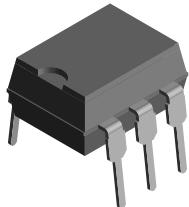
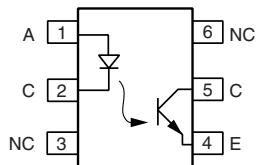


## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, no Base Connection



18216



### DESCRIPTION

The CNY17F is an optocoupler consisting of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a silicon planar phototransistor detector in a plastic plug-in DIP-6 package.

The coupling device is suitable for signal transmission between two electrically separated circuits. The potential difference between the circuits to be coupled is not allowed to exceed the maximum permissible reference voltages.

In contrast to the CNY17 series, the base terminal of the F type is not connected, resulting in a substantially improved common-mode interference immunity.

### FEATURES

- Isolation test voltage, 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- No base terminal connection for improved common mode interface immunity
- Long term stability
- Industry standard dual-in-line package
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC


**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT

### AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL1577, file no. E52744 system code H or J, double protection
- DIN EN 60747-5-5 available with option 1
- BSI IEC 60950; IEC 60065
- FIMKO

### ORDER INFORMATION

PART	REMARKS
CNY17F-1	CTR 40 to 80 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-2	CTR 63 to 125 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-3	CTR 100 to 200 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-4	CTR 160 to 320 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-1X006	CTR 40 to 80 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-1X007	CTR 40 to 80 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-1X009	CTR 40 to 80 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17F-2X006	CTR 63 to 125 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-2X007	CTR 63 to 125 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-2X009	CTR 63 to 125 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17F-3X006	CTR 100 to 200 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-3X007	CTR 100 to 200 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-3X009	CTR 100 to 200 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17F-4X006	CTR 160 to 320 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-4X007	CTR 160 to 320 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-4X009	CTR 160 to 320 %, SMD-6 (option 9)

### Note

For additional information on the available options refer to option information.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
<b>INPUT</b>				
Reverse voltage		V <sub>R</sub>	6.0	V
DC forward current		I <sub>F</sub>	60	mA
Surge forward current	t ≤ 10 µs	I <sub>FSM</sub>	2.5	A
Power dissipation		P <sub>diss</sub>	100	mW
<b>OUTPUT</b>				
Collector emitter breakdown voltage		BV <sub>CEO</sub>	70	V
Collector current		I <sub>C</sub>	50	mA
	t ≤ 1.0 ms	I <sub>C</sub>	100	mA
Total power dissipation		P <sub>diss</sub>	150	mW
<b>COUPLER</b>				
Isolation test voltage between emitter and detector referred to standard climate 23/50 DIN 50014		V <sub>ISO</sub>	5300	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Creepage			≥ 7.0	mm
Clearance			≥ 7.0	mm
Isolation thickness between emitter and detector			≥ 0.4	mm
Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1			175	
Isolation resistance	V <sub>IO</sub> = 500 V	R <sub>IO</sub>	≥ 10 <sup>11</sup>	Ω
Storage temperature range		T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 150	°C
Ambient temperature range		T <sub>amb</sub>	- 55 to + 100	°C
Junction temperature		T <sub>j</sub>	100	°C
Soldering temperature	max. 10 s, dip soldering: distance to seating plane ≥ 1.5 mm	T <sub>sld</sub>	260	°C

**Note**T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>INPUT</b>							
Forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 60 mA		V <sub>F</sub>		1.25	1.65	V
Breakdown voltage	I <sub>R</sub> = 10 µA		V <sub>BR</sub>	6.0			V
Reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> = 6.0 V		I <sub>R</sub>		0.01	10	µA
Capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		C <sub>O</sub>		25		pF
Thermal resistance			R <sub>th</sub>		750		K/W
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Collector emitter capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		C <sub>CE</sub>		5.2		pF
Base collector capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		C <sub>BC</sub>		6.5		pF
Emitter base capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		C <sub>EB</sub>		7.5		pF
Thermal resistance			R <sub>th</sub>		500		K/W



CNY17F

Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output,  
no Base Connection

Vishay Semiconductors

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>COUPLER</b>							
Collector emitter, saturation voltage	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 2.5 \text{ mA}$		$V_{CEsat}$		0.25	0.4	V
Coupling capacitance			$C_c$		0.6		pF
Collector emitter, leakage current	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	CNY17F-1	$I_{CEO}$		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17F-2	$I_{CEO}$		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17F-3	$I_{CEO}$		5.0	100	nA
		CNY17F-4	$I_{CEO}$		5.0	100	nA

**Note** $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

Minimum and maximum values were tested requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluations. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

**CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Current transfer ratio	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	CTR	40		80	%
		CNY17F-2	CTR	63		125	%
		CNY17F-3	CTR	100		200	%
		CNY17F-4	CTR	160		320	%
	$I_F = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	CTR	13	30		%
		CNY17F-2	CTR	22	45		%
		CNY17F-3	CTR	34	70		%
		CNY17F-4	CTR	56	90		%

**Note**Current transfer ratio  $I_C/I_F$  at  $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and collector emitter leakage current by dash number.**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

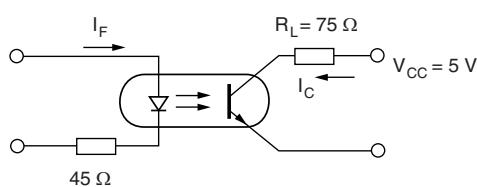
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>LINEAR OPERATION (WITHOUT SATURATION)</b>							
Turn-on time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$		$t_{on}$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$		$t_r$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$		$t_{off}$		2.3		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$		$t_f$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Cut-off frequency	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$		$f_{CO}$		250		kHz

