

# multicomp PRO



## Digital Multimeter MP730424 Programming Manual

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## Introduction to the SCPI Language

### Syntax Rules

SCPI language itself defines a group of sub-system keywords, and at the same time allows users to add or reduce keywords. Those keywords can be some meaningful English words and are easy to remember, which are called mnemonics. Mnemonic has long and short types. The short are the abbreviation of the long. Use specific character to separate keywords, data and sentences.

#### Rule to format mnemonics

- 1) If the letter number of an English word is less than or equal to 4, then the word itself can be the mnemonic.(such as "Free" can be "FREE" );
- 2) If the letter number of an English word exceeds 4, then the first four letters will be the mnemonic.(such as "Frequency" can be "FREQ" );
- 3) If the forth letter is vowel, then mnemonic uses the former three letters. Vowels consists of a, e, i, o, and u.(such as "Power" can be "POW" );
- 4) If it is not a word but a sentence, then use the first letters of the former words and the whole of the last word. (such as "Input Voltage " can be "IVOLtage" )

## Usage of symbols

### 1) Space

The space is used to separate command and parameter.

### 2) Colon:

If the colon is in front of the first character, it means the following is Root Command. When the colon is set between two keywords, then it means moving from the current level to the next level.

### 3) \*asterisk

The commands start with asterisk are named Common Command, which is used to execute IEEE488.2 common commands.

### 4) Braces{}

The parameters enclosed in the braces are optional and are usually separated by the vertical bar "|". When using this command, one of the parameters must be selected.

### 5) Vertical Bar |

The vertical bar is used to separate multiple parameters and one of the parameters must be selected when using the command.

### 6) Triangle Brackets < >

The parameter enclosed in the triangle brackets must be replaced by an effective value.

## Parameter Type

### 1) Value

The command required to use value type parameter. It's compatible with all the common decimal display terms including optional symbol, decimal point, scientific notation and etc.

Specific value such as MIN, MAX and DEF are available.

*VOLTage:{AC|DC}:RANGE {<range>}|MINimum|MAXimum}*

### 2) Discrete

The parameter should be one of the values listed. For example,

*TEMPerature:RTD:UNIT {C|F|K}*

### 3) Integer

Unless otherwise noted, the parameter can be any integer (NR1 format) within the effective value range. Note that, do not set the parameter to a decimal, otherwise errors will occur.

### 4) Bool

The parameter could be "OFF", "ON", for example,

*TEMPerature:RTD:NULL {OFF|ON}*

## Command Abbreviation

Each SCPI command can be written mixed with uppercase and lowercase according to the syntax rules, and the capital letter part is just the abbreviation of the command. If abbreviation is used, all the capital letters in the command must be written completely. For parameters with units, please refer to the detail parameter specifications in the sub-system.

*VOLTage:DC:RANGE*

*Abbreviation Below:*

*VOLT:DC:RANG*

## Third-party API

The SCPI protocol of this product adopts USB port or LAN port to communication.

If you want to use the software of our company, after you open the software, click to enter remote control, then click the SCPI command on the remoter control interface to enable SCPI protocol and communicate through SCPI protocol.

## IEEE488.2 Common Commands

### \*IDN

Return the ID character string of the instrument

#### Description

The query returns the ID character string of the instrument.

### \*RST

Restore the instrument to its default value.

## SCPI Command List

### SENSe command subsystem

SenSe subsystem configuration. The basic SenSe command is [SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2], which can choose main display and sub display measurement function. FUNCtion[1|2] to switch mode.

Other SenSe command only change specific mode parameter, don't change mode, for example:

VOLT:AC:RANGE:AUTO ON command will start AC voltage mode and auto-measure, but don't switch to AC voltage mode.

#### [SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2]

##### Command format

[SENSe:]FUNCtion[2] "<function>"  
[SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2]?

##### Function description

Select measure function, some functions can only be selected as main display.

##### Parameter

###### [1|2]

1 for main display, 2 for sub display. If leave out this parameter, display defaults at 1 (main display).

**The parameter for [SENSe:]FUNCtion[2] "<function>", that is, can only been used as sub display:**

Name	Type	Parameter	Measure Function
<function>	discrete	FREQuency	Secondary display opening frequency measurement
		NONE	close sub display

**Return format**

Use quotation to keep abbreviated selected return function, no available keyword.

Return value	Measure function
VOLT AC	AC voltage measure
VOLT	DC voltage measure
CURR AC	AC current measure
CURR	DC current measure
FREQ	Frequency measure
PER	Period measure
CAP	Capacitance measure
CONT	Continuity test
DIOD	Diode test
FRES	Four-wire Resistance measure
RES	Resistance measure
TEMP	Temperature measure

**For FUNCtion2? command, if not start dual display, then return NOne.**

### [SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:TYPe

#### Syntax

*[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:TYPe {<RTD Type>}*  
*[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:TYPe?*

#### Description

Select RTD type for temperature measurement.

