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### UltraBK<sup>™</sup> 4A DC–DC Converter Module

### **Product Description**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA is miniature UltraBK™ called "Ultra Block", an ultra-thin high efficiency integrated power solution that combines a 4A DC/DC converter with components.

This totally integrated module provides up to 90.5% efficiency in a small and thin 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA package. Murata's easy-to-use module terminal design allows simple power layout and maximum efficiency by minimizing routing parasitic resistance.

- Wide input voltage 6.0 to 14.4V
- Settable output voltage 0.7 to 1.8V
- Efficiency up to 90.5%
- Up to 90.0% Efficiency with 12VIN/1.8VOUT/4A Up to 4A
- Ultra-thin/small 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA package

### Features

- Power-good output
- Over-current and Over-temperature protection
- Remote on/off control
- Output voltage sense
- I<sup>2</sup>C 6.0-compatible serial interface operating up to 1MHz.

# Typical Applications PCle / server applications

- FPGA and DSP
- Datacom / telecom systems
- Distributed bus architectures (DBA)
- Programmable logic and mixed voltage systems

# 

### Efficiency Ta=25°C 12VIN 1.8VOUT

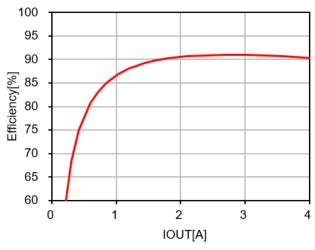


Figure 1. Efficiency Plot

# **Simplified Application Circuit**

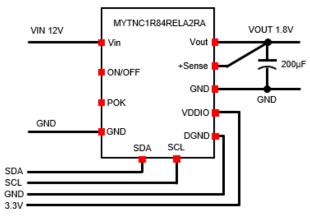


Figure 2. Simplified Circuit Diagram



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)(2)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Vin, ON/OFF Pin <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.3	16	V
POK Pin, SCL, SDA, VDDIO	-0.3	5.5	V
Storage Temperature	-40	125	°C
Soldering / Reflow temperature <sup>(4)</sup>	-	260	°C
ESD Tolerance, HBM <sup>(5)</sup>	-	1000	V
Notos			

#### Notes:

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may extremely reduce device reliability.

- (2) All voltages are with respect to GND plane.
- (3) Do NOT exceed more than 0.3V from Vin voltage.
- (4) Recommended Reflow profile is written in "Soldering Guidelines".
- (5) Human body model, per the JEDEC standard JS-001-2012.

#### Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	6.0	14.4	V
Ambient Temperature <sup>(2)</sup>	-40	105	°C
Junction Temperature	-40	120	°C
Load Current	0	4	A

Notes:

(1) This module should be operated inside the recommended operating conditions. This module has been designed and tested on the assumption that it will be used under the recommended operating conditions. Operating in not recommended condition may reduce reliability of the module.

(2) See the temperature derating curves in the thermal deratings. However, do not condensate.

**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions** 

### Package Thermal Characteristics<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

PARAMETER		ТҮР	UNITS
Ojcb-1	Junction-case-bottom at heat Junction1	10.0	°C/W
Ojcb-2	Junction-case-bottom at heat Junction2	47.3	°C/W
Θjct-1	Junction-case-top a heat Junction1	64.9	°C/W
Ojct-2	Junction-case-top a heat Junction2	53.7	°C/W
Θја	Junction-air	19.9	°C/W
Nataa			

Notes:

(1) Package thermal characteristics and performance are acquire and reported in according to the JEDEC standard JESD51-12. See "Fig.40" below for more information on our measurement conditions.

(2) Junction thermal resistance is a function not only of the internal parts, but it is also extremely sensitive to the environment which includes, but is not limited to, board thickness, number of layers, copper weight / routes, and air flow. Attention to the board layout is necessary to realize expected thermal performance.

**Table 3. Package Thermal Characteristics** 



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### **Electrical Characteristics**

VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

Figure 35. PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
INPUT SUPPLY	STWDUL	- conditions-			- IVIAA	
Input Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	VIN		6	12	14.4	V
Input Voltage Start-up			_			
Slew rate <sup>(3)</sup>	VINSR		Note <sup>(2)</sup>	-	150	V/ms
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Threshold - VIN rising <sup>(3)</sup>	VIUVH		-	-	5.45	V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Threshold - VIN falling <sup>(3)</sup>	VIUVL		4.5	-	-	V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	VIUVHYS		-	215	-	mV
VIN Current Supply, Switching	IVINSW	No Load	-	25	-	mA
VIN Current Supply, Shutdown	IVINSD	VOUT=0V, ON/OFF=0V,	-	160	-	μA
Remote ON/OFF Control (ON/O	FF Pin)	•				
Threshold High <sup>(3)</sup>	VTREH	Logic ON by pull-up or open of ON/OFF Pin	1.1	-	-	V
Threshold Low <sup>(3)</sup>	VTREL	Logic OFF by pull-down of ON/OFF Pin	-	-	0.4	V
ON/OFF Pin Leakage Current <sup>(3)</sup>	ILEN	VIN=14.4V, ON/OFF=0V, From Vin to ON/OFF	-	-	200	μΑ
CONVERTER						
- Efficiency	EFF	VIN=12.0V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A	-	90	-	%
Efficiency		VIN=12.0V, VOUT=1.2V, IOUT=4A	-	88	-	%
Charge Pump Switching Frequency		Per a phase	-	500	-	kHz
Buck Converter Switching Frequency		Per a phase	-	1000	-	kHz
Start-up Time		VOUT=5 to 95% of VOUT VSET1[7:0]=01000110 SS[2:0]=100	-	6	-	msec
POWER GOOD (POK Pin)	•		•		•	•
POK Sink Current <sup>(3)</sup>		POK=0.4V	4	-	-	mA
POK Pin Leakage Current <sup>(3)</sup>	ILPG	POK=5V, POK=High	-	-	1	μA
POK & Output Under-Voltage		VOUT falling (fault)	-	90	-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		VOUT rising (good)	-	95	-	% of VOUT
POK & Output Over-Voltage		VOUT rising (fault) VOUT falling (good)	-	110 105	-	1000
THERMAL SHUTDOWN			-	105	-	
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	TSD	Shutdown operating	-	150	-	°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	TSDHYS		_	20	-	°C
OUTPUT	100110			20	_	U
		9.6 ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7	-	1.8	V
Output Voltage <sup>(4)</sup>	VOUT	$7.0 \le VIN \le 14.4V$	0.7	-	1.35	V
Culput voltage, /	001	$7.0 \le VIN \le 14.4V$ $6.0 \le VIN \le 14.4V$	0.7	-	1.0	V
		$6.0 \le VIN \le 14.4V$ $6.0 \le VIN \le 14.4V$	0.7	-	1.0	v
Output Voltage Accuracy <sup>(1)(5)</sup>		$0.0 \le V   V \le 14.4 V$ $0.7 \le V O U T \le 1.8 V^{(4)}$ $0 \le   O U T \le 4 A$	-3	-	+3	%
Temperature variation <sup>(3)</sup>		-40 ≤ Ta ≤ 105°C	-	1	-	%
Total Output Voltage Accuracy <sup>(3)</sup>		$0.7 \le \text{VOUT} \le 1.8 \text{V}^{(4)}$ $0 \le \text{IOUT} \le 4\text{A}$	-3	-	+3	%
		-40 ≤ Ta ≤ 105°C				
Output Current <sup>(1)</sup>	IOUT		0	-	4	A