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

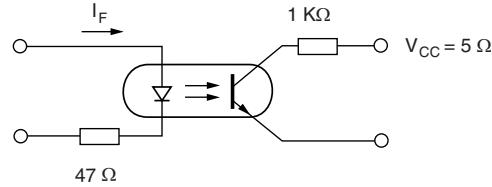
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>SWITCHING OPERATION (WITH SATURATION)</b>							
Turn-on time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_{on}$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_{on}$		4.2		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-3	$t_{on}$		4.2		$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_r$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_r$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-3	$t_r$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_{off}$		18		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_{off}$		23		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-3	$t_{off}$		23		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_f$		11		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_f$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-3	$t_f$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-4	$t_f$		15		$\mu\text{s}$

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified



icny17f\_01



icny17f\_02

Fig. 1 - Linear Operation (without Saturation)

Fig. 2 - Switching Operation (with Saturation)

# Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, no Base Connection

Vishay Semiconductors

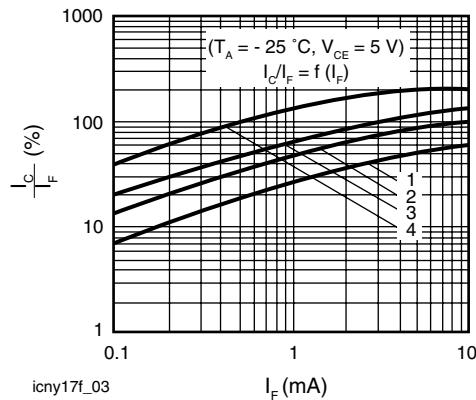


Fig. 3 - Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

