



# **ANT-W63WS1 Series**

# Blade-Style Dipole WiFi 6 Antenna

The Linx ANT-W63WS1 series antenna is a compact dipole blade-style antenna designed for superior performance in the 2.4 GHz, 5 GHz and 6 GHz bands supporting both WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E.

The W63WS1 provides a ground plane independent dipole antenna solution in a very compact package. The hinged rotating design allows for the antenna to be positioned for optimum performance and reduces the potential for damage from impact compared to a fixed whip design. The antenna is available with an SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket) connector for FCC Part 15 compliant applications.

# **FEATURES**

- Performance at 5.15 GHz to 5.85 GHz
  - VSWR: ≤ 1.7
  - Peak Gain: 5.8 dBi
  - Efficiency: 62%
- Performance at 5.925 GHz to 7.125 GHz
  - VSWR: ≤ 2.3
  - Peak Gain: 4.7 dBi
  - Efficiency: 59%
- Compact, low-profile
  - 85.5 mm x 16.4 mm x 11.5 mm
- Hinged, rotating design with detents for straight, 45 degree and 90 degree positioning
- SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket) connection

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- WiFi/WLAN coverage
  - WiFi 6E (802.11ax)
  - WiFi 6 (802.11ax)
  - WiFi 5 (802.11ac)
  - WiFi 4 (802.11n)
  - 802.11b/g
- 2.4 GHz ISM applications
  - Bluetooth®
  - ZigBee®
- U-NII bands 1-8
- Internet of Things (IoT) devices
- Smart Home networking
- Sensing and remote monitoring

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Description	
ANT-W63WS1-SMA	WiFi 6 blade-style antenna with SMA plug (male pin) connector	
ANT-W63WS1-RPS	WiFi 6 blade-style antenna with RP-SMA plug (female socket) connector	

Available from Linx Technologies and select distributors and representatives.

# TABLE 1. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ANT-W63WS1	ISM/WiFi	WiFi/U-NII 1-4	WiFi 6E/U-NII 5-8
Frequency Range	2400 MHz to 2485 MHz	5150 MHz to 5850 MHz	5925 MHz to 7125 MHz
VSWR (max)	2.3	1.7	2.3
Peak Gain (dBi)	7.7	5.8	4.7
Average Gain (dBi)	-2.4	-2.4	-2.6
Efficiency (%)	58	62	59
Cross-Polar Discrimination Limit @ 360° beamwidth (dB)	> 22.5	> 6.0	> 6.0
Beamwidth for XPD > 15 dB	360°	300°	340°
Polarization	Linear		
Radiation	Omnidirectional		
Max Power	5 W		
Wavelength	1/2-wave		
Electrical Type	Dipole		
Impedance	50 Ω		
Operating Temp. Range	-20 °C to +65 °C		

Electrical specifications and plots measured with the antenna in a straight orientation.

# **TABLE 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

ANT-W63WS1	
Connection	SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket)
Weight	10.3 g (0.36 oz)
Dimensions	85.5 mm x 16.4 mm x 11.5 mm (3.37 mm x 0.65 in x 0.45 in)

#### **PRODUCT DIMENSIONS**

Figure 1 provides dimensions of the ANT-W63WS1 series antenna. The antenna whip can be tilted 90 degrees, with a detent at 45 degrees enabling the antenna to be oriented in any direction. The rotating base allows for continuous positioning through 360 degrees even while installed.

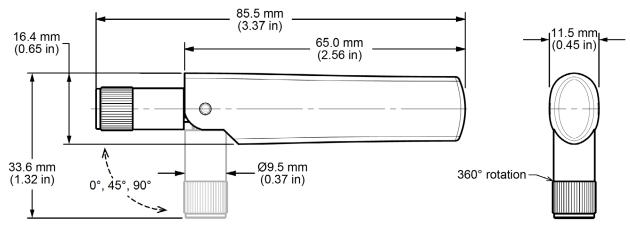


Figure 1. ANT-W63WS1 Antenna Product Dimensions

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

The W63WS1 antennas are individually placed in a clear plastic bag. Large quantities are packed in sealed, labeled, clear PVC bags. Distribution channels may offer alternative packaging options.

