

## Product Change Notification / SYST-15WGPU924

# Date:

20-Sep-2023

# **Product Category:**

8-bit Microcontrollers

# **PCN Type:**

Silicon Die Revision

## **Notification Subject:**

ERRATA - PIC18F25/45/55Q43 Silicon Errata and Data Sheet Clarifications

# Affected CPNs:

SYST-15WGPU924\_Affected\_CPN\_09202023.pdf SYST-15WGPU924\_Affected\_CPN\_09202023.csv

# Notification Text:

SYST-15WGPU924

Microchip has released a new Errata for the PIC18F25/45/55Q43 Silicon Errata and Data Sheet Clarifications of devices. If you are using one of these devices please read the document located at PIC18F25/45/55Q43 Silicon Errata and Data Sheet Clarifications.

Notification Status: Final

#### Description of Change:

- Added silicon revision E0
- Deleted data sheet clarifications 2.1 and 2.2
- Added silicon errata items 1.3.3 1.3.8

Impacts to Data Sheet: None

Reason for Change: To Improve Productivity

Change Implementation Status: Complete

Estimated First Ship Date: 20 Oct 2023

NOTE: Please be advised that after the estimated first ship date customers may receive pre and post change parts.

Markings to Distinguish Revised from Unrevised Devices: Traceability Code

# Attachments:

PIC18F25/45/55Q43 Silicon Errata and Data Sheet Clarifications

Please contact your local Microchip sales office with questions or concerns regarding this notification.

### Terms and Conditions:

If you wish to <u>receive Microchip PCNs via email</u> please register for our PCN email service at our PCN home page select register then fill in the required fields. You will find instructions about registering for Microchips PCN email service in the PCN FAQ section.

If you wish to <u>change your PCN profile</u>, <u>including opt out</u>, please go to the <u>PCN home page</u> select login and sign into your myMicrochip account. Select a profile option from the left navigation bar and make the applicable selections. Affected Catalog Part Numbers (CPN)

PIC18F45Q43-E/MP PIC18F25Q43-E/STX PIC18F25Q43-I/SP PIC18F25Q43-I/SS PIC18F25Q43-I/SO PIC18F45Q43-I/MP PIC18F25Q43-I/STX PIC18F45Q43-I/PT PIC18F55Q43-I/PT PIC18F45Q43T-I/MP PIC18F25Q43T-I/STX PIC18F55Q43-E/6LX PIC18F25Q43-E/SP PIC18F25Q43-E/SS PIC18F25Q43-E/SO PIC18F45Q43-E/MPVAO PIC18F45Q43-E/P PIC18F25Q43-E/STXVAO PIC18F45Q43-E/PT PIC18F55Q43-E/PT PIC18F55Q43-I/6LX PIC18F45Q43-I/P PIC18F55Q43T-I/6LX PIC18F25Q43T-I/SS PIC18F25Q43T-I/SO PIC18F45Q43T-I/PT PIC18F55Q43T-I/PT PIC18F45Q43T-E/MPVAO PIC18F25Q43T-E/STXV01 PIC18F25Q43T-E/STXV02 PIC18F25Q43T-E/STXVAO

# PIC18F25/45/55Q43 Silicon Errata and Data Sheet Clarifications



PIC18F25/45/55Q43

The PIC18F25/45/55Q43 devices you have received conform functionally to the current device data sheet (DS40002170F), except for the anomalies described in this document.

The silicon issues discussed in the following pages are for silicon revisions with the Device and Revision IDs listed in the table below.

The errata described in this document will be addressed in future revisions of the PIC18F25/45/55Q43 silicon.

