NI PXIe-4330/4331 Specifications

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This document lists specifications for the NI PXIe-4330/4331 module. These specifications are typical for the range of 0 °C to 55 °C unless otherwise stated. The system must be allowed to warm up for 15 minutes to achieve the rated accuracy. All specifications are subject to change without notice. Visit ni.com/manuals for the most current specifications and product documentation.



Caution The inputs of this sensitive test and measurement product are not protected from electromagnetic interference for functional reasons. As a result, this product may experience reduced measurement accuracy or other temporary performance degradation when cables are attached in an environment with electromagnetic interference present. Refer to the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for this product for details of the standards applied to assess electromagnetic compatibility performance. To obtain the DoC, visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.



Note Keep the filler panels on all unused slots in your chassis to maintain forced air cooling.

Innut Characteristics

Data transfers Direct memory access

input onalauteristius			
Number of channels	8 analog input channels	Sample rates (f_s)	
ADC resolution	24 bits	NI PXIe-4330	1 S/s to 100 S/s in 1 S/s increments,
Type of ADC	Delta-Sigma (with analog prefiltering)		100 S/s to 25.6 kS/s in 100 S/s increments
Sampling mode	Simultaneous	NI PXIe-4331	1 S/s to 100 S/s in 1 S/s increments,
Input ranges			100 S/s to 102.4 kS/s
$V_{ex} \le 2.5 \text{ V} \dots$	±100 mV/V		in 100 S/s increments
$V_{ex} \ge 2.75 \text{ V} \dots$	±25 mV/V	Fault protection (powered On o	or Off)
Common-mode voltage input range (V _{cm})	±2 V	Signal	Level
CMRR (DC to 1 kHz)	85 dB	AI ±<07>, RS ±<07>,	±30 V to GND
FIFO buffer size	1,023 samples	T ±<07>	

(DMA), Programmed I/O

Signal	Level
AI ±<07>, RS ±<07>, T ±<07>	±30 V to GND
EX ±<07>	Short-circuit protected

None

±24 V to GND

QTR/SC <0..7>

RSVD



Bridge Completion

Modes	Full, half, quarter
Selection	Software selectable, per channel
Half-bridge completion	
Tolerance	±500 µV/V max
Stability	2.5 μ V/V per °C max
Quarter-bridge completion	
Values	120 Ω , 350 Ω , 1 k Ω
Tolerance	0.1% max
Stability	10 ppm/°C max

Shunt Calibration

Selection	.Software selectable, per channel
Location	Internal across quarter-bridge completion, External referenced to negative excitation
Values	.33.333 kΩ, 50 kΩ, 100 kΩ
Tolerance	.0.1% max
Stability	.10 ppm/°C max

Excitation Characteristics

Selection	Software selectable, per channel
Excitation type	Constant differential voltage (balanced)
Values (V _{ex})	.0.625 V, 1 V, 1.5 V, 2 V, 2.5 V, 2.75 V, 3.3 V, 5 V, 7.5 V, 10 V
Tolerance	. ±0.5% ±83 mV max
Minimum current	. 29 mA

Maximum voltage excitation settings versus bridge configurations

Bridge Resistance (individual element)	Bridge Configuration	V _{ex} (max)
120 Ω	Full	3.3 V
120 \$2	Half and Quarter	5 V
250.0	Full	10 V
350 Ω	Half and Quarter	10 V
110	Full	10 V
1 kΩ	Half and Quarter	10 V

Excitation noise	$250 \mu V_{rms}$
	(bandwidth = 50 kHz)
Short-circuit protection	EX to GND and between
	terminals

Accuracy¹

For Sample Rates $\leq 51.2 \text{ kS/s}$

	Range:	±25 mV/V	Range: ±1	00 mV/V
Measurement Conditions*	Gain Error (% of Reading)	Offset Error $(\mu V/V)^{\dagger}$	Gain Error (% of Reading)	Offset Error (µV/V) [†]
typ (23 °C ±5 °C)	0.02%	$\frac{19 \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$	0.02%	$\frac{30 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$
max (23 °C ±5 °C)	0.05%	$\frac{108 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$	0.05%	$\frac{168 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$
max (0 °C to 55 °C)	0.1%	$\frac{198 \; \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$	0.1%	$\frac{258 \mu\text{V}}{V_{ex}}$

^{*} Before offset null or shunt calibration, $-0.1~V \le V_{cm} \le 0.1~V$.