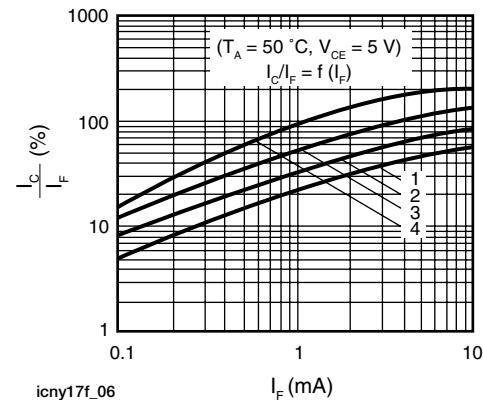


Fig. 6 - Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

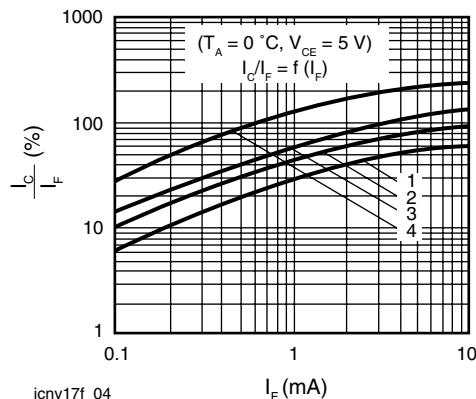


Fig. 4 - Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

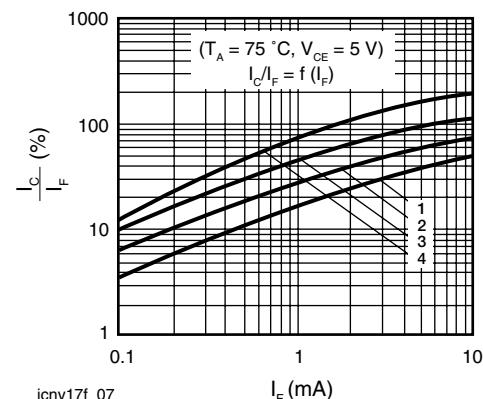


Fig. 7 - Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

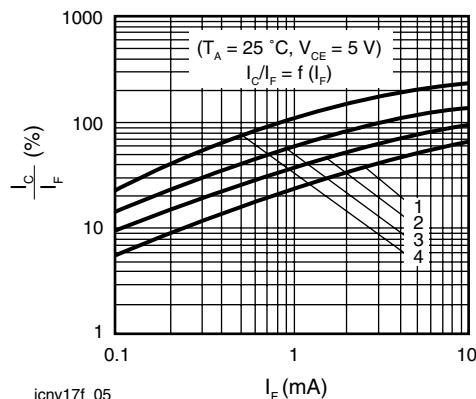


Fig. 5 - Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

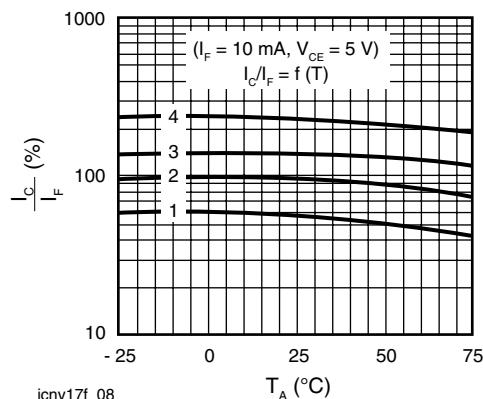


Fig. 8 - Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) vs. Temperature

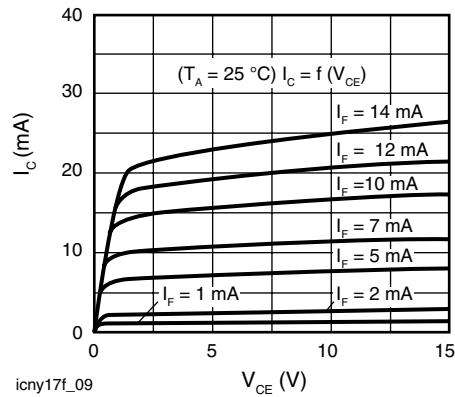


Fig. 9 - Output Characteristics CNY17F-2, -3

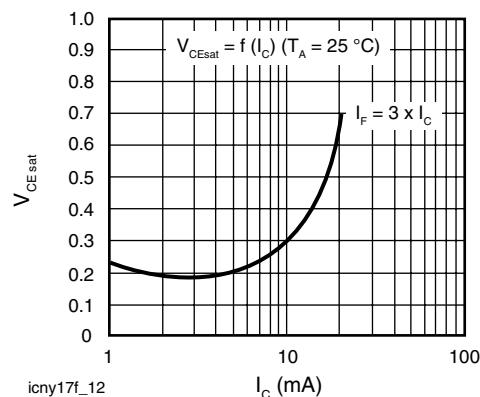
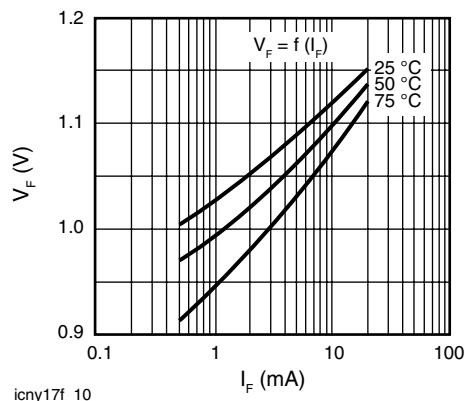
Fig. 12 - Saturation Voltage vs.  
Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-1

Fig. 10 - Forward Voltage

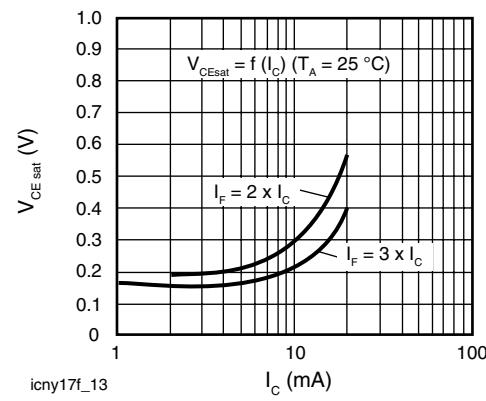
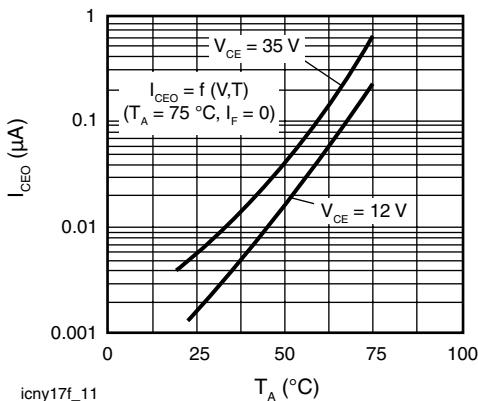
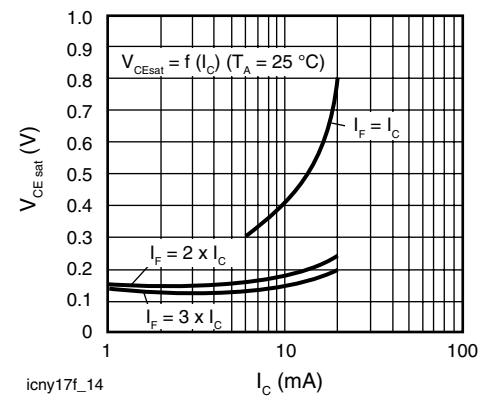
Fig. 13 - Saturation Voltage vs.  
Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-2

Fig. 11 - Collector Emitter Off-state Current

Fig. 14 - Saturation Voltage vs.  
Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-3

# Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, no Base Connection

Vishay Semiconductors

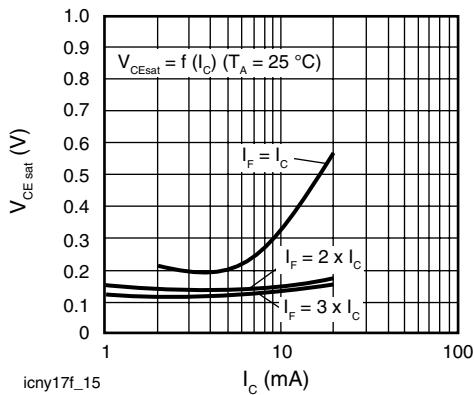


Fig. 15 - Saturation Voltage vs.  
Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-4