#### **ANTENNA ORIENTATION**

The W63WS1 series antenna is characterized in two antenna orientations as shown in Figure 2. The antenna straight orientation characterizes use of an antenna attached to an enclosure-mounted connector which is connected by cable to a printed circuit board. Although the antenna is a dipole not requiring a ground plane for function, characterizaton with an adjacent ground plane, (102 mm x 102 mm) provides insight into antenna performance when attached directly to a printed circuit board mounted connector. The two orientations represent the most common end-product use cases.

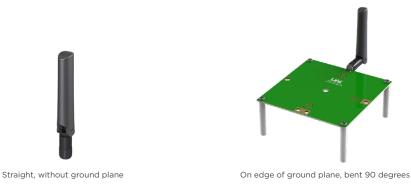


Figure 2. ANT-W63WS1 Series Antenna on evaluation PCB

### STRAIGHT, NO GROUND PLANE

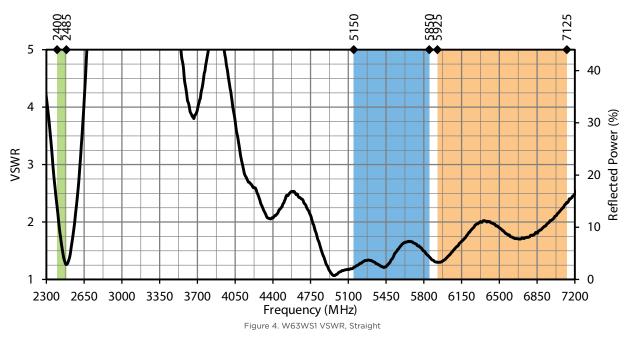
The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented straight, as shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. ANT-W63WS1-SMA Straight, No Ground Plane (Straight)

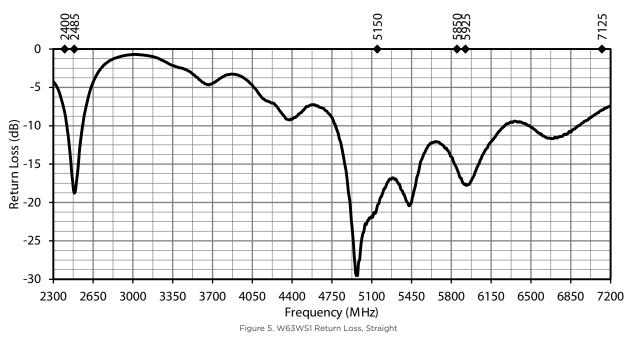
#### **VSWR**

Figure 4 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.



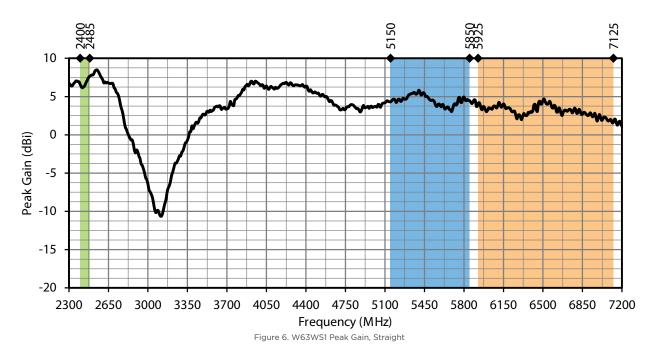
#### **RETURN LOSS**

Return loss (Figure 5), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.