**Note:** This document summarizes all silicon errata issues from all revisions of silicon, previous as well as current.

#### Table 1. Silicon Device Identification

Part Number	Device ID			<b>Revision ID</b>		
Fart Number	Device ID	B0	B2	B3	D2	EO
PIC18F25Q43	0x73C0	0xA040	0xA042	0xA043	0xA0C2	0xA100
PIC18F45Q43	0x73E0	0xA040	0xA042	0xA043	0xA0C2	0xA100
PIC18F55Q43	0x7400	0xA040	0xA042	0xA043	0xA0C2	0xA100



**Important:** Refer to the **Device/Revision ID** section in the current **"PIC18FXXQ43 Family Programming Specification"** (DS40002079) for more detailed information on Device Identification and Revision IDs for your specific device.

#### Table 2. Silicon Issue Summary

Module	Feature	Item No.	Issue Summary			cted Revis		
modelle				B0	B2	B3	D2	E0
	Capacitive Voltage Divider	1.1.1	CVD is only functional on PORTA[2:0] and PORTB[4:0]	Х				
ADCC	Double Sample Conversions	1.1.2	An unexpected acquisition time is added between the first and second conversions.	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
Oscillator	XT mode	1.2.1	Maximum clock frequency limited to 2 MHz for XT mode	Х	х			
	l <sup>2</sup> C	1.3.1	I2CxADR0/1/2/3 registers have incorrect Reset value	х	х	Х		
	l <sup>2</sup> C	1.3.2	I2C Start and/or Stop flags may be set when I2C is enabled	Х	х	х	х	
	Multi-Host mode	1.3.3	Multi-Host mode will cause bus failures	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
l <sup>2</sup> C	Host Data Request (MDR) bit	1.3.4	MDR bit is not cleared after Bus Time-Out	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
TC .	Bus Time-Out	1.3.5	Bus Time-Out not detected properly when External Host Clock stretches	х	х	Х	х	х
	Clock Stretch Disable	1.3.6	Clock Stretch Disable not working properly	х	Х	Х	х	х
	Bus Time-Out	1.3.7	Bus Time-Out causes false Start/Stop	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	CSTR Bit	1.3.8	CSTR bit is not cleared after Bus Time-Out	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
SRAM	SRAM read-back	1.4.1	SRAM read-back can be incorrect	Х				
In-Circuit Debug	Software breakpoints	1.5.1	Software breakpoints are not available	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
SMT	Reset bit	1.6.1	Module stops working if RST bit is set while prescaler setting is not zero	Х	х	х	х	х
Universal ynchronous Receiver ransmitter	UART	1.7.1	UART TXDE signal may go low before the STOP bit has been entirely transmitted	х	x	х	х	х



### 1. Silicon Errata Issues

**CAUTION** Notice: This document summarizes all silicon errata issues from all revisions of silicon, previous and current. Only the issues indicated by the bold font in the following tables apply to the current silicon revision.

### **1.1** Module: Analog-to-Digital Converter with Computation (ADCC)

#### 1.1.1 Capacitive Voltage Divider (CVD)

The CVD feature is only functional on PORTA[2:0] and PORTB[4:0]. This feature is not recommended for use on any other pins.

#### Work around

None.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

#### 1.1.2 Double Sample Conversions

When enabling a Double Sample Conversion (DSEN = 1) with no Precharge time (ADPRE = 0) and no Acquisition time (ADACQ = 0), the maximum number of cycles of acquisition time is inserted prior to the second conversion. The first conversion will be performed as expected with no Precharge time and no Acquisition time. It is only between the first and second conversions where a maximum number of cycles of Acquisition time is performed unexpectedly.

### Work around

#### Method 1:

Disable Double Sample Conversion (DSEN = 0) and perform two single conversions back to back.

#### Method 2:

If adding acquisition time is acceptable, then select no Precharge time, along with the desired Acquisition time.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

### **1.2** Module: Oscillator (OSC)

#### 1.2.1 Maximum Clock Frequency Limited to 2 MHz for XT Mode

The maximum clock frequency for the intermediate gain setting that supports quartz crystal and ceramic resonator operation (XT mode) is being reduced from 4 MHz to 2 MHz.

