard statements in full**

Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method.  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Multicomp Polyurethane Resin, Part B

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product name** Multicomp Polyurethane Resin, Part B  
**Product number** MC002570, ZP

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Hardener.  
**Uses advised against** No specific uses advised against are identified.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Premier Farnell plc  
150 Armley Road  
Leeds  
LS12 2QQ  
+44 (0) 870 129 8608

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 1865 407333

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification (EC 1272/2008)**

**Physical hazards** Not Classified  
**Health hazards** Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335  
**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

#### 2.2. Label elements

**Pictogram**



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statements</b>	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
<b>Contains</b>	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
<b>Supplementary precautionary statements</b>	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Mixtures

#### Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

60-100%

CAS number: 28182-81-2

EC number: 500-060-2

REACH registration number: 01-2119485796-17-XXXX

#### Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Skin Sens. 1 - H317

STOT SE 3 - H335

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

#### Inhalation

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If

vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

**Skin contact**

It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

**Eye contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

**Protection of first aiders**

First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****General information**

See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation**

A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.

**Ingestion**

May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

**Skin contact**

May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

**Eye contact**

May cause temporary eye irritation.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed****Notes for the doctor**

Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1. Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing media**

The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic.

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

## Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations.

The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

**Storage class** Toxic storage.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

NA

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	Colourless to pale yellow.
<b>Odour</b>	No characteristic odour.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point</b>	<-20°C/<-4°F

<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	>150°C/302°F @ 1.33 hPa
<b>Flash point</b>	> 160°C / 320°F Method: Closed cup.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour density</b>	Not available.
<b>Bulk density</b>	1.13 kg/l
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Soluble in the following materials: Ketones. Esters. Aromatic solvents.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	600 mPa s @ 25°C/77°F
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not considered to be explosive.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

## 9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** No potentially hazardous reactions known.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

**Materials to avoid** No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 4,504.05

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.01

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 1.5

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity - development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

#### Inhalation

A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.

#### Ingestion

May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

#### Skin contact

May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

#### Eye contact

May cause temporary eye irritation.

# Safety Data Sheet



**Route of exposure** Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact  
**Target organs** Respiratory system, lungs  
**Medical considerations** Skin disorders and allergies.

## Toxicological information on ingredients.

### Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

#### Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 4,500.0  
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.0  
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 1.5

### hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

#### Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 700.0  
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 3.0  
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 0.5

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** Not applicable.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

NA

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**General information** The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products

should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

## Disposal methods

Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to  
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78  
and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).  
The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009  
(SI 2009 No. 716).

## EU legislation

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].  
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

### Hazard statements in full

Acute Tox. 4 - H332: STOT SE 3 - H335: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

<b>Part Number</b>
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MC002570
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