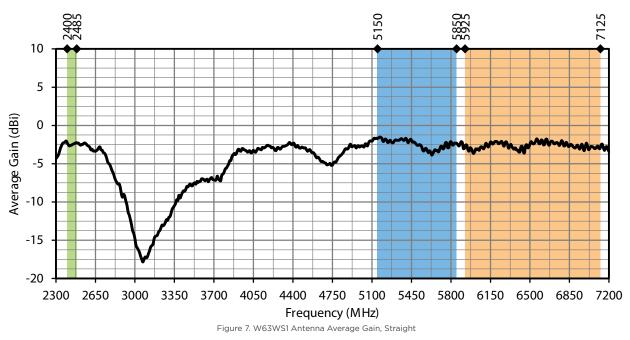
### **PEAK GAIN**

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 6. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.



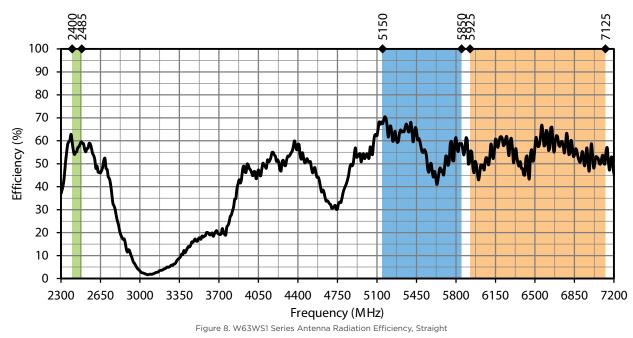
#### **AVERAGE GAIN**

Average gain (Figure 7), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.



#### **RADIATION EFFICIENCY**

Radiation efficiency (Figure 8), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.



#### **RADIATION PATTERNS**

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for a straight orientation are shown in Figure 9 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

# **RADIATION PATTERNS - STRAIGHT**

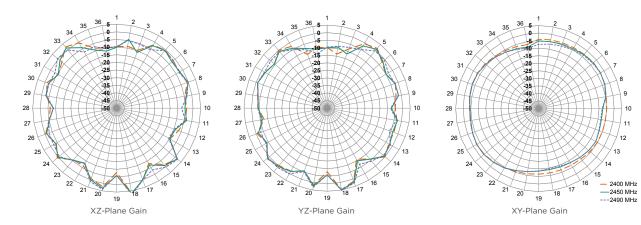




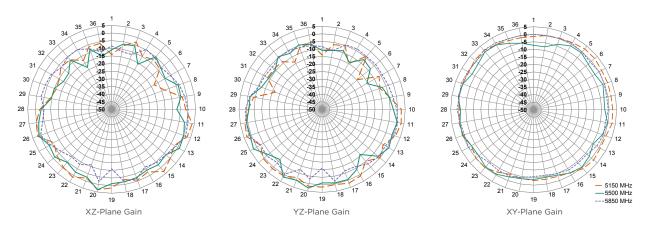


XY-Plane Gain

#### 2400 MHZ TO 2485 MHZ (2450 MHZ)



#### 5150 MHZ TO 5850 MHZ (5500 MHZ)



# 5925 MHZ TO 7125 MHZ (6500 MHZ)

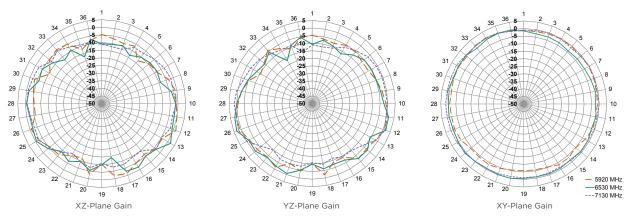


Figure 9. ANT-W63WS1 Antenna Radiation Patterns, Straight

# **EDGE OF GROUND PLANE, BENT 90 DEGREES**

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented at the edge of the ground plane, bent 90 degrees (Edge-Bent), as shown in Figure 10.