Note: V_{ex} is the excitation voltage setting.

For Sample Rates > 51.2 kS/s (NI PXIe-4331 only)

	Range: ±25 n	ıV/V	Range: ±100	mV/V
Measurement Conditions*	Gain Error (% of Reading)	Offset Error (μV/V) [†]	Gain Error (% of Reading)	Offset Error (μV/V) [†]
typ (23 °C ±5 °C)	$0.02\% + 0.01\% \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{39 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$	$0.02\% + 0.01\% \cdot \frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{50 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$
max (23 °C ±5 °C)	$0.05\% + 0.015\% \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{138 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$	$0.05\% + 0.015\% \cdot \frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{198 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$
max (0 °C to 55 °C)	$0.1\% + 0.015\% \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{228 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$	$0.1\% + 0.015\% \cdot \frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{288 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$

^{*} Before offset null or shunt calibration, –0.1 V \leq V $_{cm} \leq$ 0.1 V.

Note: V_{ex} is the excitation voltage setting.

Absolute Accuracy

Absolute Accuracy = Reading · Gain Error + Offset Error + Noise Uncertainty,

Noise Uncertainty = $3 \cdot \text{Random Noise} / \sqrt{\# \text{samples}}$

where Random Noise is the Input noise for the Sample Rate used,

3 converts the RMS value to peak value,

samples is the number of samples averaged

If the operating ambient temperature is outside the range of 23 $^{\circ}$ C ± 5 $^{\circ}$ C,

include additional gain error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and additional offset error of delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability where delta $T \cdot Gain$ Stability and $T \cdot$

[†] Offset error excludes noise. Refer to the *Input noise* specifications.

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¹ Accuracies listed are warranted for the conditions described in the tables and for up to one year from the module external calibration.

Temperature Stability

Gain stability12 ppm/°C max

Offset stability4.5 µV/V_{ex} per °C max

Relative Gain and Offset Stabillity for Sample Rates >51.2 kS/s (PXIe-4331 only)

The following table represents relative gain and offset errors corresponding to the indicated temperature changes. These errors are already included in the accuracy specifications. Absolute Accuracy, Example 4 shows an example of inclusion of the relative offset stability following a bridge-offset null operation.

	Range: ±25 mV/V	25 mV/V	Range: ±100 mV/V	00 mV/V
Temperature Change	Gain Stability (ppm of Reading) max	Offset Stability (µV/V) max	Gain Stability (ppm of Reading) max	Offset Stability (µV/V) max
J∘ I∓	$12 \text{ ppm} + 47 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{20 \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$	$12 \text{ ppm} + 47 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{20 \ \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$
7° 2±	$24 \text{ ppm} + 70 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{26 \ \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$	24 ppm + 70 ppm · $\frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{26~\mu\mathrm{V}}{V_{ex}}$
J° £±	$36 \text{ ppm} + 95 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{33 \mu \mathrm{V}}{V_{ex}}$	$36 \text{ ppm} + 95 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{25 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{33 \mu \mathrm{V}}{V_{ex}}$
J∘ 5∓	$60 \text{ ppm} + 120 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{52.5 \; \mu \mathrm{V}}{V_{ex}}$	60 ppm + 120 ppm · $\frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{52.5 \; \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$
More than ±5 °C	$\frac{12 \text{ ppm}}{\circ \text{C}} + 120 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{10 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{4.5 \mu V}{V_{ex}} \text{per} {}^{\circ}\text{C} + \frac{30 \mu V}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{12 \text{ ppm}}{{}_{\circ}\text{C}} + 120 \text{ ppm} \cdot \frac{2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{ex}}$	$\frac{4.5 \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}} \text{ per } ^{\circ}\text{C} + \frac{30 \mu \text{V}}{V_{ex}}$
Note : 1 ppm = 0.0001%	01%			

Absolute Accuracy Example Calculations

Refer to the *Absolute Accuracy* section for the definition of absolute accuracy.