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VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

igure 35. PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Current Limit Inception				-	11	-	А
Current Limit Method					Hiccup		
Line Regulation <sup>(3)(5)</sup>		VIN=min. to max.		-1	-	+1	%
Load Regulation <sup>(3)(5)</sup>		IOUT=min. to max.		-1	-	+1	%
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation		IOUT=50-100%, SR	R=1.0A/µs	-	±3.0	-	%
Ripple and Noise <sup>(3)(5)</sup>		$\begin{array}{c} 6.0 \leq \text{VIN} \leq 14.4\text{V} \\ 0.7 \leq \text{VOUT} \leq 1.8\text{V}^{6} \\ 0 \leq \text{IOUT} \leq 4\text{A} \end{array}$	•	-	-	40	mV pk-pk
(20MHz bandwidth)		VIN=12.0V 0.7 $\leq$ VOUT $\leq$ 1.8V <sup>(4)</sup> IOUT=4A		-	1	-	% of Vout
		6.0≤ VIN≤14.4V	SS[2:0] =000			600	
External Output Capacitance Range <sup>(3)</sup>	COUT	0.0≤ VIN≤14.4V 0.7≤VOUT≤1.8V <sup>(4)</sup> 0≤IOUT≤4A	SS[2:0] =001	200	-	1200	μF
		05100154A	Other than the above			2000	
TELEMETRY	1	- 1		1			
Output Voltage Sense Measurement Time		12-bit ADC resolution	on	-	512	-	μs
Output Voltage Sense Refresh Rate				-	1.5	-	ms
Output Voltage Sense Measurement Resolution				-	1	-	mV
Output Voltage Sense Measurement Accuracy				-	±1	-	%
Input Voltage Sense Measurement Time		8-bit ADC resolution	ı	-	1.5	-	ms
Input Voltage Sense Refresh Rate				-	1.5	-	ms
Input Voltage Sense Measurement Resolution				-	80	-	mV
Input Voltage Sense				-	±2	-	%
Measurement Accuracy Average TEMP sensor		12-bit ADC resolution	on	-	4	-	ms
Measurement Time TEMP sensor Refresh Rate				-	128	-	116
TEMP sensor Measurement Resolution				-	0.5	-	µs °C
TEMP sensor <sup>(6)</sup>				-	±3	-	°C
Measurement Accuracy Average Output Current Sense Measurement Time		12-bit ADC resolution 8-bit ADC resolution			512 128	-	μs
Output Current Sense Refresh Rate				-	128	-	μs
Output Current Sense Measurement Accuracy				-	±4	-	%
Output Current Sense Measurement Resolution		12-bit ADC resolution			25 40	-	mA
I <sup>2</sup> C SERIAL INTERFACE(SCL, SI			1		40		
VDDIO Supply Voltage				1.08	-	5.5	V
SDA, SCL Input High Voltage	VIH			0.7 x	-	-	V
SDA, SCL Input Low Voltage	VIL			VDDIO -	-	0.3 x VDDIO	V
	1	1		1			

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VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

Figure 35. PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SDA, SCL Input Current	I <sub>SCL</sub> , I <sub>SDA</sub>		-1	-	1	μΑ
SDA Output Low Level	VoL	ISDA=20mA	-	-	0.4	V
		Initial wait time from EN logic				
I <sup>2</sup> C Interface Initial Wait Time		high to 1 <sup>st</sup> I <sup>2</sup> C command accepted	1000	-	-	μs
MTP Non-Volatile Memory Write Cycle Time			-	34	50	ms
SDA, SCL Pin Capacitance <sup>(3)</sup>	C <sub>I/O</sub>		-	-	10	pF
·		FOR STANDARD MODE AND F	AST MODE	PLUS		1 1
		Standard mode	-	-	100	kbits/s
Serial Clock Frequency	FSCL	Fast mode	-	-	400	kbits/s
		Fast mode plus	-	-	1	Mbits/s
		Standard mode	4.7	-       -       1         T MODE PLUS       -       1         -       -       4         -       -       4         -       -       4         -       -       4         -       -       -         4.7       -       -         1.3       -       -         600       -       -         260       -       -         4.7       -       -         1.3       -       -         0.5       -       -         4.7       -       -         600       -       -         260       -       -         260       -       -         260       -       -         260       -       -         260       -       -         260       -       -         260       -       -         250       -       -         0       -       -         0       -       -         0       -       -         0       -       -         0	-	μs
Clock Low Period	TLOW	Fast mode		-	-	μs
	12011	Fast mode plus		-	-	μs
		Standard mode			-	μs
Clock High Period	Тнідн	Fast mode	-		-	ns
		Fast mode plus			-	ns
		Standard mode			-	μs
BUS Free Time between a	TBUF	Fast mode		-	-	μs
STOP a START Condition	1001	Fast mode plus	-	-	-	μs
Setup Time for a Repeated START Condition		Standard mode		-	-	μs
	$T_{SU:STA}$	Fast mode		-	-	ns
		Fast mode plus				ns
	T <sub>HD:STA</sub>	Standard mode				μs
Hold Time for a Repeated		Fast mode				ns
START Condition		Fast mode plus				ns
		Standard mode			  	μs
Setup Time of STOP condition	Tsu:sto	Fast mode			-	ns
	130.310	Fast mode plus			-	ns
		Standard mode			-	ns
Data Setup Time	T <sub>SU:DAT</sub>	Fast mode		-	-	ns
	1 30.DAT	Fast mode plus		-	-	ns
		Standard mode			10         100         400         1         -	μs
Data Hold Time	Thd dat	Fast mode	-		-	ns
	TID_DAT	Fast mode plus	-		-	ns
		Standard mode	-			ns
Rise Time of SDA and SCL	T <sub>R</sub>	Fast mode	20	-		ns
signals		Fast mode plus	-	-	-	ns
		Standard mode	-	-	-	ns
Fall time of SDA and SCL	- -	Fast mode	20 x VDDIO/ 5.5V	-		ns
-all time of SDA and SCL Signals	TF	Fast mode plus	20 x VDDIO/ 5.5V	-	120	ns
		Standard mode	-	-	3.45	μs
Data Valid Time	Tvd	Fast mode	-	-	900	ns
		Fast mode plus	-	-	450	ns
Data Valid Acknowledge Time	T <sub>VDA</sub>	Standard mode		-	3.45	μs

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VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		Fast mode	-	-	900	ns
		Fast mode plus	-	-	450	ns
0		Standard mode	-	-	400	pF
Capacitive Load for SDA and SCL	CBUS	Fast mode	-	-	400	pF
		Fast mode plus	-	-	550	pF
Notos:						

Notes:

(1) Min/Max specifications are 100% production tested at Ta=25 °C, unless otherwise noted. Limits over the operating range are guaranteed by design. See the section of "Limitation of Input Voltage slew rate".

(2)

(2) Guaranteed by design.
(4) See the Output Voltage Range of fig.9.

(5) Only statics state.