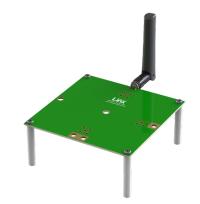
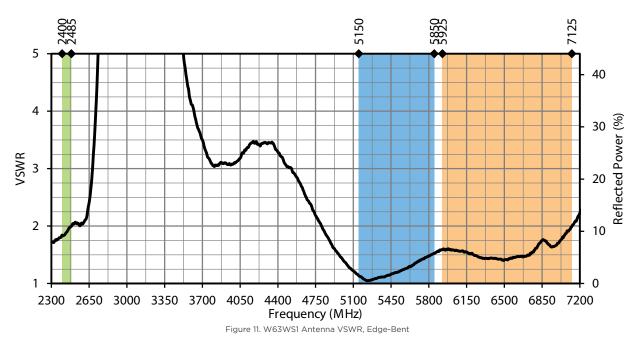


Figure 10. ANT-W63WS1 Series Antenna on Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees (Edge-Bent)

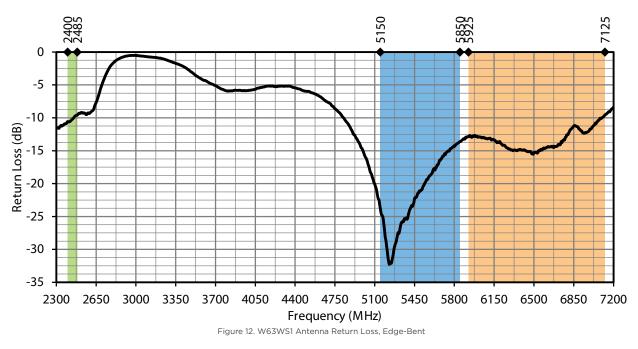
#### **VSWR**

Figure 11 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.



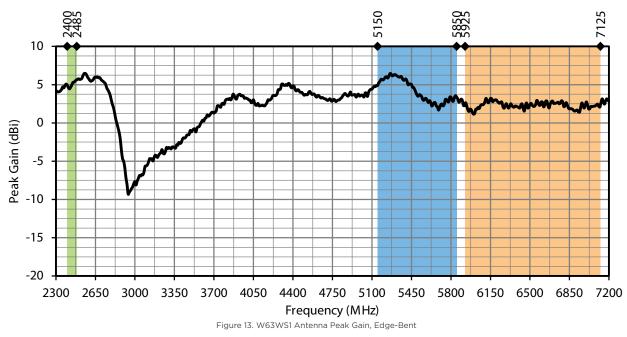
#### **RETURN LOSS**

Return loss (Figure 12), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.



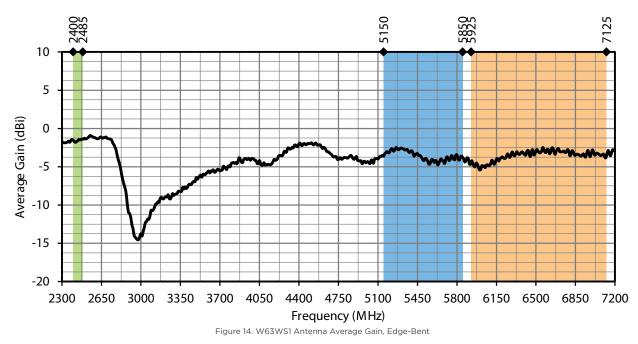
# **PEAK GAIN**

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 13. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.



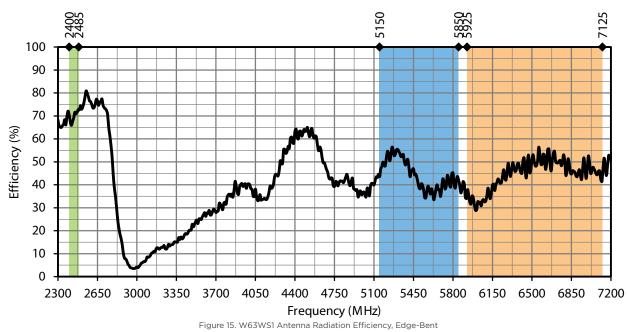
#### **AVERAGE GAIN**

Average gain (Figure 14), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.