#### Work around

For crystal or resonator frequencies above 2 MHz, use HS mode.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X

 X



## **1.3** Module: Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C)

#### 1.3.1 The I2CxADR0/1/2/3 Registers Have Incorrect Reset Value

The I2CxADR0/2 registers reset to  $0 \times FF$  when the I2CxMD is enabled instead of  $0 \times 00$ . The I2CxADR1/3 registers reset to  $0 \times FE$  when the I2CxMD is enabled instead of  $0 \times 00$ .

#### Work around

None.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X

 X

#### 1.3.2 The I<sup>2</sup>C Start and/or Stop Flags May Be Set When I<sup>2</sup>C Is Enabled

When I<sup>2</sup>C is enabled, erroneous Start and/or Stop conditions may be detected. This can generate erroneous I<sup>2</sup>C interrupts if enabled.

#### Work around

Use the following procedure to correctly detect the Start and Stop conditions:

- 1. Disable the Start and Stop conditions interrupt functions.
- 2. Enable the  $I^2C$  module.
- 3. Wait 250 ns + six instruction cycles (F<sub>OSC</sub>/4).
- 4. Clear the Start and Stop conditions interrupt flags.
- 5. Enable the Start and Stop conditions interrupt functions if used.

```
T_{2}C_{x}PTE_{bits}.SCTE = 0:
                              // Disable Start condition interrupt
I2CxPIEbits.PCIE = 0;
                              // Disable Stop condition interrupt
I2CxCON0bits.EN = 1;
                              // Enable I2C
                              // Wait for 250 nS + 6 instruction cycles (F_{OSC}/4)
Delay();
                              // Clear the Start condition interrupt flags
T2CxPTRbits.SCTF = 0:
I2CxPIRbits.PCIF = 0;
                              // Clear the Stop condition interrupt flags
I2CxPIEbits.SCIE = 1;
                              // Enable Start condition interrupt if used
I2CxPIEbits.PCIE = 1;
                              // Enable Stop condition interrupt if used
```

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

#### 1.3.3 Operating in Multi-Host Mode Will Cause Bus Failures

If operating in Multi-Host mode and a second host drives SDA low at the same time the Start bit is generated, the module will fail to go into Host mode, but will continue to send an address and data as if it won arbitration. I2CCNT fails to decrement, and the module will remain in this state until a bus time-out occurs or the device is reset.

#### Work around

None.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

### 1.3.4 MDR Bit Is Not Cleared After Bus Time-Out

In the Host mode of the  $l^2C$  module, when a bus time-out occurs during clock stretching and TOREC = 1, the MDR bit will not be cleared and a Stop will not be transmitted on the bus.



#### Work around

Force a Stop on the bus by setting the P bit upon bus time-out in Host mode. Forcing a Stop on the bus clears the MDR bit.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

#### 1.3.5 Bus Time-Out Not Detected Properly When External Host Clock Stretches

When the module is operating in Client mode and an external Host device is clock stretching after the eighth SCL clock and a bus time-out occurs, the bus time-out is not detected properly. When the external Host times out before the Client and releases SCL to generate a Stop condition, the module continues to stretch SDA as if to generate an ACK and hangs the bus, and a Stop is never seen on the bus.

#### Work around

Reset the module by toggling the EN bit.

#### Affected Silicon Revisions

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

#### 1.3.6 Clock Stretch Disable Not Working Properly

When the CSD bit is set between a Start condition and the eighth falling SCL edge, the I<sup>2</sup>C module enters a state where the module clock stretches indefinitely after the next Start until a bus time-out occurs.

#### Work around

Force a reset of the module by toggling the EN bit.

#### Affected Silicon Revisions

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

#### 1.3.7 Bus Time-Out Causes False Start/Stop

When the module is operating in Client mode and an external Host device is clock stretching and a bus time-out occurs in the Client, the Client releases SDA and goes into the idle state. After the external Host generates a Stop condition on the bus by releasing SCL, the module can erroneously drive a low pulse on the SDA line, which acts as a false Start and Stop on the bus.