The temperature of TEMP sensor includes some error from the surface temperature. (6)

**Table 4. Electrical Characteristics** 



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### **Pin Configuration**

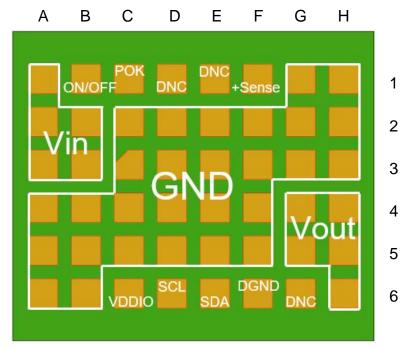


Figure 3. Module Terminal (Top View)

### **Pin Descriptions**

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
A1-A3, B2-B3	Vin	Input Voltage pins. Apply input voltage between these pins and GND pins.
A4-A6, B4-B6, C2-C5, D2-D5,E2-E5, F2-F5, G1-G3, H1-H3	GND	Ground pins. Connect to the GND plane.
B1	ON/OFF	Remote ON/OFF pin. The pin is connected to Vin through the internal resistance.
C1	POK	Power Good pin. The function is operated by internal open- drain FET.
C6, D1, E1,	DNC	Do not connect pins. Those pins must be left floating individually.
D6	DGND	Digital ground pin. Connect to I <sup>2</sup> C signal GND.
E6	SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial bus data input/output pin.
F6	SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial bus clock input pin.
G4-G5, H4-H6	Vout	Output pins. Connect the output load between these pins and Ground pins. Place external bypass capacitors as close as possible to these pins to reduce parasitic inductance.
G6	VDDIO	Digital I/O supply voltage for I <sup>2</sup> C interface.
F1	+Sense	Output Voltage Sensing pin. Connect to an output near the load to improve load regulation. This pin must be connected to output near the load, or at the module pins.

Table 5. Pin Descriptions



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### **Functional Block Diagram**

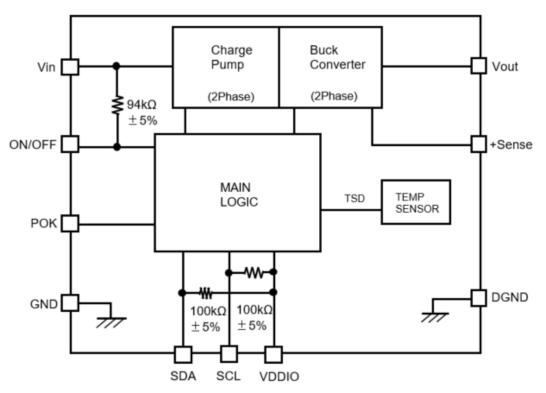


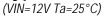
Figure 4. Functional Block Diagram

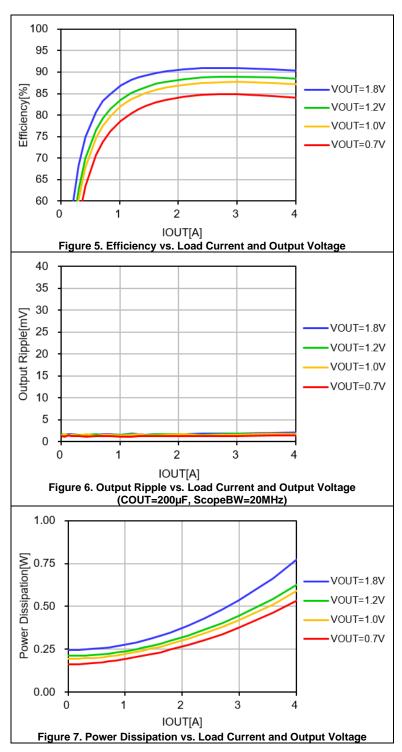


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# **Typical Performance Characteristics** (VIN=12V Ta=25°C)



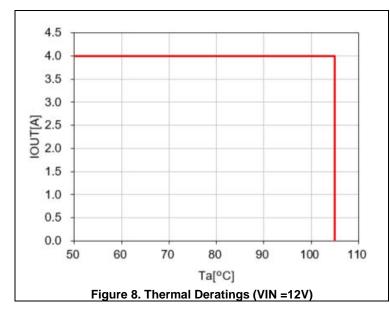




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# Thermal Deratings (Reference Data)



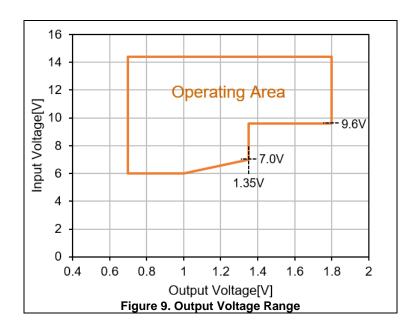
Thermal deratings are evaluated in following condition.

The product is mounted on 114.5 x 101.5 x 1.6mm (Layer1, 4: 2oz Layer2, 3: 1oz copper) FR-4 board.
No forced air flow.

Surface temporature of the produc

Surface temperature of the product: 118.7°C max.

# **Output Voltage Range**





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### Limitation of Input Voltage Slew rate

When starting the module with ramping Input Voltage up, the slew rate of the ramping should be managed for the proper operation. If Input Voltage ramping up is too steep, it would cause charge injection to the internal nodes via parasitic. The maximum slew rate of the Input Voltage ramp up when booting the module with Input Voltage is specified on the table 4 "Electronic Characteristics".

Similarly, if the VIN slew late is too low compare with VOUT slew rate, it could prevent expected start up behavior. To avoid hitting the maximum duty cycle operation, the VIN slew rate should satisfy either equation of (eq1) – (eq.6) in the follow table that determined by SS setting. VINSR\_L is minimum of input voltage startup slew rate and SS is soft start.

As a reference, estimated value of the slew rate and start-up time for each output voltage is written in the table.

		CALCULATION EXAMPLE							
SS (V/ms)	VINSR EQUATION	VINSR_L (V	/ms)		VIN RISE TIME (0V to 12V) (ms)				
		1.0VOUT	1.35VOUT	1.8VOUT	1.0VOUT	1.35VOUT	1.8VOUT		
1.867	$VINSR \ge 11/15 \times VOUT - 0.41$ (eq.1)	0.32	0.58	0.91	37.5	20.7	13.2		
0.934	$VINSR \ge 22/45 \times VOUT - 0.24$ (eq.2)	0.25	0.42	0.64	48	28.6	18.8		
0.467	$VINSR \ge 11/45 \times VOUT - 0.04$ (eq.3)	0.2	0.29	0.4	60	41.4	30		
0.233	$VINSR \ge 7/45 \times VOUT - 0.04$ (eq.4)	0.12	0.17	0.24	100	70.6	50		
0.117	$VINSR \ge 1/15 \times VOUT + 0.01 \text{ (eq.5)}$	0.08	0.1	0.13	150	120	92.3		
0.058	$VINSR \ge 2/45 \times VOUT - 0.01$ (eq.6)	0.03	0.02	0.07	400	240	171.4		
0.029	No minimum limitation		-			-			
0.014	No minimum limitation	-				-			

Table.6 Minimum input voltage start-up slew rate and start-up time

### **Detailed Description**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA is a two-stage DCDC converter that is composed of a dual-phase charge pumpbased DCDC converter and a dual-phase synchronous buck DCDC converter. The output voltage range supported from 0.7 to 1.8V (The output voltage range depend on the input voltage.) with load currents of up to 4A and up to 7.2W delivered to the external load. This module isn't designed for the parallel operation

### **Output Voltage Remote Sense Function**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has a sense pin, +Sense, for this function. The function is capable of compensating for the voltage drop in the wiring by connecting the sense pin to the load point. The upper limit of the compensating by sense function depends on the maximum voltage allowed to the Vout pin (within range of the Output Voltage Accuracy). The sense trace should be as short as possible and shielded by the GND line or something else to reduce noise susceptibility.

