

- ▶ True power monitoring in 1- or 3-phase mains
- ▶ Multifunction
- ▶ Fault latch
- ▶ Recognition of disconnected consumers
- ▶ Suitable for VFI (10 to 100Hz)
- ▶ Supply voltage selectable via power modules
- ▶ 1 change-over contact
- ▶ Width 22.5mm
- ▶ Industrial design



Technical data

1. Functions

True power monitoring in 1- or 3-phase mains with adjustable threshold, fixed hysteresis, timing for start-up suppression and tripping delay separately adjustable and the following functions (selectable by means of rotary switch)

OVER	Overload monitoring
OVER+I=0	Overload monitoring with recognition of disconnected consumers
UNDER	Underload monitoring
UNDER+I=0	Underload monitoring with recognition of disconnected consumers

2. Time ranges

	Adjustment range
Start-up suppression time:	1s 100s
Tripping delay:	0.1s 50s

3. Indicators

Green LED ON:	indication of supply voltage
Green LED flashing:	indication of start-up suppression time
Yellow LED R ON/OFF:	indication of relay output
Yellow LED I=0 ON/OFF:	indication of disconnected consumers
Red LED ON/OFF:	indication of failure of the corresponding threshold
Red LED flashing:	indication of tripping delay of the corresponding threshold

4. Mechanical design

Self-extinguishing plastic housing, IP rating IP40
 Mounted on DIN-Rail TS 35 according to EN 50022
 Mounting position: any
 Shockproof terminal connection according to VBG 4 (PZ1 required), IP rating IP20
 Tightening torque: max. 1Nm
 Terminal capacity:
 1 x 0.5 to 2.5mm² with/without multicore cable end
 1 x 4mm² without multicore cable end
 2 x 0.5 to 1.5mm² with/without multicore cable end
 2 x 2.5mm² flexible without multicore cable end

5. Input circuit

Supply voltage: 12 to 400V AC terminals A1-A2 (galvanically separated) selectable via power modules TR2
 Tolerance: according to specification of power module
 Rated frequency: according to specification of power module
 Rated consumption: 2VA (1.5W)
 Duration of operation: 100%
 Reset time: 500ms
 Residual ripple for DC: -
 Drop-out voltage: >30% of the supply voltage
 Overvoltage category: III (according to IEC 60664-1)
 Rated surge voltage: 4kV

6. Output circuit

1 potential free change-over contact
 Rated voltage: 250V AC
 Switching capacity (distance <5mm): 750VA (3A / 250V AC)
 Switching capacity (distance >5mm): 1250VA (5A / 250V AC)
 Fusing: 5A fast acting
 Mechanical life: 20 x 10⁶ operations
 Electrical life: 2 x 10⁵ operations at 1000VA resistive load
 max. 60/min at 100VA resistive load
 max. 6/min at 1000VA resistive load (according to IEC 947-5-1)
 Switching frequency: III (according to IEC 60664-1)
 Overvoltage category: III (according to IEC 60664-1)
 Rated surge voltage: 4kV

7. Measuring circuit

Measuring range P_N: 0.5, 1, 2 and 4kW selectable
 Wave form
 AC Sinus: 10 to 400Hz
 Sinus-weighted PWM: 10 to 100Hz
 Measuring-input voltage: terminals L1-L2-L3
 1-phase mains: 0 to 230V AC
 3-phase mains: 3~ 0 to 415/240V
 Overload capacity:
 1-phase mains: 300V AC
 3-phase mains: 3~ 500/289V
 Input resistance: 2MΩ
 Measuring-input current: terminals i-k
 Power range 0.5, 1kW: 0 to 6A
 Power range 2, 4kW: 0 to 12A (for I>8A distance >5mm)
 Overload capacity: 12A permanently
 Input resistance: <10mΩ
 Switching threshold: 5% to 120% of P_N
 Hysteresis: fixed, approx. 3% of P_N
 Overvoltage category: III (according to IEC 60664-1)
 Rated surge voltage: 4kV

8. Control contact Y (equipotential with measuring circuit)

Function: fault latch (Y1-Y2 bridged)
 Loadable: No
 Line length Y1-Y2: max. 10m (twisted pair)
 Control pulse length: -
 Reset: normally closed contact in the input circuit

9. Accuracy

Base accuracy: ±2% (of maximum scale value)
 Frequency response: ±0.025% / Hz
 Adjustment accuracy: ≤5% (of maximum scale value)
 Repetition accuracy: ±2%
 Voltage influence: -
 Temperature influence: ≤0.2% / °C

Technical data

10. Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature:	-25 to +55°C (according to IEC 68-1)
	-25 to +40°C (according to UL 508)
Storage temperature:	-25 to +70°C
Transport temperature:	-25 to +70°C
Relative humidity:	15% to 85% (according to IEC 721-3-3 class 3K3)

Pollution degree:	3 (according to IEC 60664-1)
Vibration resistance:	10 to 55Hz 0.35mm (according to IEC 68-2-6)
Shock resistance:	15g 11ms (according to IEC 68-2-27)