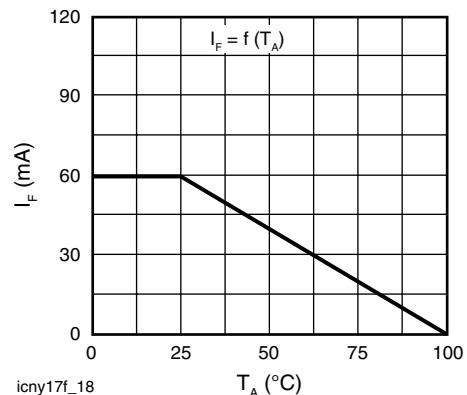


Fig. 18 - Permissible Forward Current Diode

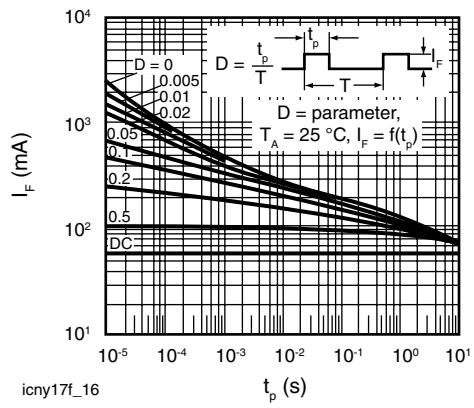


Fig. 16 - Permissible Pulse Load

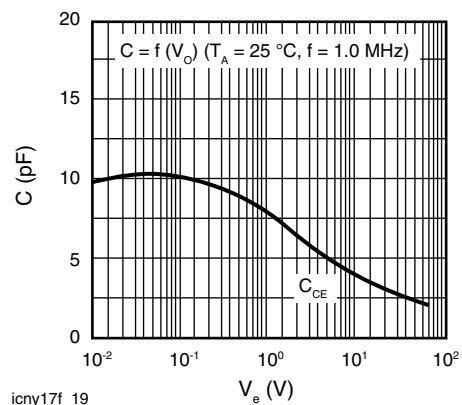


Fig. 19 - Transistor Capacitance

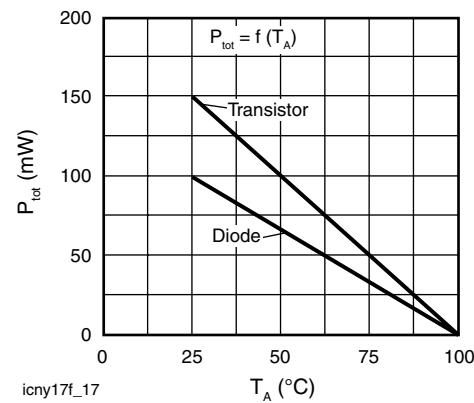
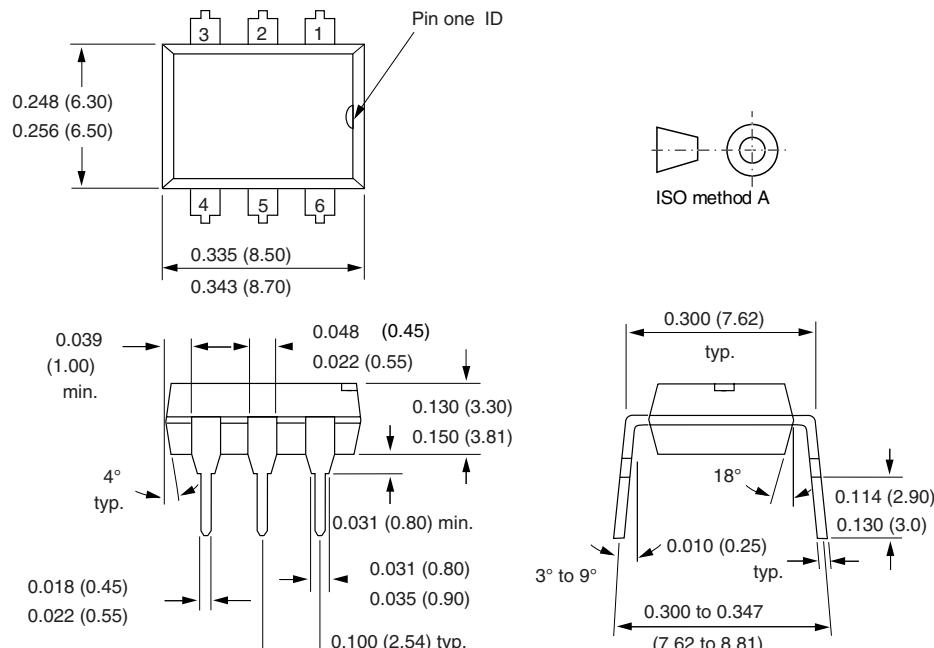
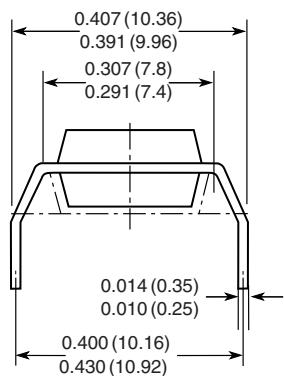
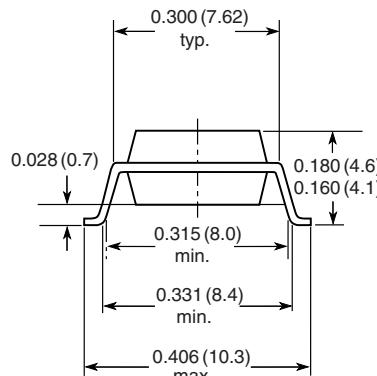
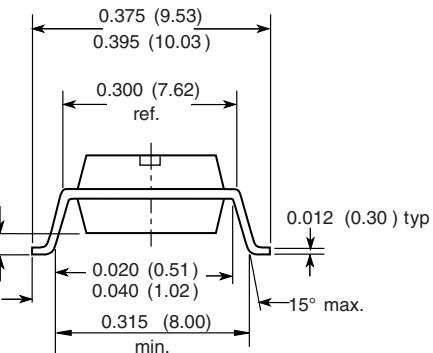


Fig. 17 - Permissible Power Dissipation for Transistor and Diode

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in inches (millimeters)

i178004

**Option 6****Option 7****Option 9**

18450

**OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES POLICY STATEMENT**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively.
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design  
and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany



## Legal Disclaimer Notice

Vishay

### Notice

Specifications of the products displayed herein are subject to change without notice. Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., or anyone on its behalf, assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies.

