



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex II

Product name: MOLYKOTE® G-4700 Grease

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SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: MOLYKOTE® G-4700 Grease

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Lubricants and lubricant additives

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK
LIMITED
KINGS COURT, LONDON ROAD
STEVENAGE
England
SG1 2NG
UNITED KINGDOM

**Manufacturer,
importer, supplier**

DuPont Specialty Products GmbH & Co. KG

Customer Information Number:

00800-3876-6838

SDSQuestion-EU@dupont.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: +(44)-870-8200418

Local Emergency Contact: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Eye irritation - Category 2 - H319

Skin sensitisation - Category 1 - H317

Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B - H360

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: DANGER

Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Contains Boric acid, potassium salt; Naphthenic acids; SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS; Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

2.3 Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties (human health):

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Endocrine disrupting properties (environment):

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

PBT and vPvB assessment:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Organic grease

3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

Identification number	Component	Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)	specific concentration limit/ M-Factors/ Acute toxicity estimate	%
CASRN 68457-79-4 EC-No. 270-608-0 Index-No. – REACH No. 01-2119493628-22	Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Oral ATE: 3,600 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 20,000 mg/kg	>= 1.0 - < 2.5 %
CASRN 12712-38-8 EC-No. Not available Index-No. – REACH No. –	Boric acid, potassium salt	Repr. 1B - H360	Oral ATE: > 2,600 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 0.3 - < 1.0 %
CASRN 68411-46-1 EC-No. 270-128-1 Index-No. – REACH No. 01-2119491299-23	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	Repr. 2 - H361f Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	Oral ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 0.25 - < 1.0 %
CASRN 1338-24-5 EC-No. 215-662-8 Index-No. – REACH No. –	Naphthenic acids	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	Oral ATE: 5,880 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 3,160 mg/kg	>= 0.25 - < 1.0 %
CASRN 61789-86-4 EC-No. 263-093-9 Index-No. – REACH No. –	SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS	Skin Sens. 1B - H317	Oral ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 4,000 mg/kg	>= 0.1 - < 1.0 %
CASRN 68783-96-0	Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate	Skin Sens. 1B - H317	Oral ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg	>= 0.1 - < 1.0 %

EC-No. 272-213-9 Index-No. – REACH No. –			Inhalation ATE: > 1.9 mg/l (dust/mist) Dermal ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg	
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Substances with a workplace exposure limit

Identification number	Component	Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)	specific concentration limit/ M-Factors/ Acute toxicity estimate	%
CASRN 1317-33-5 EC-No. 215-263-9 Index-No. – REACH No. –	Molybdenum disulfide	Not classified	Oral ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 1.0 - < 10.0 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin contact: Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area. Consult a physician if irritation develops.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides Sulphur oxides Metal oxides Oxides of phosphorus

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use with local exhaust ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Explosives. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): Information on specific end use(s) of this product may be provided in a technical data sheet/annex to the SDS (if available).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Molybdenum disulfide	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable particulate matter	10 mg/m ³ , Molybdenum
	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	3 mg/m ³ , Molybdenum
	GB EH40	TWA	10 mg/m ³ , Molybdenum
	GB EH40	STEL	20 mg/m ³ , Molybdenum

Derived No Effect Level

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	11.87 mg/kg bw/day	8.13 mg/m ³	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>			<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5.93 mg/kg bw/day	2.06 mg/m3	0.24 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

Workers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>		<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation		Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	n.a.	0.62 mg/kg bw/day	4.37 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>			<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.31 mg/kg bw/day	1.09 mg/m3	0.31 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

Naphthenic acids

Workers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>		<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>		<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	1.81 mg/cm2	n.a.	3.33 mg/kg bw/day	7.76 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>			<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.9 mg/cm2	n.a.	1.67 mg/kg bw/day	1.91 mg/m3	0.167 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Workers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>		<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation		Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	n.a.	3.33 mg/kg bw/day	11.75 mg/m3	1.03 mg/cm2	n.a.

Consumers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>			<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1.667 mg/kg bw/day	2.9 mg/m3	0.8333 mg/kg bw/day	0.513 mg/cm2	n.a.

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

Workers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>		<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation		Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	n.a.	3.33 mg/kg bw/day	11.75 mg/m3	1.03 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.

Consumers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>			<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1.667 mg/kg bw/day	2.9 mg/m3	0.8333 mg/kg bw/day	0.513 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	4 µg/l
Marine water	4.6 µg/l
Intermittent use/release	45 µg/l
Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	10.67 mg/kg food
Soil	0.002 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment	0.002 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Fresh water sediment	0.024 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0.051 mg/l
Marine water	0.0051 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	0.51 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	1 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	9320 mg/kg
Marine sediment	932 mg/kg
Soil	1860 mg/kg

Naphthenic acids

Compartment	PNEC
Sewage treatment plant	0.13 mg/l

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	1 mg/l
Marine water	1 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	10 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	1000 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	226000000 mg/kg
Marine sediment	226000000 mg/kg
Soil	271000000 mg/kg
Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	16.667 mg/kg food

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	1 mg/l
Marine water	1 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	10 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	226000000 mg/kg
Marine sediment	226000000 mg/kg
Soil	271000000 mg/kg
Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	16.67 mg/kg food

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use chemical protective clothing resistant to this material, when there is any possibility of skin contact.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid (20 °C,)
	Form Grease
Colour	dark grey
Odour	slight
	Odour Threshold No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Boiling point/boiling range: Not applicable
Flammability	Gases/Solids Not classified as a flammability hazard
	Liquids No data available
Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit	Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit No data available
	Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit No data available
Flash point	> 230 °C Method: (closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	Thermal decomposition No data available
pH	Not applicable
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic
	Not applicable