Example 1

For the 25 mV/V range with an excitation voltage of 10 V, an external temperature of 33 °C, a sample rate of 25.6 kS/s, with a sample of 100 readings, the absolute accuracy at full scale is as follows:

```
deltaT = 33 °C – 28 °C = 5 °C 

Gain Error = 0.05\% + (0.0012\%/^{\circ}C) \cdot 5 °C = 0.056\%

Offset Error = 108 \,\mu\text{V}/10 \,\text{V} + (4.5 \,\mu\text{V}/10 \,\text{V}/^{\circ}C) \cdot 5 °C = 13.05 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V}

Noise Uncertainty = 3 \cdot 0.18 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} / \sqrt{100} = 0.054 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V}

Absolute Accuracy = 25 \,\text{mV}/\text{V} \cdot 0.056\% + 13.05 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} + 0.054 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} = 27.1 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V}
```

Example 2

For the 25 mV/V range with an excitation voltage of 7.5 V, an external temperature of 33 °C, a sample rate of 60 kS/s, with a sample of 100 readings, the absolute accuracy at full scale is as follows:

```
deltaT = 33 °C - 28 °C = 5 °C 

Gain Error = (0.05\% + 0.015\% \cdot 10 \text{ V/7.5 V}) + (0.0012\% / ^{\circ}\text{C}) \cdot 5 °C = 0.076\%

Offset Error = 138 \,\mu\text{V/7.5 V} + (4.5 \,\mu\text{V/7.5 V} / ^{\circ}\text{C}) \cdot 5 °C = 21.4 \,\mu\text{V/V}

Noise Uncertainty = 3 \cdot 0.5 \,\mu\text{V/V} \cdot \sqrt{60 \,\text{kS/s}/102.4 \,\text{kS/s}} / \sqrt{100} = 0.115 \,\mu\text{V/V}

Absolute Accuracy = 25 \,\text{mV/V} \cdot 0.076\% + 21.4 \,\mu\text{V/V} + 0.115 \,\mu\text{V/V} = 40.5 \,\mu\text{V/V}
```

Example 3

This example includes the accuracy calculation within ±5 °C of a bridge-null operation.

For the 25 mV/V range with an excitation voltage of 10 V, an external temperature of 32 $^{\circ}$ C, a sample rate of 25.6 kS/s, with a sample of 100 readings, and measurements within ± 5 $^{\circ}$ C of a bridge-null operation, the absolute accuracy at 2 mV/V is as follows:

```
deltaT = 32 °C – 28 °C = 4 °C deltaT_from_bridge_null = 5 °C Gain Error = 0.05\% + (0.0012\%)°C) · 4 °C = 0.055\% Offset Error = (4.5 \,\mu\text{V}/10 \,\text{V})°C) · 5 °C = 2.25 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} Noise Uncertainty = 3 \cdot 0.18 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} / \sqrt{100} = 0.054 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} Absolute Accuracy = 2 \,\text{mV}/\text{V} \cdot 0.055\% + 2.25 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} + 0.054 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V} = 3.4 \,\mu\text{V}/\text{V}
```

Example 4

This example includes the accuracy calculation within ±6 °C of a bridge-null operation for sample rates above 51.2 kS/S.