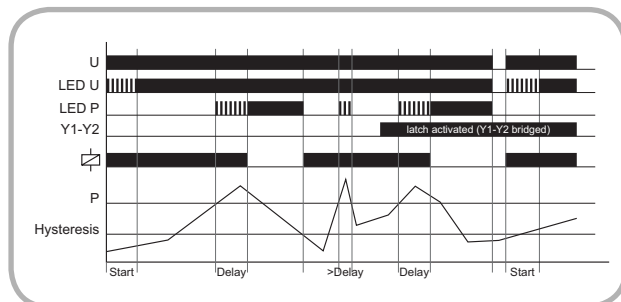
Functions

When the supply voltage U is applied, the output relays switch into on-position (yellow LED R and LED I=0 illuminated) and the set interval of the start-up suppression (START) begins (green LED U flashes). Changes of the measured true power during this period do not affect the state of the output relay. After the interval has expired the green LED is illuminated steadily.

Overload monitoring (OVER)

When the measured true power exceeds the value adjusted at the P_N -regulator, the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins (red LED P flashes). After the interval has expired (red LED P illuminated), the output relay switches into off-position (yellow LED R not illuminated). The output relay again switches into on-position (yellow LED R illuminated), when the measured true power falls below the value adjusted at the P_N -regulator by more than the fixed hysteresis (red LED P not illuminated).

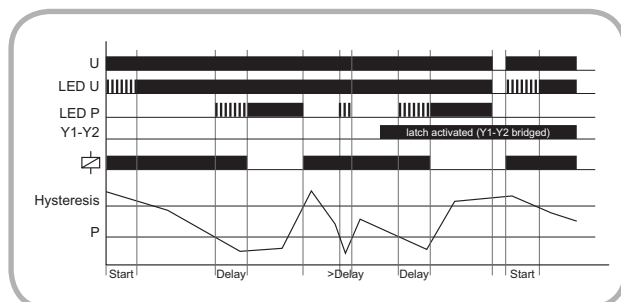
If the fault latch is activated (bridge Y1-Y2) and the measured true power remains above the MAX-value longer than the set interval of the tripping delay, the output relay remains in the off-position even if the measured true power falls below the value adjusted at the P_N -regulator by more than the fixed hysteresis. After resetting the failure (interrupting and re-applying the supply voltage), the output relay switches into on-position and a new measuring cycle begins with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).



Underload monitoring (UNDER)

When the measured true power falls below the value adjusted at the P_N -regulator, the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins (red LED P flashes). After the interval has expired (red LED P illuminated), the output relay switches into off-position (yellow LED R not illuminated). The output relay again switches into on-position (yellow LED R illuminated), when the measured true power exceeds the value adjusted at the P_N -regulator by more than the fixed hysteresis.

If the fault latch is activated (bridge Y1-Y2) and the measured true power remains below the P_N -value longer than the set interval of the tripping delay, the output relay remains in the off-position even if the measured true power exceeds the value adjusted at the P_N -regulator by more than the fixed hysteresis. After resetting the failure (interrupting and re-applying the supply voltage), the output relay switches into on-position and a new measuring cycle begins with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).

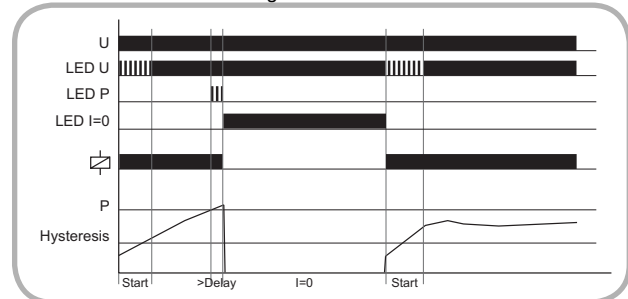


Recognition of disconnected consumers

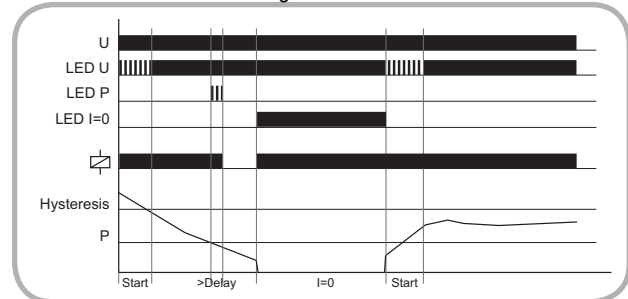
Recognition of disconnected consumers (I=0) is selectable for all functions.

When the current flow between i and k is interrupted (yellow LED I=0 illuminated) and no fault has been stored the operation of the output relay is inverted compared to the standard function. When the current flow is interrupted and the monitoring of overload is activated (OVER+I=0) the relay switches into off-position (yellow LED R not illuminated). If the monitoring of underload is activated (UNDER+I=0) the relay switches into on-position (yellow LED R illuminated). When the current flow is restored, the measuring cycle is restarted with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).