The recommended sense line length is within 10cm for output voltage stability. Do NOT connect sense pin to the output of the additional LC filter that sits between the Vout pin and +Sense pin. If the remote sense is not needed, the +Sense pin should be shorted to the Vout pin.

### **Remote Enable Function**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has an enable input pin, ON/OFF, which is designed to be compatible with the low voltage digital I/O levels so that it can be easily driven by an external controller. The ON/OFF pin logic is high active and connected to the VIN though internal resistors. So if external power sequencing or control is not required, the ON/OFF pin can be left open.



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#### Soft start Function

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has a soft start function. This function suppresses the inrush current and the output voltage overshoot. When the function is operating, the converter is controlled in discontinuous current mode (DCM), so the output ripple voltage may be larger than steady-state behavior which is in continuous current mode (CCM). If the input voltage drops and the operating condition deviates from the supported operation range of fig.9 "Output Voltage Range", you should discharge the input voltage below the VIUVL and then restart. This soft start function is also compatible with pre-bias start-up. However the converter cannot prevent reverse current except during soft start, so the output must NOT be connected to a circuit that has a voltage higher than the output voltage setting.

#### **Power Good Operation**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has an open-drain "power good" pin, POK. The POK pin must be pulled up externally, though a resistor to a voltage of  $\leq$  5.5V. MYTNC1R84RELA2RA will hold the POK pin low during soft start, the VOUT is outside of the regulation or when the fault condition is detected and being handled. Please note that the power good function will not work when the module is inactive. Therefore, the POK pin will be high impedance when the VIUVH or the module disabled.

The power good function is activated after soft start has finished. If the VOUT becomes within +5% to -5% of the target value, internal comparators detect the power good state and the power good signal becomes high. After that, if the VOUT rises or falls to outside of +10% or -10% of the target value, the power good signal becomes low.

The power good function is a flag that indicates the output voltage status and internal protection status. If the POK pin isn't high for a long time from startup, there are some abnormal situation occur in inside the module or external environment.

So, we recommend monitoring the POK pin and reset the module and the output load in abnormal.

#### **Telemetry System**

An ADC-based telemetry system is provided to monitor health of the MYTNC1R84RELA2RA and report status through the I<sup>2</sup>C interface for fault management and diagnostics. The following signals can be reported using the telemetry circuits: input voltage, output voltage, output current, and MYTNC1R84RELA2RA temperature. Typical parameters for temperature measurement function are as follows:

Resolution: 0.5°C Accuracy: ±3°C Measurement time: 4ms

The telemetry register functionality is as follows:

- ADC presents a new value, which is latched internally and overwritten as new values come in.
- The read-only registers are updated with the latched values only when the upper byte is read.
- Reading a lower byte does not update the upper-lower byte combo value.

■ Reading once returns the previous value; reading again returns the current value.

See the Electrical Characteristics table for additional information regarding telemetry.

The telemetry measurement temperature isn't the module surface temperature. The telemetry temperature is the measured value of the inside the module. So the telemetry temperature includes some error from the surface temperature.

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#### Programming

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA can be programmed through the I<sup>2</sup>C serial bus interface to configure certain system parameters. Those programmable parameters are output voltage and soft start time. See the section of "Register Map" and "Detailed Register Description" for program to resister.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Interface Bus Overview

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus consists of a data line (SDA) and a clock line (SCL) with pull-up structures. When the bus is idle, both SDA and SCL lines are pulled high. All the I<sup>2</sup>C compatible devices connect to I<sup>2</sup>C bus through open drain I/O pins, SDA and SCL. A master device, usually a microcontroller or a digital signal processor, controls the bus. The master is responsible for generating the SCL signal and device addresses. The master also generates specific conditions that indicate the START and STOP of data transfer. An I<sup>2</sup>C slave device receives and/or transmits data on the bus under control of the master device.

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA operates as an I<sup>2</sup>C slave and supports the following data transfer modes, as defined in the I<sup>2</sup>C-Bus specification: Standard mode (100 Kbps) and fast mode (400 Kbps), and fast mode plus (1 Mbps). The interface adds flexibility to the power supply solution, enabling some functions to be programmed to new values depending on application requirements. Register contents remain intact as long as the VDD bias supply voltage remains above the under-voltage lockout threshold.

The data transfer protocol for standard and fast modes is exactly the same, therefore they are referred to as F/Smode in this document. MYTNC1R84RELA2RA supports 7-bit addressing; 10-bit addressing and general call address are not supported. The device 7-bit address is defined as '0x30'.

#### Standard-, Fast-, Fast-Mode Plus Protocol

The master initiates data transfer by generating a start condition. The start condition is when a high-to-low transition occurs on the SDA line while SCL is high, as shown in Figure 10. All I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible devices should recognize a start condition.

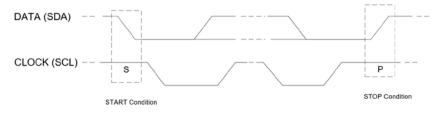


Figure 10. START and STOP Conditions

The master then generates the SCL pulses, and transmits the 7-bit address and the read/write direction bit R/W on the SDA line. During all transmissions, the master ensures that data is valid. A valid data condition requires the SDA line to be stable during the entire high period of the clock pulse (see Figure 11). All devices recognize the address sent by the master and compare it to their internal fixed addresses. Only the I<sup>2</sup>C slave device with a matching address generates an Acknowledge (see Figure 12) by pulling the SDA line low during the entire high period the ninth SCL cycle. Upon detecting this acknowledge, the master knows that communication link with an I<sup>2</sup>C slave has been established.

The master generates further SCL cycles to either transmit data to the I<sup>2</sup>C slave (R/W bit 1) or receive data from the I<sup>2</sup>C slave (R/W bit 0). In either case, the receiver needs to acknowledge the data sent by transmitter. So an acknowledge signal can either be generated by the master or by the I<sup>2</sup>C slave, depending on which one is the receiver. The 9-bit valid data sequences consisting of 8-bit data and 1-bit acknowledge can continue as long as necessary.

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To signal the end of the data transfer, the master generates a stop condition by pulling the SDA line from low to high while the SCL line is high (see Figure 10). This releases the bus and stops the communication link with the addressed I<sup>2</sup>C slave. All I<sup>2</sup>C compatible devices must recognize the stop condition. Upon the receipt of a stop condition, all devices know that the bus is released, and they wait for a start condition followed by a matching address. Attempts to read data from register addresses not listed in this section will result in 0xFF being read out.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Update Sequence

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA requires a start condition, a valid I<sup>2</sup>C address, a register address byte, and a data byte for a single update. After the receipt of each byte, MYTNC1R84RELA2RA device acknowledges by pulling the SDA line low during the high period of a single clock pulse. A valid I<sup>2</sup>C address selects the MYTNC1R84RELA2RA, which performs an update on the falling edge of the acknowledge signal that follows the LSB.