#### Parameter

Name	Type	Range
<RTD Type >	Discrete	KITS90, PT100

#### Return format

Return the query result by character.

### [SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:UNIT

#### Syntax

*[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:UNIT {C/F/K}*

#### Description

Select temperature unit for temperature measurement, optional for C (Celsius), F(Fahrenheit), K(Kelvin).

#### Return format

Return the query result by character

## [SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:SHOW

### Syntax

*[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:SHOW {TEMP|MEAS|ALL}*

### Description

Select temperature measurement display mode, optional for TEMP (only display temperature), MEAS (only display measured value), ALL (display both temperature and measured value)

### Return format

Return the query result by character

## [SENSe:]CONT:THREshold

### Syntax

*[SENSe:]CONT:THREshold <values>*

### Description

Sets the continuity threshold

## CONFigure command sub system

CONFigure sub system is used to switch measure mode

### CONFigure[:SCALar][:VOLTage]:{AC|DC}

### Syntax

*CONFigure[:SCALar][:VOLTage]:{AC|DC} [<range>]*

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process AC/DC voltage measurement. Then set the measuring range.

## Parameter

Name	Type	Range
<range>	Discrete	AC: 500E-3(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 750(750V) DC: 500E-3(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 1000(1000V)

## CONFigure[:SCALar]:CURRent:{AC|DC}

### Syntax

*CONFigure[:SCALar]:CURRent:{AC/DC} [<range>]*

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process AC/DC current measurement. Then set the measuring range.

## Parameter

Name	Type	Range
<range>	Discrete	AC: 500E-3(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 750(750V) DC: 50E-3(50mV), 500E-3(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 1000(1000V)

## CONFigure[:SCALar]:{RESistance|FRESistance}

### Syntax

*CONFigure[:SCALar]:{RESistance|FRESistance} [<range>]*

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process RESistance and FRESistance measurement. Then set the measuring range.

## Parameter

Name	Type	Range
<range>	Discrete	500(500Ω), 5E3(5KΩ), 50E3(50KΩ), 500E3(500KΩ), 5E6(5MΩ), 50E6(50MΩ), 500E6(500MΩ)

Note: the maximum range of four-wire resistance is 50KΩ.

## CONFigure[:SCALar]:{FREQuency|PERiod}

### Syntax

**CONFigure[:SCALar]:{FREQuency | PERiod}**

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process FREQuency/PERiod measurement.

## CONFigure[:SCALar]:CAPacitance

### Syntax

**CONFigure[:SCALar]:CAPacitance [<range>]**

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process capacitance measurement. Then set the scale.

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range
<range>	Discrete	50E-9(50nF),500E-9(500nF),5E-6(5uF),50E-6(50uF),500E-6(500uF),5E-3(5mF), 50E-3(50mF)

**CONFigure[:SCALar]:TEMPerature:RTD****Syntax**

*CONFigure[:SCALar]:TEMPerature:RTD [{<RTD Type>}]*

**Description**

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process temperature measurement. Then set the PT type.

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range
<RTD Type >	Discrete	KITS90, PT100

**CONFigure[:SCALar]:DIODe****Syntax**

*CONFigure[:SCALar]:DIODe*

**Description**

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process diode measurement.

**Parameter****CONFigure[:SCALar]:CONTinuity****Syntax**

*CONFigure[:SCALar]:CONTinuity*

**Description**

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process continuity test.

**Parameter****CALCulate command Subsystem**

CALCulate command is used to manage math function (Sum up, db/dbm, relative value),

Function command is used to switch math mode (from three modes). AVERage, DB,DBM, NULL  
command is used to set corresponding function parameter, won't change the current math  
function.

**CALCulate:AVERage:ALL?****Syntax**

*CALCulate:AVERage:ALL?*

**Description**

Query returns the minimum value, maximum value , average value and count of all  
measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

**Parameter**

(none)

## **CALCulate:AVERage:AVERage?**

### **Syntax**

***CALCulate:AVERage:AVERage?***

### **Description**

Query returns the average value of all measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

### **Parameter**

(none)

## **CALCulate:AVERage:MAXimum?**

### **Syntax**

***CALCulate:AVERage:MAXimum?***

### **Description**

Query returns the maximum value of all measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

### **Parameter**

(none)

**CALCulate:AVERage:MINimum?****Syntax*****CALCulate:AVERage:MINimum?*****Description**

Query returns the minimum value of all measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

**Parameter**

(none)

**CALCulate:DB:REFerence****Syntax*****CALCulate:DB:REFerence <Ref R>******CALCulate:DB:REFerence?*****Description**

Set DB relative resistance.