I=0 with overload monitoring

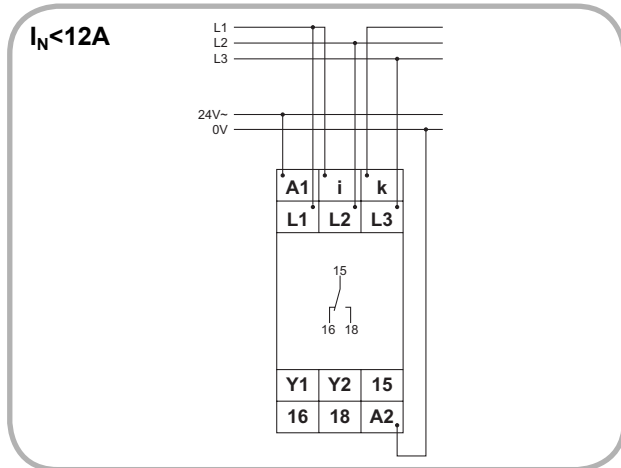


I=0 with underload monitoring

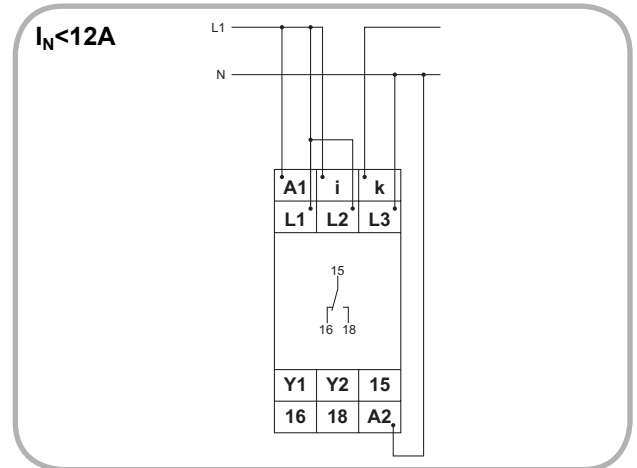


Connections

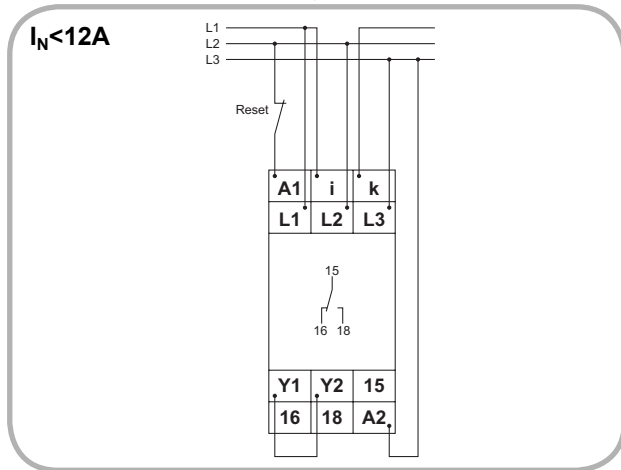
Connected to 3~ 400V mains with power module 24V AC without fault latch



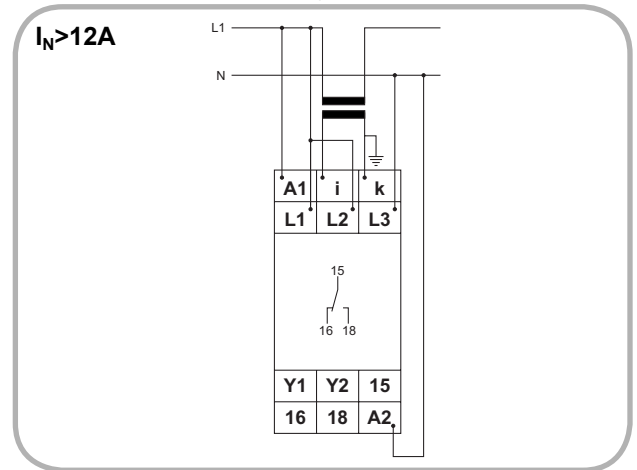
Connected to 1~ 230V mains with power module 230V AC without fault latch



Connected to 3~ 400V mains with power module 400V AC and fault latch

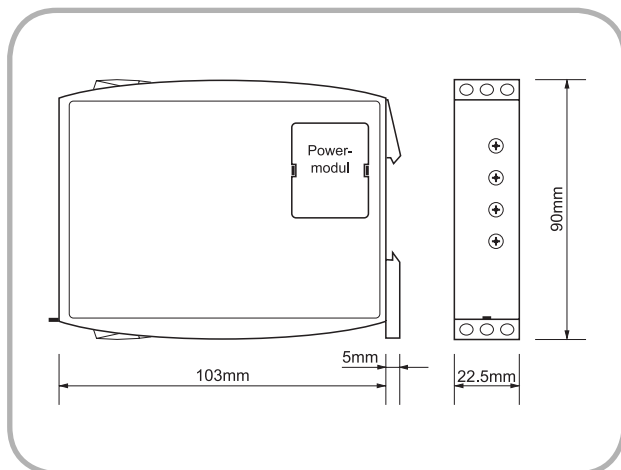


Connected to 1~ 230V mains with power module 230V AC without fault latch



Subject to alterations and errors

Dimensions



G2BM400V12AL10

 **Notes**

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