#### **RADIATION EFFICIENCY**

Radiation efficiency (Figure 15), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.



#### **RADIATION PATTERNS**

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for an edge of ground plane bent 90 degree orientation are shown in Figure 16 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

### **RADIATION PATTERNS - EDGE OF GROUND PLANE BENT 90 DEGREES**



XZ-Plane Gain

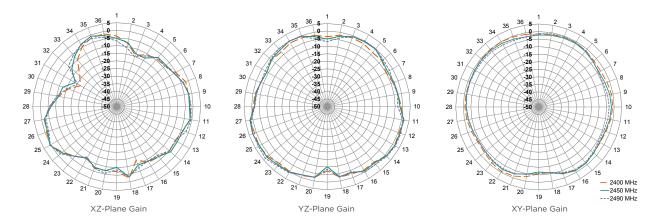


YZ-Plane Gain

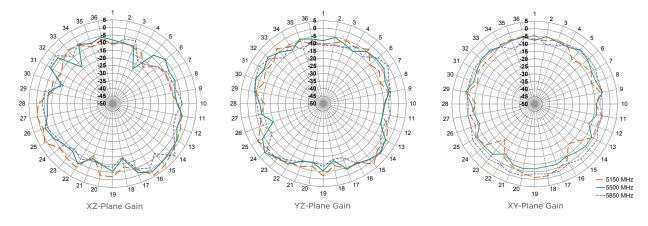


XY-Plane Gain

# 2400 MHZ TO 2485 MHZ (2450 MHZ)



# 5150 MHZ TO 5850 MHZ (5500 MHZ)



# 5925 MHZ TO 7125 MHZ (6530 MHZ)

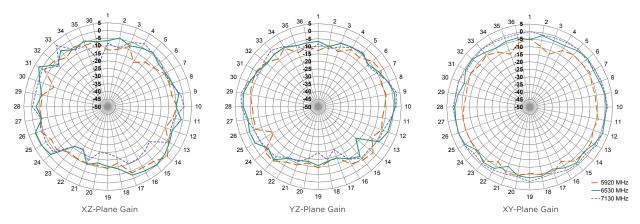


Figure 16. Radiation Patterns for the W63WS1 Antenna on Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees

#### **TE TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER**

USA:	+1 (800) 522-6752
Canada:	+1 (905) 475-6222
Mexico:	+52 (0) 55-1106-0800
Latin/S. America:	+54 (0) 11-4733-2200
Germany:	+49 (0) 6251-133-1999
UK:	+44 (0) 800-267666
France:	+33 (0) 1-3420-8686
Netherlands:	+31 (0) 73-6246-999
China:	+86 (0) 400-820-6015

#### te.com

TE Connectivity, TE, TE connectivity (logo), Linx and Linx Technologies are trademarks owned or licensed by the TE Connectivity Ltd. family of companies. All other logos, products and/or company names referred to herein might be trademarks of their respective owners.

The information given herein, including drawings, illustrations and schematics which are intended for illustration purposes only, is believed to be reliable. However, TE Connectivity makes no warranties as to its accuracy or completeness and disclaims any liability in connection with its use. TE Connectivity's obligations shall only be as set forth in TE Connectivity's Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale for this product and in no case will TE Connectivity be liable for any incidental, indirect or consequential damages arising out of the sale, resale, use or misuse of the product. Users of TE Connectivity products should make their own evaluation to determine the suitability of each such product for the specific application.

TE Connectivity warrants to the original end user customer of its products that its products are free from defects in material and workmanship. Subject to conditions and limitations TE Connectivity will, at its option, either repair or replace any part of its products that prove defective because of improper workmanship or materials. This limited warranty is in force for the useful lifetime of the original end product into which the TE Connectivity product is installed. Useful lifetime of the original end product may vary but is not warrantied to exceed one (1) year from the original date of the end product purchase.

©2022 TE Connectivity. All Rights Reserved.

11/22 Original