Information contained herein is intended to provide a product description only. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in Vishay's terms and conditions of sale for such products, Vishay assumes no liability whatsoever, and disclaims any express or implied warranty, relating to sale and/or use of Vishay products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright, or other intellectual property right.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

## Option Information

Optocoupler lead-bend configurations are available as options. In addition, partial discharge testing as per VDE/IEC is also available as an option.

See the order information section in the data sheet to determine if and which options are available to a specific product. Contact the Vishay sales office for other option configurations. The options are:

Option 1 VDE option

Option 6 400 mil (10.16 mm) lead spread DIP configuration

Option 7 Surface mount, gull wing DIP configuration with standoff

Option 8 Surface mount, gull wing DIP configuration with increased clearance

Option 9 Surface mount, gull wing DIP configuration

### ORDERING OPTIONS

A specific option or combination of options can be ordered by add the options definition field following the base part number and CTR range (if applicable) as presented in the following example:

<b>S    F    H</b>	<b>6    1    5    A</b>	<b>-    3</b>	<b>X    0    0    9</b>	<b>T</b>
<b>Prefix</b>	<b>Base Part Number</b>	<b>CTR Ranges</b>	<b>Options Definition</b>	<b>Tape and Reel Option</b>
BRT II ILD ILQ SFH6 VO		1 = 40 % to 80 % 2 = 63 % to 125 % 3 = 100 % to 200 % 4 = 160 % to 320 % 5 = 250 % to 500 % or 50 % to 150 % <sup>(1)</sup> 6 = 100 % to 300 % <sup>(1)</sup> 7 = 80 % to 160 % <sup>(1)</sup> 8 = 130 % to 260 % <sup>(1)</sup> 9 = 200 % to 400 % <sup>(1)</sup>	Option 1 Optocouplers for safe electrical insulation per DIN VDE 0884 Option 6 Optocouplers with 10.16 mm (0.4") through hole lead spread Option 7 Optocouplers with SMD lead form bend, 0.9 mm maximum standoff height Option 8 Optocouplers with 10.16 mm (0.4") SMD lead form bend Option 9 Optocouplers with SMD lead form bend, 0.25 mm maximum standoff height	Option 1 may be combined with the other lead forming options. Option T may only be combined with Options 7, 8, and 9

#### Examples:

CNY17F-2X017T

4N35-X016

SFH615-3X001

VO615A-9X007T

#### Note

<sup>(1)</sup> Used on selected products, consult data sheet for details

18482

This field is always 4 characters long and commences with the character X. In the case of surface mounted products in Tape and Reel format, the tape and reel option character "T" will follow this field. The possible combinations for these Fields <sup>(1)</sup> are:

X001, X006, X007, X008, X009, X001T<sup>2</sup>, X007T, X008T, X009T, X016, X017, X018, X019, X017T, X018T, X019T

#### Notes

<sup>(1)</sup> Not all options are available for all product types.

<sup>(2)</sup> The X001T option is only available on products that are available on the following SMD products SFH6106, SFH6156, SFH6186, SFH6206 and SFH6286 series, e.g. SFH6106-3X001T.

### OPTION 1

### OPTOCOUPERS FOR SAFE ELECTRICAL INSULATION PER DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884)/DIN EN 60747-5-5 PENDING <sup>(1)</sup>

The optocoupler listed are suitable for safe electrical insulation only within the safety maximum ratings. Compliance with the safety maximum ratings must be ensured by protective circuits.

The partial discharge measurement ensures that no partial discharge occurs during operation at maximum permissible operating insulation voltage ( $V_{IORM}$ ). Permanent partial discharge affects the insulating materials and can result in a high voltage breakdown.

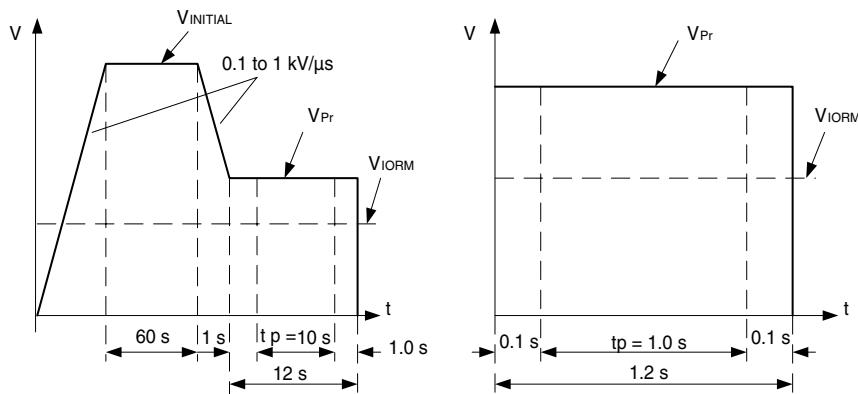
It is recommended that tests with the insulation test voltage ( $V_{ISOL}$ ) should not be made, otherwise partial discharge may occur impairing the insulation characteristics. Thus partial discharges also may occur at the maximum permissible operating insulation voltage.

The insulation test per DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884)/DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending is carried out after all the other tests

# Option Information

Vishay Semiconductors

Option Information



tp: measuring time for partial discharge

Procedure a.

Type and sampling tests, destructive tests

tp: measuring time for partial discharge

Procedure b.