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range
<Ref R>	Discrete	50, 75, 93, 110, 124, 125, 135, 150, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200, 8000

**CALCulate:DBM:REFerence****Syntax*****CALCulate:DBM:REFerence <Ref R>******CALCulate:DBM:REFerence?***

## Description

Set DBM relative resistance.

## Parameter

Name	Type	Range
<Ref R>	Discrete	50, 75, 93, 110, 124, 125, 135, 150, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200, 8000

## CALCulate:FUNCTION

### Syntax

**CALCulate:FUNCTION {NULL/DB/DBM/AVERage}**

**CALCulate:FUNCTION?**

## Description

Set mathematic calculation as NULL, DB, DBM, AVERage.

## CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet

### Syntax

**CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet {<value>/MINimum/MAXimum}**

**CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet? [MINimum/MAXimum]**

## Description

Set relative value.

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range
<value>		

**CALCulate:STATe****Syntax**

**CALCulate:STATe {OFF}**

**Description**

Close MATH function

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range
<bool>	Bool	{OFF}

**SYSTem command Subsystem****SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe****Syntax**

**SYSTem:BEEPer:STATE {ON/OFF}**

**SYSTem:BEEPer:STATE?**

**Description**

Start or close the buzzer

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range	默认值
<bool>	Bool	{ON OFF}	ON

**Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query.

**SYSTem:DATE?****Syntax**

**SYSTem:DATE?**

**Description**

Query date (includes year, month and day) inside device real-time clock

**Parameter****Return format**

Return query result

**SYSTem:TIME?****Syntax**

**SYSTem:TIME?**

**Description**

Query time (includes hour, minute and second) inside device real-time clock

## Parameter

### Return format

Return query result

## SYSTem:LOCal

### Syntax

*SYSTem:LOCal*

### Description

Exit SCPI mode

## Parameter

## SYSTem:REMote

### Syntax

*SYSTem:REMote*

### Description

Enter SCPI mode

## Parameter

## Other commands

### AUTO

#### Syntax

*AUTO*  
*AUTO?*

#### Description

Enable autoscale

#### Parameter

#### Return format

Return autoscale setting, 1 for auto, 0 for manual

### RANGE

#### Syntax

*RANGE {<range1>/DEF}*

#### Description

Set measuring range

#### Parameter

Name	Type	Range	
<range1>	Discrete	DCV	1(50mV), 2(500mV), 3(5V), 4(50V), 5(500V), 6(1000V)
		ACV	1(500mV), 2(5V), 3(50V), 4(500V), 5(750V)
		DCI	1(500uA), 2(5mA), 3(50mA), 4(500mA), 5(5A), 6(10A)
		ACI	1(500uA), 2(5mA), 3(50mA), 4(500mA), 5(5A), 6(10A)
		RES	1(500Ω), 2(5KΩ), 3(50KΩ), 4(500KΩ), 5(5MΩ), 6(50MΩ)
		CAP	1(50nF), 2(500nF), 3(5uF), 4(50uF), 5(500uF), 6(5mF) ,7(50mF)
		TEMP	1(KITS90),2(PT100)

**RATE****Syntax**

*RATE <speed>*

*RATE?*

**Description**

Set speed.

**Parameter**

Name	Type	Range
<speed>	Discrete	F:high speed; M:middle speed; L:low speed

**Return format**

Return current speed, F for high speed, M for middle speed, L for low speed.

**MEAS?****Syntax**

*MEAS?*

**Description**

If start dual display, return main and sub display measured value; or return main display measure value.

**Parameter**

### **Return format**

Return measured result by scientific notation. If start dual display, the return format is: main display measured value, sub display measured value.

### **MEAS1?**

#### **Syntax**

**MEAS1?**

#### **Description**

Return main display measured value

#### **Parameter**

### **Return format**

Return measured result by scientific notation.

### **MEAS2?**

#### **Syntax**

**MEAS2?**

#### **Description**

Return sub display measured value

#### **Parameter**

### **Return format**

Return measured result by scientific notation.

**INFORMATION ON WASTE DISPOSAL FOR CONSUMERS OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT.**

When this product has reached the end of its life it must be treated as Waste Electrical & Electronics Equipment (WEEE). Any WEEE marked products must not be mixed with general household waste, but kept separate for the treatment, recovery and recycling of the materials used. Contact your local authority for details of recycling schemes in your area.



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