	Viscosity, dynamic Not applicable
Solubility(ies)	Water solubility No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Vapour pressure	Not applicable
Density and / or relative density	Relative density 0.87
Relative vapour density	No data available
Particle characteristics	Particle size No data available

9.2 Other information

Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	The substance or mixture does not emit flammable gases in contact with water.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Molecular weight	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Ethane. Ethylene. 1-Butene. Hexene. Propylene.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eye irritation, Category 2

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Classification procedure: Calculation method

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation, Category 1

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Classification procedure: Calculation method

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B

H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Classification procedure: Calculation method

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Aspiration Hazard

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

LD50, Rat, male, 3,600 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 20,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For skin sensitization:

Based on data from similar materials

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

No relevant data found.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Observations in animals include:

Gastrointestinal irritation.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Boric acid, potassium salt

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rat, > 2,600 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

May cause skin irritation due to mechanical abrasion.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

For similar material(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

In animal studies, boron compounds have been shown to interfere with fertility in males, and to a lesser degree in females.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

In laboratory animals, boron compounds have caused birth defects only at doses toxic to the mother and have been toxic to the fetus at doses nontoxic to the mother.

STOT - single exposure

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene**Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

STOT - single exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

Naphthenic acids

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

LD50, Rat, 5,880 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rabbit, > 3,160 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative. This material was not mutagenic in an Ames bacterial assay. Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

STOT - single exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS**Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 4,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

For similar material(s):

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

For similar material(s): LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 1.9 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For similar material(s):

Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

For similar material(s):

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Molybdenum disulfide

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

No relevant data found.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

No relevant data found.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

No data available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

12.1 Toxicity

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

Based on data from similar materials

LL50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 4.5 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EL50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 23 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

EL50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 72 Hour, 24 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, 3 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0.4 mg/l

Boric acid, potassium salt

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

Based on data from similar materials

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

For similar material(s):

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, > 120 mg/l

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, 120 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, 3 Hour, 20 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 32 d, 11.2 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 14 d, 18 mg/l

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

Acute toxicity to fish

LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 51 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 72 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 72 Hour, 10 - 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria

IC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

Information given is based on tests on the mixture itself.

NOEC, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 34 d, 10 mg/l

Naphthenic acids

Acute toxicity to fish

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 96 Hour, 5.62 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 20 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga), 96 Hour, 29.9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga), 96 Hour, 7.41 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 7 d, 0.4 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 4.1 mg/l

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

LL50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), 96 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EL50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

Based on data from similar materials

NOELR, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 1,000 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, 3 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

Based on data from similar materials

LL50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), 96 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EL50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

NOELR, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, 1,000 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, 3 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

Molybdenum disulfide

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Fish, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

ErC50, algae, 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, 30 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Fish, 34 d, > 10 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Daphnia magna, 21 d, > 10 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability**Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts****Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

Based on data from similar materials 10-day Window: Fail

Biodegradation: 1.5 %**Exposure time:** 28 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B**Boric acid, potassium salt****Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

Based on data from similar materials 10-day Window: Fail

Biodegradation: 13 %**Exposure time:** 28 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D**Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene****Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.**Biodegradation:** 0 - 1 %**Exposure time:** 28 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B**Naphthenic acids****Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.**Biodegradation:** 60 %**Exposure time:** 22 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 310

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Biodegradability: For similar material(s): Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail

Biodegradation: 8.6 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

Biodegradability: For similar material(s): Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Biodegradation: 8.6 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Molybdenum disulfide

Biodegradability: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts**

Bioaccumulation: For similar material(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 0.69 OECD Test Guideline 107

Boric acid, potassium salt

Bioaccumulation: Based on data from similar materials Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.09

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 8 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater than 7).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): >= 5 at 25 °C Estimated.

Naphthenic acids

Bioaccumulation: Bioaccumulation is unlikely. No specific, relevant data available for assessment.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.05 - 13.25

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): > 4.46

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 70.79 Estimated.

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Molybdenum disulfide

Bioaccumulation: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

12.4 Mobility in soil**Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts**

No specific, relevant data available for assessment.

Boric acid, potassium salt

No relevant data found.

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

No data available.

Naphthenic acids

No specific, relevant data available for assessment.

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil ($K_{oc} > 5000$).

Partition coefficient (K_{oc}): > 10000 Estimated.

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

No relevant data found.

Molybdenum disulfide

No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Boric acid, potassium salt

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Naphthenic acids

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT). Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Molybdenum disulfide

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects**Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Boric acid, potassium salt

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Naphthenic acids

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Calcium salts of petroleum sulfonate

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Molybdenum disulfide

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 UN number or ID number Not applicable

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------|---|
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | Not applicable |
| 14.4 | Packing group | Not applicable |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | Not considered environmentally hazardous based on available data. |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | No data available. |

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

- | | | |
|------|---|---|
| 14.1 | UN number or ID number | Not applicable |
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | Not applicable |
| 14.4 | Packing group | Not applicable |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data. |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | No data available. |
| 14.7 | Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk |

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 14.1 | UN number or ID number | Not applicable |
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | Not applicable |
| 14.4 | Packing group | Not applicable |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | Not applicable |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | No data available. |

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006**

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No.

1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: Not applicable

Further information

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 - Calculation method

Skin Sens. - 1 - H317 - Calculation method

Repr. - 1B - H360 - Calculation method

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Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
GB EH40	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
STEL	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
TWA	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for

information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

GB