#### Work around

None.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

#### 1.3.8 CSTR Bit Is Not Cleared After Bus Time-Out

When the module is operating in Client mode and TOREC = 1 and a bus time-out occurs during clock stretching, the CSTR bit will not be cleared and the module continues to clock stretch and hang the bus.

#### Work around

Reset the I<sup>2</sup>C module by toggling the EN bit.



#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

<b>B</b> 0	B2	<b>B</b> 3	D2	E0
х	х	х	х	Х

### 1.4 Module: SRAM

#### 1.4.1 SRAM Read-Back

Following a device power-up sequence, there is a possibility that some SRAM locations will not return the expected written value but will read back '00' instead.

#### Work around

None. The device can only recover by power cycling.

This erroneous condition can be detected by running the following code that writes nonzero values to SRAM and then verifies that the returned read values are not '00'. If a returned value is '00', the application code has to be put into a safe state until a POR event occurs. This code has to be executed immediately after power-up. If the test passes, the device operation will be normal.

```
// SRAM test
FSR0 = 0xcff;
                    // Write data into RAM address for devices up to 2K RAM
INDFO = 0x55;
PROD = INDF0;
                   // Read back data
if (PROD == 0) {
   SAFE STATE();
                  // RAM incorrectly read, suspend operation and go to Safe state
//For devices with more than 2K of SRAM, add the following code
FSR0 = 0x14ff; // Write data into RAM
INDF0 = 0x55;
PROD = INDF0;
                   // Read back data
if (PROD == 0) {
   SAFE STATE(); // RAM incorrectly read, suspend operation and go to Safe state
}
//For devices with more than 4K of SRAM, add the following code
FSR0 = 0x24ff; // Write data into RAM
INDFO = 0x55;
PROD = INDF0;
                    // Read back data
if (PROD == 0) {
   SAFE STATE(); // RAM incorrectly read, suspend operation and go to Safe state
```

#### Affected Silicon Revisions

B0 B2 B3 D2 E0 X

### 1.5 Module: In-Circuit Debug

#### 1.5.1 Software Breakpoints Are Not Available

When debugging code, software breakpoints will not be available.

Work around None.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X



### **1.6 Module: Signal Measurement Timer (SMT)**

### 1.6.1 Reset Bit

If the SMT clock prescaler is set to any value other than '00', setting the RST bit will cause the module to stop working. The RST bit will remain at the value '1', the counter will not increment, and no interrupts will be generated. The problem is cleared by turning the module off and on or by performing a device reset.

#### Work around

#### Method 1:

Do not set the RST bit; manual reset is usually not required for typical operation because the measurement logic will reset the counter automatically.

#### Method 2:

Write zero to the counter manually. Either disable the module or the clock before using this method.

#### Method 3:

Use 1:1 prescaler (PS = 00).

#### Method 4:

Use the CLKREF subsystem to provide a prescaled clock and set PS = 00.

#### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

### **1.7** Module: Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)

#### 1.7.1 UART TXDE Signal May Go Low Before the STOP Bit Has Been Entirely Transmitted

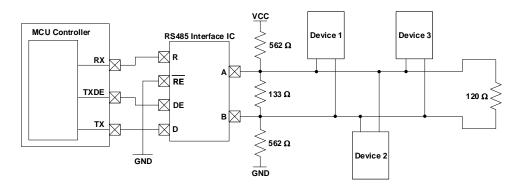
The UART Transmit Drive Enable (TXDE) signal could potentially transition into a low state before the UART STOP bit has been entirely transmitted due to the effects of parasitic capacitance on the TX line. In some applications, this could result in communication being prematurely terminated due to the TXDE bit going low before the STOP bit has had enough time to settle.