For the 25 mV/V range with an excitation voltage of 7.5 V, an external temperature of 32 $^{\circ}$ C, a sample rate of 60 kS/s, with a sample of 100 readings, and measurements within ± 6 $^{\circ}$ C of a bridge-null operation, the absolute accuracy at 2 mV/V is as follows:

```
deltaT = 32 °C - 28 °C = 4 °C deltaT_from_bridge_null = 6 °C Gain Error = (0.05\% + 0.015\% \cdot 10 \text{ V/7.5 V}) + (0.0012\%/^{\circ}\text{C}) \cdot 4 °C = 0.0748\% Offset Error = (4.5 \,\mu\text{V/7.5 V/^{\circ}C}) \cdot 6 °C + 30 \,\mu\text{V/7.5 V} = 7.6 \,\mu\text{V/V} Noise Uncertainty = 3 \cdot 0.5 \,\mu\text{V/V} \cdot \sqrt{60 \,\text{kS/s}/102.4 \,\text{kS/s}} / \sqrt{100} = 0.115 \,\mu\text{V/V} Absolute Accuracy = 2 \,\text{mV/V} \cdot 0.0748\% + 7.6 \,\mu\text{V/V} + 0.115 \,\mu\text{V/V} = 9.2 \,\mu\text{V/V}
```

Excitation Voltage	Total $(\mu V/V_{rms})^*$, $f_s = 25.6 \text{ kS/s}$, 350 Ω Full Bridge	Total $(\mu V/V_{rms})^{\dagger}$, $f_s = 102.4 \text{ kS/s}$, 350 Ω Full Bridge
0.625 V	2.97	5.94
1 V	1.84	3.69
1.5 V	1.23	2.45
2 V	0.92	1.84
2.5 V	0.74	1.47
2.75 V	0.67	1.34
3.3 V	0.56	1.12
5 V	0.37	0.74
7.5 V	0.25	0.50
10 V	0.18	0.36
* For lower sample rates multiply by $\sqrt{\frac{f_s}{25.6 \text{ kS/s}}}$		

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ For lower sample rates multiply by $\sqrt{\frac{f_s}{102.4~\mathrm{kS/s}}}$

Channel-to-channel matching

Module	Input Signal Frequency (f _{in})	Gain (max)	Phase (max)
NI PXIe-4330/ NI PXIe-4331	DC to 10 kHz	0.12%	0.032° · f
NI PXIe-4331	DC to 20 kHz	0.3%	kHz Jin

Phase linearity $(f_{in} = DC \text{ to } 20 \text{ kHz}) \dots \pm 0.05^{\circ}$ Spurious free dynamic range (SFDR) 1 kHz, -60 dB FS......100 dB Total harmonic distortion (THD) 1 kHz, -1 dB FS.....-88 dB Crosstalk $(f_{in} = 10 \text{ kHz}, \text{not including cable effects}) \dots -100 dB$

Sample Rate (f _s)	Filter Delay (Samples)
$25.7 \text{ kS/s} \le f_s \le 102.4 \text{ kS/s}$	41
12.9 kS/s $\leq f_s \leq$ 25.6 kS/s	36
$6.5 \text{ kS/s} \le f_s \le 12.8 \text{ kS/s}$	34
$3.3 \text{ kS/s} \le f_s \le 6.4 \text{ kS/s}$	33
$26 \text{ S/s} \le f_s \le 3.2 \text{ kS/s}$	32
13 S/s $\leq f_s \leq$ 25 S/s	17
$9 \text{ S/s} \le f_s \le 12 \text{ S/s}$	11
7 S/s, 8 S/s	9
6 S/s	7
4 S/s, 5 S/s	6
3 S/s	5
2 S/s	3
1 S/s	2

Analog input delay......1.1 μs

Bandwidth and Alias Rejection

Passband

Frequency (for 26 S/s $\leq f_s \leq$ 25.6 kS/s) 0.40 · f_s Frequency (for $f_s >$ 25.6 kS/s) ... 0.45 · f_s

Flatness 0.05 dB max

Stopband

Alias-free bandwidth...... $0.45 \cdot f_s$

Minimum frequency

for ADC alias hole 1.6384 MHz

Rejection at alias hole......53 dB

Transducer Electronic Data Sheet (TEDS) Support

Number of channels 8

Digital Filter Group Delay defines the maximum amount of time required after the digitization of a sample begins until the sample is available to be read. The Sample Clock generated by this device for exporting across the NI PXIe backplane is not affected by the Digital Filter Group Delay.