Routine tests, non-destructive tests

17928-1

Fig. 3 - Time Voltage Diagram per DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884)/DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending (1)

## Note

(1) DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884)/ DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending. Edition January 2003

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	SYSTEM 1			UNIT
		DIP4	DIP8	DIP16	
SFH610A-..			ILCT6	ILQ1/2/5/74	
SFH615A-..			ILD1/2/5/74	ILQ30/31/55	
SFH615AA-..		ILD30/31/55		ILQ32	
SFH615AGB-..		ILD32		ILQ66-..	
SFH615AGR-..		ILD66-..		ILQ615-..	
SFH617A-..		ILD250/1/2		ILQ620-..	
SFH618A-..		ILD255		ILQ620GB-..	
SFH620A-..		ILD621GB-..		ILQ621-..	
SFH620AA-..		ILD621-..		ILQ621GB-..	
SFH620AGB-..		ILD621GB-..			
SFH628A-..		ILD755-..			
SFH6106-..		ILD766-..			
SFH6116-..		MCT6			
SFH6156-..					
SFH6186-..					
SFH6206-..					
SFH6286-..					
Installation category (DIN VDE 0110)					
For rated line voltages $\leq$ 300 V <sub>RMS</sub>			I - IV		
For rated line voltages $\leq$ 600 V <sub>RMS</sub>			I - IV		
For rated line voltages $\leq$ 1000 V <sub>RMS</sub>					
IEC climatic category (DIN IEC 60068 Part 1/9.80)			55/100/21		
Pollution degree (DIN VDE 0110 Part 1/1.89)			2		
Maximum operation insulating voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>IORM</sub>		890		V
Test voltage input/output, procedure b <sup>(1)</sup> V <sub>Pr</sub> = 1.875 $\times$ V <sub>IORM</sub> , routine 100 % test, t <sub>p</sub> = 1 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	V <sub>Pr</sub>		1669		V



# Option Information

## Option Information

## Vishay Semiconductors

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	SYSTEM 1		UNIT
Test voltage input/output, procedure a <sup>(1)</sup> $V_{Pr} = 1.5 \times V_{IORM}$ , type and sampling test $t_p = 60$ s, partial discharge < 5 pC	$V_{Pr}$	1335		V
Maximum permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage)	$V_{IOTM}$	8000		V
Partial discharge test voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{INITIAL}$	8000		V
Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible ratings in case of a fault, also refer to dDiagram) Package temperature Current (input current $I_F$ , $P_{Si} = 0$ , $T_A = 25$ °C) Derating with higher ambient temperature Power (output or total power dissipation, $T_A = 25$ °C) Derating with higher ambient temperature	$T_{Si}$ $I_{Si}$ $D_{ISi}$ $P_{Si}$ $\Delta P_{Si}$	175 275 - 1.83 400 - 2.67		°C mA mA/K mW mW/K
Insulation resistance at $T_{Si}$ $V_{I/O} = 500$ V	$R_{IS}$	> 10 <sup>9</sup>		W

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	SYSTEM 2		UNIT
		4N25/26/27/28	IL250	MCT5210
		4N35/36/37/38/39	IL251	MCT5211
		4N32/33	IL252	SFH600...
		CNY17-..	IL255-..	SFH601...
		CNY17F-..	IL400	SFH608...
		H11A-..	IL755-..	SFH640...
		H11AA1-..	IL755B-..	MOC8050
		H11B-..	IL766-..	IL56B-..
		H11B1-..	IL766B-..	MOC8021
		H11C-..	MCA230/231	MOC8112
		H11D-..	MCA255	MOC8102/03/04/05
		IL1/2/5/74	MCT2/2E	
		IL2B-..	MCT270/271	
		IL30/31/55	MCT272	
		IL55B-..	MCT273/274	
		IL66-..	MCT275	
		IL66B-..	MCT276/277	
		IL201/202/203		
Installation category (DIN VDE 0110)				
For rated line voltages ≤ 300 V <sub>RMS</sub>			I - IV	
For rated line voltages ≤ 600 V <sub>RMS</sub>			I - IV	
For rated line voltages ≤ 1000 V <sub>RMS</sub>				
IEC climatic category (DIN IEC 60068 Part 1/9.80)			55/100/21	
Pollution degree (DIN VDE 0110 Part 1/1.89)			2	
Maximum operation insulating voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{IORM}$		890	V
Test voltage input/output, procedure b <sup>(1)</sup> $V_{Pr} = 1.875 \times V_{IORM}$ , routine 100 % test, $t_p = 1$ s, partial discharge < 5 pC	$V_{Pr}$		1669	V
Test voltage input/output, procedure a <sup>(1)</sup> $V_{Pr} = 1.5 \times V_{IORM}$ , type and sampling test $t_p = 60$ s, partial discharge < 5 pC	$V_{Pr}$		1335	V

# Option Information

Vishay Semiconductors

Option Information



DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	SYSTEM 2		UNIT
Maximum permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage)	$V_{IOTM}$	8000		V
Partial discharge test voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{INITIAL}$	8000		V
Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible ratings in case of a fault, also refer to diagram)				
Package temperature	$T_{Si}$	175		°C
Current (input current $I_F$ , $P_{Si} = 0$ , $T_A = 25$ °C)	$I_{Si}$	400		mA
Derating with higher ambient temperature	$D_{ISi}$	- 2.67		mA/K
Power (output or total power dissipation, $T_A = 25$ °C)	$P_{Si}$	700		mW
Derating with higher ambient temperature	$\Delta P_{Si}$	- 4.67		mW/K
Insulation resistance at $T_{Si}$ $V_{I/O} = 500$ V	$R_{IS}$	$> 10^9$		W