#### Work around

To ensure that the STOP bit settles into its final logic state before the TXDE signal transitions low, a biasing circuit can be implemented. A biasing circuit allows the TX line to either be driven high or low, rather than being left in a floating tri-state mode where prolonged rise or fall times could lead to communication being disrupted. This bias circuit should only be implemented on one end of the serial bus, and a termination resistor should be used on the other end. The figure below shows an example of a bias circuit that can be used to achieve this.

Please note that the resistor values used in this circuit are recommendations, and that the actual resistor values required may vary based on the application.





### **Affected Silicon Revisions**

 B0
 B2
 B3
 D2
 E0

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X



# 2. Data Sheet Clarifications

The following typographic corrections and clarifications are to be noted for the latest version of the device data sheet (DS40002170F):

#### Note:

Corrections are shown in **bold**. Where possible, the original bold text formatting has been removed for clarity.

### 2.1 None

There are no known data sheet clarifications as of this publication date.



# 3. Appendix A: Revision History

Doc Rev.	Date	Comments
Μ	08/2023	Added silicon revision E0; Deleted data sheet clarifications 2.1 and 2.2; Added silicon errata items 1.3.3 - 1.3.8
L	03/2022	Added silicon errata items 1.1.2, 1.6.1, 17.1 and data sheet clarifications 2.1 and 2.2
К	07/2021	Added silicon erratum item 1.3.2
J	03/2021	Added silicon erratum item 1.5.1
Н	12/2020	Added silicon revision D2; Deleted clarification 2.1
G	10/2020	Added silicon revision B3 and UART Transmit Collision Interrupt data sheet clarification; Updated silicon erratum item 1.3.1
F	08/2020	Added silicon revision B2
E	06/2020	Added silicon erratum item 1.4.1
D	06/2020	Added silicon erratum item 1.3.1
С	04/2020	Added XT mode erratum and Temperature Indicator data sheet clarification
В	02/2020	Added working pins for CVD
А	12/2019	Initial document release



# **Microchip Information**

### The Microchip Website

Microchip provides online support via our website at www.microchip.com/. This website is used to make files and information easily available to customers. Some of the content available includes:

- Product Support Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases and archived software
- **General Technical Support** Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip design partner program member listing
- Business of Microchip Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives

### **Product Change Notification Service**

Microchip's product change notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive email notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, go to www.microchip.com/pcn and follow the registration instructions.

### **Customer Support**

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Embedded Solutions Engineer (ESE)
- Technical Support

Customers should contact their distributor, representative or ESE for support. Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included in this document.

Technical support is available through the website at: www.microchip.com/support

### **Microchip Devices Code Protection Feature**

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip products:

- Microchip products meet the specifications contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is secure when used in the intended manner, within operating specifications, and under normal conditions.
- Microchip values and aggressively protects its intellectual property rights. Attempts to breach the code protection features of Microchip product is strictly prohibited and may violate the Digital Millennium Copyright Act.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of its code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product is "unbreakable". Code protection is constantly evolving. Microchip is committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products.

### Legal Notice

This publication and the information herein may be used only with Microchip products, including to design, test, and integrate Microchip products with your application. Use of this information in any other manner violates these terms. Information regarding device applications is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure



that your application meets with your specifications. Contact your local Microchip sales office for additional support or, obtain additional support at www.microchip.com/en-us/support/design-help/ client-support-services.

THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED BY MICROCHIP "AS IS". MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR WARRANTIES RELATED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, OR PERFORMANCE.

IN NO EVENT WILL MICROCHIP BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS, DAMAGE, COST, OR EXPENSE OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER RELATED TO THE INFORMATION OR ITS USE, HOWEVER CAUSED, EVEN IF MICROCHIP HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OR THE DAMAGES ARE FORESEEABLE. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, MICROCHIP'S TOTAL LIABILITY ON ALL CLAIMS IN ANY WAY RELATED TO THE INFORMATION OR ITS USE WILL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF FEES, IF ANY, THAT YOU HAVE PAID DIRECTLY TO MICROCHIP FOR THE INFORMATION.

Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights unless otherwise stated.

#### Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, Adaptec, AVR, AVR logo, AVR Freaks, BesTime, BitCloud, CryptoMemory, CryptoRF, dsPIC, flexPWR, HELDO, IGLOO, JukeBlox, KeeLoq, Kleer, LANCheck, LinkMD, maXStylus, maXTouch, MediaLB, megaAVR, Microsemi, Microsemi logo, MOST, MOST logo, MPLAB, OptoLyzer, PIC, picoPower, PICSTART, PIC32 logo, PolarFire, Prochip Designer, QTouch, SAM-BA, SenGenuity, SpyNIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash, Symmetricom, SyncServer, Tachyon, TimeSource, tinyAVR, UNI/O, Vectron, and XMEGA are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

AgileSwitch, APT, ClockWorks, The Embedded Control Solutions Company, EtherSynch, Flashtec, Hyper Speed Control, HyperLight Load, Libero, motorBench, mTouch, Powermite 3, Precision Edge, ProASIC, ProASIC Plus, ProASIC Plus logo, Quiet- Wire, SmartFusion, SyncWorld, Temux, TimeCesium, TimeHub, TimePictra, TimeProvider, TrueTime, and ZL are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Adjacent Key Suppression, AKS, Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Any Capacitor, AnyIn, AnyOut, Augmented Switching, BlueSky, BodyCom, Clockstudio, CodeGuard, CryptoAuthentication, CryptoAutomotive, CryptoCompanion, CryptoController, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, Dynamic Average Matching, DAM, ECAN, Espresso T1S, EtherGREEN, GridTime, IdealBridge, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, INICnet, Intelligent Paralleling, IntelliMOS, Inter-Chip Connectivity, JitterBlocker, Knob-on-Display, KoD, maxCrypto, maxView, memBrain, Mindi, MiWi, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, MultiTRAK, NetDetach, Omniscient Code Generation, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, PowerSmart, PureSilicon, QMatrix, REAL ICE, Ripple Blocker, RTAX, RTG4, SAM-ICE, Serial Quad I/O, simpleMAP, SimpliPHY, SmartBuffer, SmartHLS, SMART-I.S., storClad, SQI, SuperSwitcher, SuperSwitcher II, Switchtec, SynchroPHY, Total Endurance, Trusted Time, TSHARC, USBCheck, VariSense, VectorBlox, VeriPHY, ViewSpan, WiperLock, XpressConnect, and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

The Adaptec logo, Frequency on Demand, Silicon Storage Technology, and Symmcom are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

GestIC is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.



© 2019-2023, Microchip Technology Incorporated and its subsidiaries. All Rights Reserved.

ISBN: 978-1-6683-2942-9

### **Quality Management System**

For information regarding Microchip's Quality Management Systems, please visit www.microchip.com/quality.