Internal	Frequency	Timebase
Charact	eristics	

Synchronization

Reference clock source Onboard 100 MHz clock,
Backplane
PXIe_CLK100

Triggers

Analog trigger	
Source	AI <07>
Purpose	Reference trigger only
	Full scale (depending on input range), programmable
	Rising-edge, Rising-edge with hysteresis, Falling-edge, Falling-edge with hysteresis, Entering Window, Leaving Window
Resolution	24-bits
Digital trigger	
	PXI_TRIG<07>, PXI_STAR, PXIe_DSTAR <ab></ab>
Purpose	Start or reference trigger
Polarity	Software-selectable
Debounce filter settings	Disable, 90 ns, 5.12 μs, 2.56 ms, custom interval

Output Timing Signals

Sources	Sample Clock,
	Start Trigger Out,
	Reference Trigger Out
Destinations	PXI_TRIG<07>,
	PXIe_DSTAR C
Polarity	Software-selectable

Bus Interface

.x1 PXI Express
peripheral module,
Specification rev 1.0
compliant
.x1 and x4 PXI Express or PXI Express hybrid slots
.1, analog input

Calibration

You can obtain the calibration certificate and information about calibration services for the NI PXIe-4330/4331 at ni.com/calibration.

Power Requirements

+12 Y	V	 1.	3 A
+3.3	V	 1.	1 A

Physical Requirements

•	
Dimensions	Standard 3U PXIe,
	$16 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$
	$(6.3 \text{ in.} \times 3.9 \text{ in.})$
Weight	152 g (5.3 oz)
I/O connector	96-pin male DIN 41612/ IEC 60603-2 connector.

Environmental Specifications

Maximum altitude	2,000 m (800 mbar)
Pollution Degree	2
Indoor use only	

Operating Environment

Ambient temperature range0 °C to 55 °C

(Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2. Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3 low temperature limit and MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 high temperature

Relative humidity range10% to 90%,

noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)

limit.)

Storage Environment

Ambient temperature range-40 °C to 71 °C

(Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2. Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3 limits.)

Relative humidity range5% to 95%,

noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)

Shock and Vibration

Operating shock......30 g peak, half-sine,

11 ms pulse (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-27. Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 limits.)

Random vibration

Non-operating test profile exceeds the requirements of MIL-PRF-28800F, Class 3.)

Safety

This product meets the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA 61010-1



Note For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label or the Online Product Certification section.

Measurement Category I



Caution Do *not* use for measurements within Measurement Categories II, III, or IV.

Electromagnetic Compatibility

This product meets the requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326-2-1 (IEC 61326-2-1): Class A emissions; Basic immunity
- EN 55011 (CISPR 11): Group 1, Class A emissions
- AS/NZS CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A emissions
- FCC 47 CFR Part 15B: Class A emissions
- ICES-001: Class A emissions



Note For the standards applied to assess the EMC of this product, refer to the Online Product Certification section.



Note For EMC compliance, operate this device with shielded cables and accessories.

CE Compliance $\subset \in$

This product meets the essential requirements of applicable European Directives as follows:

- 2006/95/EC; Low-Voltage Directive (safety)
- 2004/108/EC; Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC)

Online Product Certification

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for this product, visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

Environmental Management

NI is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial to the environment and to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the *NI and the Environment* Web page at ni.com/environment. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



EU Customers At the end of the product life cycle, all products *must* be sent to a WEEE recycling center. For more information about WEEE recycling centers, National Instruments WEEE initiatives, and compliance with WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste and Electronic Equipment, visit ni.com/environment/weee.

电子信息产品污染控制管理办法 (中国 RoHS)





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