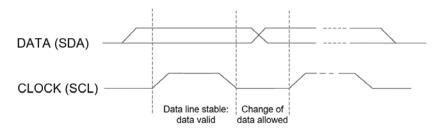
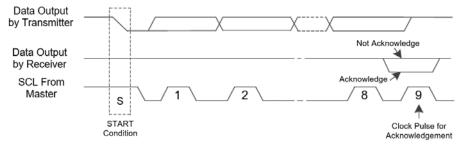


Figure 11. Bit Transfer on the Serial Interface



#### Figure 12. Acknowledge on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus

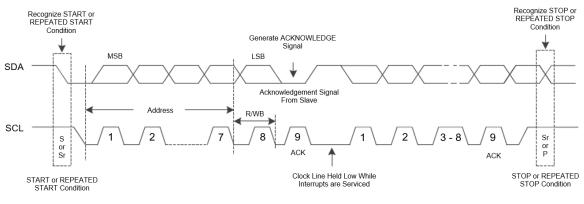


Figure 13. Bus Protocol



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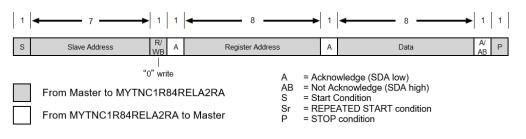


Figure 14. "Write" Data Transfer Format in Standard-, Fast, Fast-Plus Modes

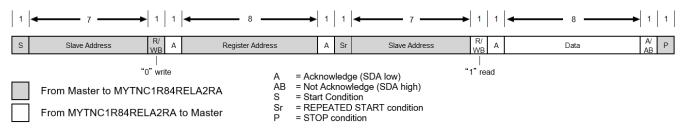


Figure 15. "Read" Data Transfer Format in Standard-, Fast, Fast-Plus Modes



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Register Map I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address: 0110000 (0x30) <sup>(1)</sup> Register Configuration Parameters

NAME	ADD (HEX)	POR Value	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
VSET1	0x00	0x46	VSET								
RESERVED	0x01	0x00		Reserved							
DCR	0x02	0x00		D	OCR			Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>		
CONFIG1	0x03	0x04			Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>				SS		
RESERVED	0x04	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x05	0x8A				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x06	0x82				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x07	0x10				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x08	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x09	0x9F				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x0A	0x78				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x0B	0x78				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x0C	0x61				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
VOUT1_LSB	0x42	0x00		VC	UT1			Res	erved		
VOUT1_MSB	0x43	0x00				V	OUT1				
VIN	0x46	0x00					VIN				
RESERVED	0x47	0x00				Re	served				
IOUTF1	0x48	0x00				IO	UTF1				
IOUTP1_LSB	0x4A	0x00		IOL	JTP1			Res	erved		
IOUTP1_MSB	0x4B	0x00				IO	UTP1				
TEMP_LSB	0x4E	0x00	TEMP				Res	erved			
TEMP_MSB	0x4F	0x00				т	EMP				
MASTERFAULTS	0x54	0x00			Reserved			VOUT_ SHORT	VOUT_ OCP	OVER TEMP	
RESERVED	0x55	0x00				Re	served				
RESERVED	0x57	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x58	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x5A	0x00				Re	served				
RESERVED	0x5B	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x5C	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED	0x5D	0x00				Res	erved <sup>(2)</sup>				
MTPWRITE	0x60	0x01		M	TP_WRITE_C	MD		MTPWRI TEDNE	Reser	ved <sup>(2)</sup>	
MTPUNLOCK	0x61	0x00				MTPUNI	OCK_CMD				



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#### Note :

- (1) Excluding read/write bit. 01100000 (0x60) if including read/write bit.
- (2) Do not change these reserved bits. We guarantee operation of the module only when these reserved bit is the initial value.

Table 7. Register map

### **Detailed Register Description**

#### **Register VSET1**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VSET1	0x00	0x46

Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VSET1[7:0]							

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VSET1[7:0]	[7:0]	R/Ŵ	01000110	VOUT1 = 2.55/255 × bin2dec(VSET1<7:0>) Program VOUT1 Output Voltage in 10mV steps: Do not exceed the specified limits of the output voltage range restricted by input voltage or the converter's maximum power rating when applying this register. 00h: 0mV 01h: 10mV 02h: 20mV  77h: 1.19V 78h: 1.2V 79h: 1.21V

#### **Register DCR**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
DCR	0x02	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	DCR	[3:0]			Res	erved	



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**Bit Description** 

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
DCR[3:0]	[7:4]	R/Ŵ	0000	DCR value for calculation of IOUT. The DCR value is written in test Production. 0000: 14.6 mΩ 0001: 15.4 mΩ 0010: 16.2 mΩ 0011: 17.0 mΩ
				0100: 17.8 mΩ 0101: 18.6 mΩ 0110: 19.4 mΩ 0111: 20.2 mΩ 1000: 21.0 mΩ 1001: 21.8 mΩ
				1010: 22.6 mΩ 1011: 23.4 mΩ 1100: 24.2 mΩ 1101: 25.0 mΩ 1110: 25.8 mΩ 1111: 26.6 mΩ

#### **Register CONFIG1**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
CONFIG1	0x03	0x04

Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved			SS[2:0]		

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
SS[2:0]	[2:0]	R/Ŵ	100	Program Soft start and VOUT Slew Rate:           000: 1.867mV/ms         100: 0.117mV/ms           001: 0.934mV/ms         101: 0.058mV/ms           010: 0.467mV/ms         110: 0.029mV/ms           011: 0.233mV/ms         111: 0.014mV/ms

#### Register VOUT1\_LSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VOUT1_LSB	0x42	0x00

**Bit Assignment** 

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	VOUT	1[3:0]			Res	erved	

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#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VOUT1[3:0]	[7:4]	R	0000	Lower 4 bit of the 12-bit VOUT1 ADC result. VOUT can be calculated as: $2.55V \times bin2dec(VOUT[11:0]) / 4095$ All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### Register VOUT1\_MSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VOUT1_MSB	0x43	0x00

**Bit Assignment** 

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
VOUT1[11:4]								

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VOUT1[11:4]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	Upper 8 bit of the 12-bit VOUT1 ADC result. VOUT can be calculated as: 2.55V×bin2dec(VOUT1[11:0]) / 4095 All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### **Register VIN**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VIN	0x46	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	VIN[7:0]								

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VIN[7:0]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	8-bit VIN ADC result. VIN can be calculated as: 20.4V×bin2dec(VIN[7:0]) / 255

#### **Register IOUT1F**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1F	0x48	0x00

#### **Bit Assignment**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IOUT1F[7:0]							

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**Bit Description** 

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
IOUT1F[7:0]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	IOUT1 Fast Conversion ADC result, update every 32us. IOUT1 ISNS voltage can be calculated as: $V_ISNS1 = 100mV \times bin2dec(IOUT1F[7:0]) / 255$ IOUT can be calculated as: IOUT = V_ISNS1 / (DCR[3:0] / 2)

#### Register IOUT1P\_LSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1P_LSB	0x4A	0x00

**Bit Assignment** 

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	IOUT1	P[3:0]		Reserved			

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
IOUT1P[3:0]	[7:4]	R	0000	Lower 4 bit of the IOUT1 Precision 12-bit ADC result, update every 128us. IOUT1 ISNS voltage can be calculated as: V_ISNS1 = $100mV \times bin2dec(IOUT1P[11:0]) / 4095$ IOUT can be calculated as: IOUT = V_ISNS1 / (DCR[3:0] / 2) All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### Register IOUT1P\_MSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1P_MSB	0x4B	0x00

#### **Bit Assignment**

7	6	5	4	4 3		1	0		
	IOUT1P[11:4]								

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
IOUT1P[11:4]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	Upper 8 bit of the IOUT1 Precision 12-bit ADC result, update every 128us. IOUT1 ISNS voltage can be calculated as: V_ISNS1 = $100mV \times bin2dec(IOUT1P[11:0]) / 4095$ IOUT can be calculated as: IOUT = V_ISNS1 / (DCR[3:0] / 2) All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.