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	SYSTEM 4 <sup>(2)</sup>	SYSTEM 5	SYSTEM 7	UNIT
		IL410	6N135	IL300	
		IL420	6N136	IL300E	
		IL4116	SFH6135	IL300F	
		IL4117	SFH6136	IL300EF	
		IL4118	6N138	IL300DEFG	
		IL4216	SFH6138		
		IL4217	SFH6139		
		IL4218	6N139		
			SFH6345		
Installation category (DIN VDE 0110)					
For rated line voltages $\leq 300$ V <sub>RMS</sub>		I - IV	I - IV	I - IV	
For rated line voltages $\leq 600$ V <sub>RMS</sub>		I - III	I - IV	I - IV	
For rated line voltages $\leq 1000$ V <sub>RMS</sub>					
IEC climatic category (DIN IEC 60068 Part 1/9.80)		55/100/21	55/100/21	55/100/21	
Pollution degree (DIN VDE 0110 Part 1/1.89)		2	2	2	
Maximum operation insulating voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{IORM}$	850	630	890	V
Test voltage input/output, procedure b <sup>(1)</sup> $V_{Pr} = 1.875 \times V_{IORM}$ , routine 100 % test, $t_p = 1$ s, partial discharge < 5 pC	$V_{Pr}$	1594	1181	1669	V
Test voltage input/output, procedure a <sup>(1)</sup> $V_{Pr} = 1.5 \times V_{IORM}$ , type and sampling Test $t_p = 60$ s, partial discharge < 5 pC	$V_{Pr}$	1275	945	1335	V
Maximum permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage)	$V_{IOTM}$	6000	8000	8000	V
Partial discharge test voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{INITIAL}$	6000	8000	8000	V
Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible ratings in case of a fault, also refer to diagram)					
Package temperature	$T_{Si}$	175	175	165	°C
Current (input current $I_F$ , $P_{Si} = 0$ , $T_A = 25$ °C)	$I_{Si}$	250	300	235	mA
Derating with higher ambient temperature	$D_{ISi}$	- 1.65	- 2	- 1.57	mA/K
Power (output or total power dissipation, $T_A = 25$ °C)	$P_{Si}$	500	500	465	mW
Derating with higher ambient temperature	$\Delta P_{Si}$	- 3.33	- 3.33	- 3.1	mW/K
Insulation resistance at $T_{Si}$ $V_{I/O} = 500$ V	$R_{IS}$	$> 10^9$	$> 10^9$	$> 10^9$	W

### Notes

All voltages referred to are peak values except otherwise specified.

(1) See time-test voltage diagram

(2) In preparation

Testing input/output voltage requires all input pins and all output pins to be shorted

Option 1: Tested per DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884)/DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending

Option 6: Wide lead spacing (10.16 mm creepage/clearance distances > 8 mm)

Option 7: Surface mount leads (creepage/clearance distances > 8 mm)

Option 8: Surface mount leads

Option 9: Surface mount leads

See CECC 00802, edition 1, for soldering conditions for SMT devices (option 7 and 9).

"-." means dash selections

### OPTION 6

#### DIP OPTOCOUPERS WITH 0.4" (10.16 mm) LEAD SPREAD

The leads of the optocouplers are bent according to a spacing of 0.4" (10.16 mm). Dimensions deviating from the standard type are:

Lead spacing            10.16 mm (0.4")

Creepage distance    > 8.0 mm

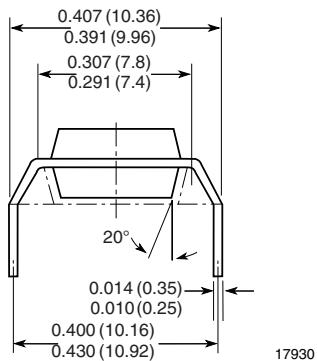
Clearance                > 8.0 mm

This version additionally complies with the following standards:

- IEC 60950 DIN VDE 0805/05 90 (System 2 and 3 only)

Reinforced insulation up to an operating voltage of 400

$V_{RMS}$  or DC



Clearance-creepage distance = 8.0 min.

See standard version for pin configuration

### OPTION 7

#### LEAD BENDS FOR SURFACE MOUNT OPTOCOUPERS

These optocouplers are suitable for surface mounting.

Dimensions deviating from the standard type are:

Creepage distance > 8.0 mm

Clearance distance > 8.0 mm

This version additionally complies with the following standards:

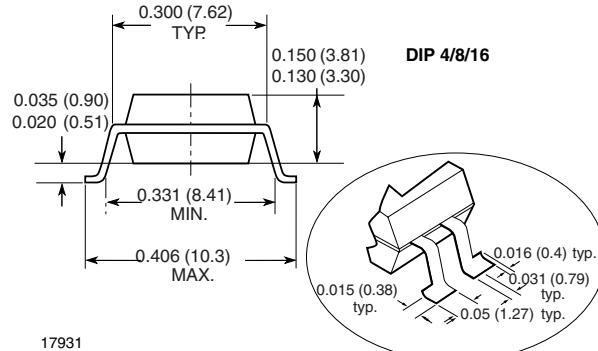
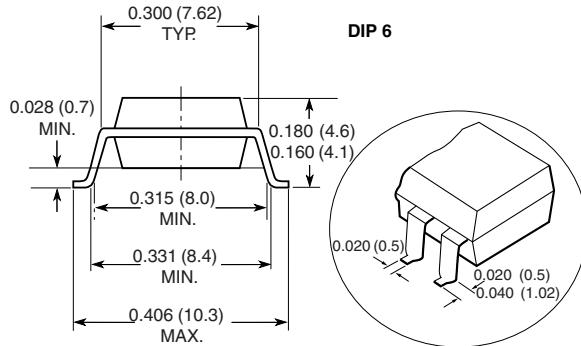
- IEC 60950 DIN VDE 0805/05 90 (system 2 and 3 only)

Reinforced insulation up to an operating voltage of 400  $V_{RMS}$  or DC

During the soldering process, the package should not be wetted with tin-lead solder to prevent the impairment of the isolation features. Apart from iron soldering, only reflow soldering methods (vapor phase, infrared and hot gas) are permissible.