# Worldwide Sales and Service

MERICAS	ASIA/PACIFIC	ASIA/PACIFIC	EUROPE
orporate Office	Australia - Sydney	India - Bangalore	Austria - Wels
355 West Chandler Blvd.	Tel: 61-2-9868-6733	Tel: 91-80-3090-4444	Tel: 43-7242-2244-39
andler, AZ 85224-6199	China - Beijing	India - New Delhi	Fax: 43-7242-2244-393
l: 480-792-7200	Tel: 86-10-8569-7000	Tel: 91-11-4160-8631	Denmark - Copenhagen
ax: 480-792-7277	China - Chengdu	India - Pune	Tel: 45-4485-5910
echnical Support:	Tel: 86-28-8665-5511	Tel: 91-20-4121-0141	Fax: 45-4485-2829
ww.microchip.com/support	China - Chongqing	Japan - Osaka	Finland - Espoo
eb Address:	Tel: 86-23-8980-9588	Tel: 81-6-6152-7160	Tel: 358-9-4520-820
ww.microchip.com	China - Dongguan	Japan - Tokyo	France - Paris
tlanta	Tel: 86-769-8702-9880	Tel: 81-3-6880- 3770	Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20
uluth, GA	China - Guangzhou	Korea - Daegu	Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79
el: 678-957-9614	Tel: 86-20-8755-8029	Tel: 82-53-744-4301	Germany - Garching
ax: 678-957-1455	China - Hangzhou	Korea - Seoul	Tel: 49-8931-9700
ustin, TX	Tel: 86-571-8792-8115	Tel: 82-2-554-7200	Germany - Haan
el: 512-257-3370	China - Hong Kong SAR	Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur	Tel: 49-2129-3766400
oston	Tel: 852-2943-5100	Tel: 60-3-7651-7906	Germany - Heilbronn
/estborough, MA	China - Nanjing	Malaysia - Penang	Tel: 49-7131-72400
el: 774-760-0087	Tel: 86-25-8473-2460	Tel: 60-4-227-8870	Germany - Karlsruhe
ax: 774-760-0088	China - Qingdao	Philippines - Manila	Tel: 49-721-625370
hicago	Tel: 86-532-8502-7355	Tel: 63-2-634-9065	Germany - Munich
asca, IL	China - Shanghai	Singapore	Tel: 49-89-627-144-0
el: 630-285-0071	Tel: 86-21-3326-8000	Tel: 65-6334-8870	Fax: 49-89-627-144-44
ax: 630-285-0075	China - Shenyang	Taiwan - Hsin Chu	Germany - Rosenheim
allas	Tel: 86-24-2334-2829	Tel: 886-3-577-8366	Tel: 49-8031-354-560
ddison, TX	China - Shenzhen	Taiwan - Kaohsiung	Israel - Ra'anana
el: 972-818-7423	Tel: 86-755-8864-2200	Tel: 886-7-213-7830	Tel: 972-9-744-7705
nx: 972-818-2924	China - Suzhou	Taiwan - Taipei	Italy - Milan
etroit	Tel: 86-186-6233-1526	Tel: 886-2-2508-8600	Tel: 39-0331-742611
ovi, MI	China - Wuhan	Thailand - Bangkok	Fax: 39-0331-466781
el: 248-848-4000	Tel: 86-27-5980-5300	Tel: 66-2-694-1351	Italy - Padova
ouston, TX	China - Xian	Vietnam - Ho Chi Minh	Tel: 39-049-7625286
el: 281-894-5983	Tel: 86-29-8833-7252	Tel: 84-28-5448-2100	Netherlands - Drunen
dianapolis	China - Xiamen		Tel: 31-416-690399
oblesville, IN	Tel: 86-592-2388138		Fax: 31-416-690340
el: 317-773-8323	China - Zhuhai		Norway - Trondheim
ax: 317-773-5453	Tel: 86-756-3210040		Tel: 47-72884388
el: 317-536-2380			Poland - Warsaw
s Angeles			Tel: 48-22-3325737
ission Viejo, CA			Romania - Bucharest
el: 949-462-9523			Tel: 40-21-407-87-50
ax: 949-462-9608			Spain - Madrid
l: 951-273-7800			Tel: 34-91-708-08-90
aleigh, NC			Fax: 34-91-708-08-91
l: 919-844-7510			Sweden - Gothenberg
ew York, NY			Tel: 46-31-704-60-40
el: 631-435-6000			Sweden - Stockholm
an Jose, CA			Tel: 46-8-5090-4654
el: 408-735-9110			UK - Wokingham
el: 408-436-4270			Tel: 44-118-921-5800
anada - Toronto			Fax: 44-118-921-5820
l: 905-695-1980			
x: 905-695-2078			