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#### Register TEMP\_LSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
TEMP_LSB	0x4E	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	TEM	P[3:0]			Res	erved	

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
TEMP[3:0]	[7:4]	R	0000	Lower 4 bits of the 12-bit IC Temperature ADC result. IC temperature can be calculated as: TEMP (in Kelvin) = $512 \times bin2dec(TEMP[11:0]) / 4095$ All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### **Register TEMP\_MSB**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
TEMP_MSB	0x4F	0x00

**Bit Assignment** 

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TEMP[11:4]							

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
TEMP[11:4]	[7:4]	R	0000	Upper 8 bits of the 12-bit IC Temperature ADC result. IC temperature can be calculated as: TEMP (in Kelvin) = $512 \times bin2dec(TEMP[11:0]) / 4095$ All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### **Register MASTERFAULTS**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
MASTERFAULTS	0x54	0x00

#### **Bit Assignment**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved			VOUT_ SHORT	VOUT_OCP	OVERTEMP



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#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VOUT_SHORT	[2]	R	0	VOUT(s) Shorted Fault: 0: No Fault 1: Fault
VOUT_OCP	[1]	R	0	VOUT(s) Over current Fault: 0: No Fault 1: Fault
OVERTEMP	[0]	R	0	IC(s) Over temperature Fault: 0: No Fault 1: Fault

#### **Register MTPWRITE**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
MTPWRITE	0x60	0x01

**Bit Assignment** 

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	MTI	PWRITE_CMD[	4:0]		MTPWRITE _DNE	Res	erved

#### **Bit Description**

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
MTPWRITE_CMD [4:0]	[7:3]	R/Ŵ	0000 0	Setting MTPWRITE_CMD to 10010 initiates a programming cycle to burn the contents of customer registers 0x00 to 0x0B into MTP memory, which sets the POR values of the registers upon the next start-up. Since the lower three bits of this register are read-only, it is recommended to just write 0's to them (0x90 for all eight bits). Before taking this step, the user must unlock the MTP user area using register 0x61.
MTPWRITE_DNE	[1]	R	0	MTP Write Cycle Status : 0: MTP Write Command in Process. When an MTPWRITE_CMD is issued, this bit clears itself, and stays low until the MTP Write cycle completes. 1: MTP Write Cycle Complete

#### **Register MTPUNLOCK**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
MTPUNLOCK	0x61	0x00

#### **Bit Assignment**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	MTPUNLOCK_CMD[7:0]						

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**Bit Description** 

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
MTPUNLOCK_ CMD[7:0]	[7:0]	R/Ŵ	0000 0000	Before initiating an MTP programming cycle using register 0x60, the user needs to write the value 0x61 into this register to unlock the MTP user space.

### Protections

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA provides extensive and robust protection against input and output faults and overtemperature conditions, as summarized in the following table.

FAULT MODE	PROTECTION	FAULT RESPONSE	FAULT DETECTION TIME
VIN Under-Voltage	Under voltage Lock out	Power-on reset	Immediate (V <sub>IN</sub> falling)
Over Load	Over current protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	1ms
Output Short	Short circuit protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	Immediate
Over Temperature	Over temperature protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	160µs

 Table 8. Fault Protection Detection Time and Responses

The protection does not guarantee the module operation within the recommended operating conditions. Even if the protection is operating, it may be exceed the conditions, and thus may reduce the reliability of the module.

### **Over Current Protection and Short Circuit Protection**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA provides output over current protection and short circuit protection for load fault. When the converter load current exceeds the over current threshold for the detection time, the converter output is shut down. Following the shutdown, the converter periodically tries to recover by the startup sequence. This mode is called "hiccup" mode and continues until the load current decreases to under the over current threshold. When hiccup mode releases, the converter returns to normal operation.

Short circuit protection is incorporated for times when more rapidly shutdown is needed as output short. When the converter load current exceeds the short circuit threshold, the converter shuts down immediately and operates in hiccup mode until the load current decreases to under the short circuit threshold. When the hiccup mode releases, the converter returns to normal operation.

### **Over Temperature Protection**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA includes an integrated temperature sensor to protect the system from overheating. Once the converter detects over temperature longer than 160µsec, the output is turned off to reduce the power dissipation of the module. When the temperature drops below the hysteresis limit, the output is turned on again. If the underlying cause of the over-temperature fault is not cleared, the system enters into hiccup mode until the fault condition is removed.



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### Soldering Guidelines

Murata recommends the specifications below when installing this converter. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ, therefore, thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

REFLOW SOLDER OPETRATIONS FOR SURFACE MOUNT PRODUCTS				
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:				
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1°C per second			
Time over Liquidus	45 to 75 seconds			
Maximum Peak Temperature	260°C			
Cooling Rate	Less than 3°C per second			
For Sn/Pb based solder:				
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1°C per second			
Time over Liquidus	60 to 75 seconds			
Maximum Peak Temperature	235°C			
Cooling Rate	Less than 3°C per second			

Table 9. Reflow Guidelines for Sn/Ag/Cu solders and Sn/Pb solders

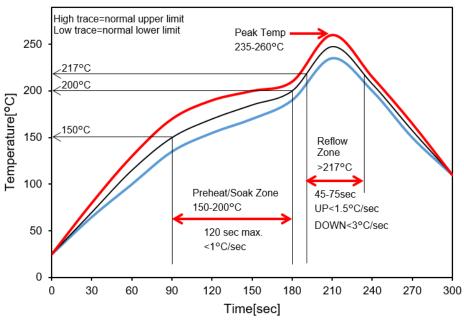


Figure 16. Reflow Profile for Sn/Ag/Cu Solder

### **Pb-free Solder Processes**

For Pb-free solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 3 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C. During reflow, the module must not exceed 260°C at any time.



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### **Dry Pack Information**

Products intended for Pb-free reflow soldering processes are delivered in standard moisture barrier bags according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-033.

(Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture, Reflow, and Process Sensitivity Devices).

Using products in high temperature Pb-free soldering processes requires dry pack storage and handling. In case the products have been stored in an uncontrolled environment and no longer can be considered dry, the products must be baked according to J-STD-033.

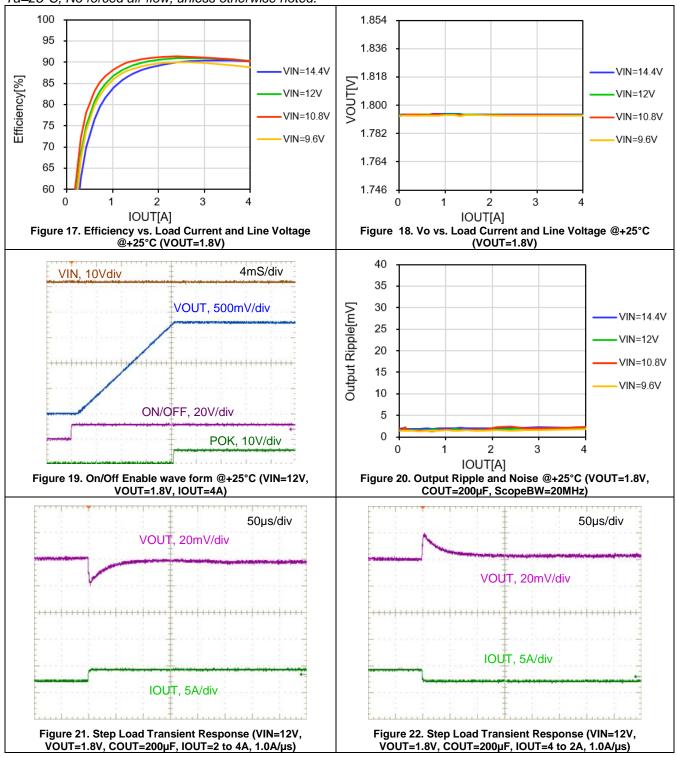


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### **Application Performance**