Permissible soldering conditions for SMD bending options: please see reflow soldering profile

The soldering process may be repeated two times at the most. Attention must be paid to the cooling down of the device to 25 °C between the soldering processes.



Clearance and creepage distances must be considered for the solder pad design.

Clearance-creepage distance = 8.0 min.

See standard version for pin configuration.

# Option Information

Vishay Semiconductors

Option Information



## OPTION 8 LEAD BENDS FOR SURFACE MOUNT OPTOCOUPLEDERS

These optocouplers are suitable for surface mounting. Dimensions deviating from the standard type are:

Creepage distance > 8.0 mm

Clearance distance > 8.0 mm

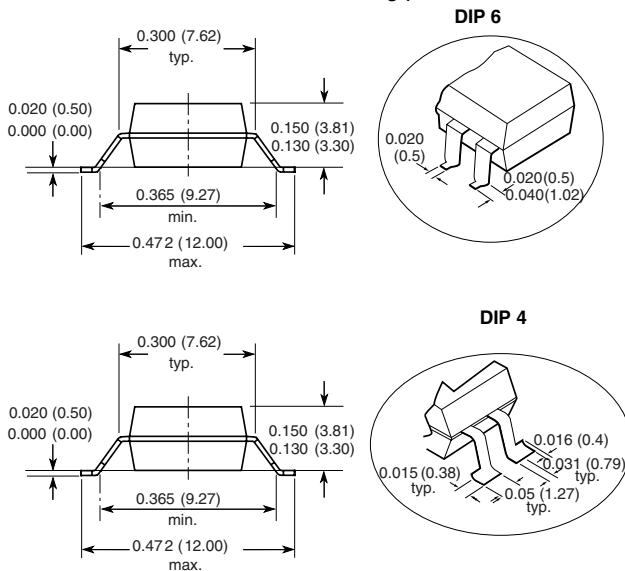
This version additionally complies with the following standards:

- IEC 60950 DIN VDE 0805/05 90 (system 2 and 3 only)  
Reinforced insulation up to an operating voltage of 400 V<sub>RMS</sub> or DC

During the soldering process, the package should not be wetted with tin-lead solder to prevent the impairment of the isolation features. Apart from iron soldering, only reflow soldering methods (vapor phase, infrared and hot gas) are permissible.

Permissible soldering conditions for SMD bending options: please see reflow soldering profile

The soldering process may be repeated two times at the most. Attention must be paid to the cooling down of the device to 25 °C between the soldering processes



17932

Clearance and creepage distances must be considered for the solder pad design.

Clearance-creepage distance = 8.0 min.

See standard version for pin configuration.

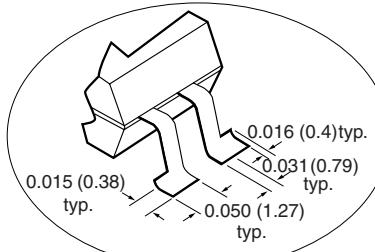
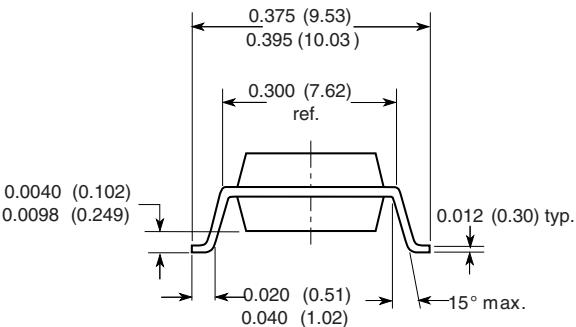
## OPTION 9 LEAD BENDS FOR SURFACE MOUNT OPTOCOUPLEDERS

During the soldering process, the package should not be wetted with tin-lead solder to prevent the impairment of the isolation features. Apart from iron soldering, only reflow soldering methods (vapor phase, infrared and hot gas) are

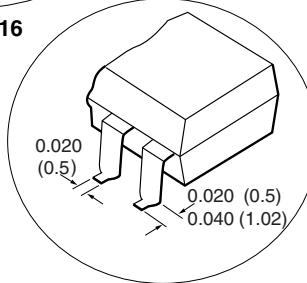
permissible.

Permissible soldering conditions for SMD bending options: please see reflow soldering profile

The soldering process may be repeated two times at the most. Attention must be paid to the cooling down of the device to 25 °C between the soldering processes.



DIP 4/ 8/16



DIP 6

17933

## MARKINGS

The following table defines the option information that is marked on the product.

OPTION TYPE	MARKING
X001, X001T	X001
X006	No mark
X007, X007T	X007
X008, X008T	X008
X009, X009T	No Mark
X016	X001
X017, X017T	X017
X018, X018T	X018
X019, X019T	X001