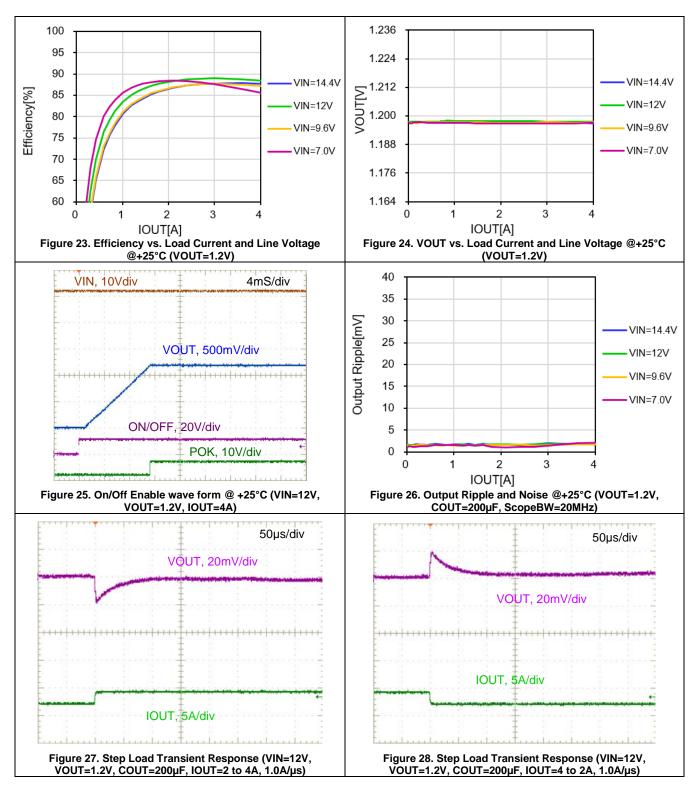
The Application Performance data is reference and based on the Application Board in Figure 40. Ta=25°C, No forced air flow, unless otherwise noted.





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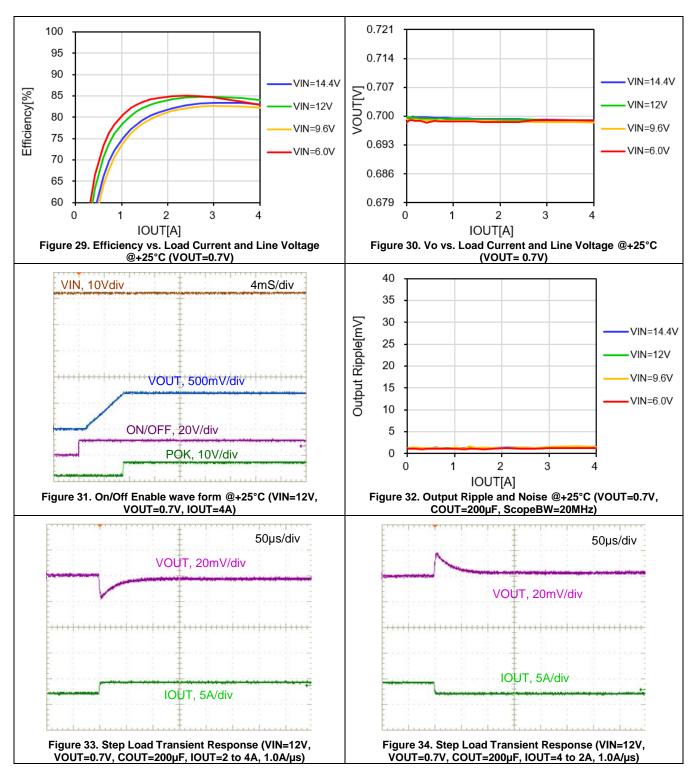
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### **Transient Performance**

VOUT [V]	VIN [V]	COUT [µF]	VOLTAGE DEVIATION [mV]
v001[v]			2A-4A LOAD STEP (1A/μs)
1.8			20.0
1.2	12	200	20.0
0.7			18.4

**Table 10. Transient Performance and Conditions** 

### Test Circuit

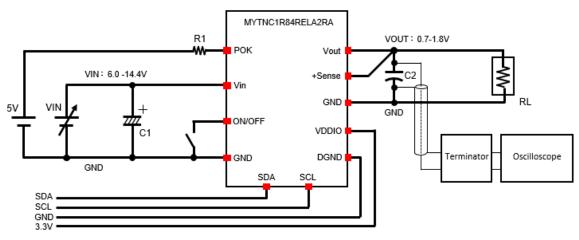


Figure 35. Test Circuit

REFERENCE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART AND EQUIPMENT
C1	1000µ	Electrolysis Capacitor	-
C2	100µ x 2pcs	CAP/CER/100uF/4V/X7U/1206/20%	GRM31CE70G107MEA8 (Murata)
R1	100k	1/10W/5%	-
VIN	-	DC Power Supply	-
RL	-	Electronic Load Device	ELL-355(KeisokuGiken)
Oscilloscope	-	Digital Oscilloscope	DPO5034 or TDS5034(Tektronix)
Terminator	-	Terminator	TRC-50F2(KeisokuGiken)

Table 11. Test Circuit Parts and Equipments List



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### **Component Selection**

Users of MYTNC1R84RELA2RA should adhere closely to the parts selected for the reference design bill of materials (BOM). Component selection is a complex process, and several parameters of importance to the design are not typically specified for passive components. Users wishing to deviate from these components are urged to contact Murata for guidance.

### **Input Fuse**

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Normally, the fuse should be inserted on the primary side input supply line. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line of this module too. The installer must observe all relevant safety standards and regulations.

For safety agency approvals, install the converter in compliance with the end-user safety standard.

### Input Capacitor

In general input environment (there are sufficient consideration about parasitic impedance and stability.), MYTNC1R84RELA2RA does not need an external input capacitor. If you want to reduce the ripple on input more, you can add the external input capacitor. The input capacitor should be placed as close to the module as possible to reduce any parasitic inductance effects. The voltage rating of the capacitor needs to be as high as the absolute maximum voltage rating for the system. The capacitor has voltage coefficient of capacitance, so you should be determine the rated value of capacitor that is taken into account the effective capacitance value at the applied VIN.

### **Output Capacitor**

We recommend a low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM31 series) capacitor for output. The ceramic type capacitor may be tried using either single or multiple capacitors in parallel.

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with additional external capacitor. The user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. These capacitor should be placed as closely as possible to the converter, and the output ripple measured under

your load conditions. Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability or start-up failure. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications. Please be careful the maximum

capacitance depends on soft start setting.



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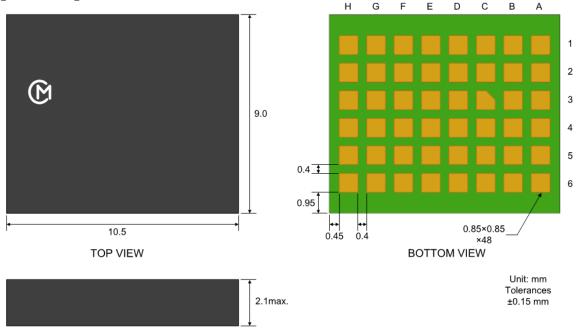
### **Packaging Information**

This section provides packaging data including the moisture sensitivity level, package drawing, package marking and tape-and-reel information.

### **Moisture Sensitivity Level**

The moisture sensitivity level rating for the MYTNC1R84RELA2RA in the 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA package is MSL3.

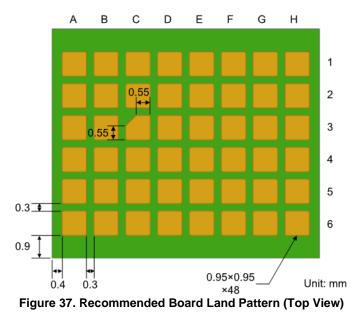
### Package Drawing



SIDE VIEW

Figure 36. Package Outline Drawing

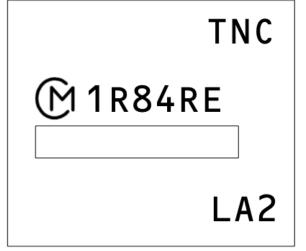
### **Recommended Board Land Pattern (Top View)**





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### Top Marking Specification



CODES	DESCRIPTION
$\mathbb{C}$	Pin 1 Marking
TNC1R84RELA2	Product code (Please see product code table beside)
	Internal manufacturing code

PART NUMBER	PRODUCT CODE
MYTNC1R84RELA2RA	TNC1R84RELA2

Figure 38. Top Marking Specification

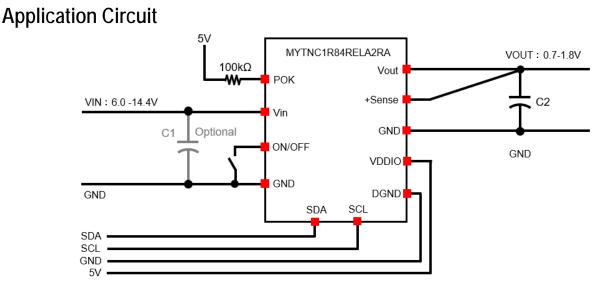


Figure 39. Application Schematic

# Application Circuit Part List (Recommended)

REFERENCE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
C1	1000u	Electrolysis Capacitor (Optional) <sup>(1)</sup>	-
C2	100u x 2pcs	CAP/CER/100µF/4V/X7U/1206/20%	GRM31CE70G107MEA8 (Murata)

#### Table 12. Application Circuit Part List

(1) If there is a non-negligible parasitic impedance between the power supply and the converter, such as during evaluation, the optional input capacitor "C1" may be required to reduce the impedance. The recommended optional capacitor is an example. Please consider the optimum value for the case. This capacitor is usually an aluminum electrolytic type. It isn't necessary to place the capacitor near the input terminal of the converter.



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### **Application Board Example**

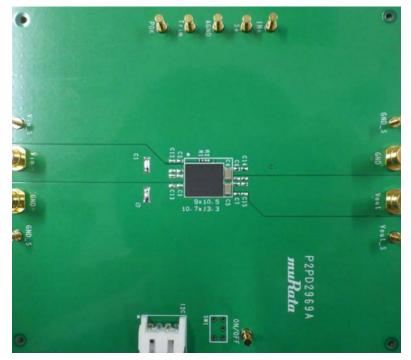


Figure 40. Applicatuin Board Example (Based on JEDEC standard) 114.5 × 101.5 × 1.6mm (4 Layer FR-4) Outside copper(1,4) layer=2oz, Inner copper(2,3) layer=1oz

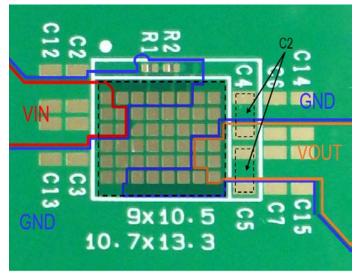


Figure 41. Land Pattern Example



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### Tape and Reel Specification Tape Dimension

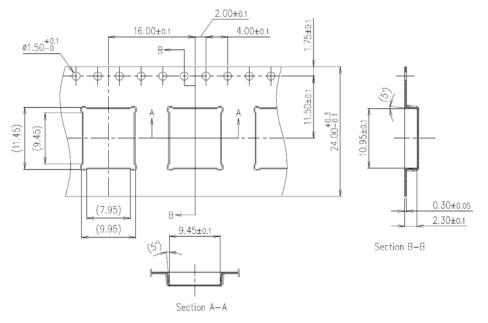


Figure 42. Tape Dimension

### **Reel Dimension**

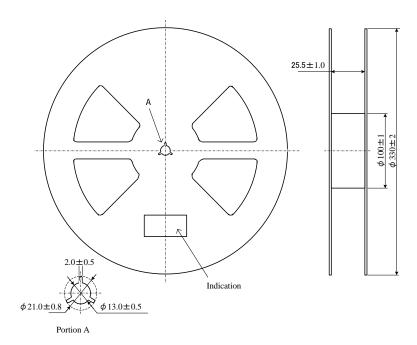


Figure 43. Reel Dimension



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### Module orientation in Tape

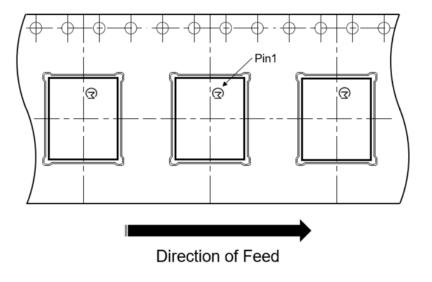
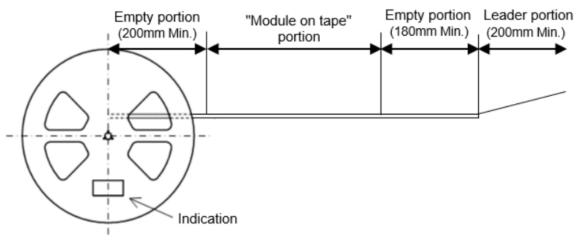


Figure 44. Module Orientation in Tape

Taping specification



#### Figure 45. Taping Specification

- 1. The adhesive strength of the protective tape is within 0.1-1.3N.
- 2. Each reel contains 400 or 100pcs.
- 3. Each reel set in moisture-proof packaging because of MSL 3.
- 4. No vacant pocket in "Module on tape" section.
- 5. The reel is labeled with Murata part number and quantity.
- 6. The color of reel is not specified.



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### **Order Codes**

ORDER CODES	DESCRIPTION	PACKAGING	SHIPPING METHOD
MYTNC1R84RELA2RA	MYTNC1R84RELA2RA Buck Converter	10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA	400 units/T&R
MYTNC1R84RELA2RAD	MYTNC1R84RELA2RA Buck Converter	10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA	100 units/T&R

Table 13. Order Codes

### **Notices**



### Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- Aircraft equipment
- Aerospace equipment
- Undersea equipment
- Power plant control equipment
- Medical equipment
- Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- Traffic signal equipment
- Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- Data-processing equipment
- Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

# \land Note

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- 3. If you have any concerns about materials other than those listed in the RoHS directive, please contact us.
- 4. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.
- 5. Please don't wash this product under any conditions.



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### Product Specification

Product Specification in this datasheet are as of August 2020. Specifications and features may change in any manner without notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers.

#### Sales contact For additional information, contact Sales at <u>https://www.murata.com/contactform</u>.

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### Patent Statement

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