User Manual

bidirectional Multifunctional-Counter

English

tico 772

HENGSTLER

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HENGSTLER

Table of Contents

1 General Information

1.1 Information about the Operating Instructions

These operating instructions provide important information about the handling of the multifunctional counter. To ensure safe operation it is vital that the safety information and instructions be strictly observed.
The multifunction counter has been designed for industrial use and for installation in machinery or industrial plants.
The manufacturer of the machine/plant in which the multifunctional counter is used has to ensure that the function of the counter is properly described in the Operating Instructions of the machine or plant, and that the description is in accordance with manufacturer's programming functions.

The manufacturer's safety rules shall be applicable.

In addition, the local regulations concerning the prevention of accidents and general safety information applicable to the machinery/plant shall be adhered to.
Before starting any work on the machine/plant, the operating instructions and in particular, the Safety chapter and the respective safety information must be fully read.
These operating instructions are an integral part of the product and must be maintained in the direct vicinity of the machine/plant and in a place that is readily accessible for the operating staff.

These operating instructions contain important information concerning the installation, connection and programming of the multifunction counter.

Description of the programming sequence:

- Programming of the basic functions
- Programming of the function codes
- Programming of the user times
- Programming of the prescaler
- Programming of the presettings

Before starting to run the machine/plant is in operation, all functions that are not allowed to be changed by the operator have to be blocked.

The executed programming functions have to be documented.

1.2 Explanation of symbols

The warnings in these operating instructions are designated by symbols. Signal words at the beginning of the warnings indicate the severity of a safety hazard.

These notes have to be observed by all means, and all actions have to be taken with utmost care so as to prevent any accidents or damage or personal injury.

Danger!
This warning indicates a direct safety hazard, which may lead to serious injuries or even death if preventative action is not taken.

Warning!
This warning indicates a possible safety hazard, which may lead to serious injuries or even death if preventative action is not taken.

Caution!
This warning indicates a possible safety hazard, which may lead to minor damage or injuries if preventative action is not taken.

Note!
This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which may lead to damage to property or to the environment if preventative action is not taken.

Tips and recommendations
This symbol is used to point out to useful tips and recommendations and information ensuring efficient and trouble-free operation.

1.3 Limitation of Liability

The information and notes contained in these operating instructions were gathered in accordance with the applicable standards and regulations, the state-of-the-art, as well our long-standing experience and know-how.

The manufacturer shall not assume any liability for damage caused by:

- Non-adherence to the operating instructions
- Improper use
- Employment of unskilled or untrained personnel
- Makeshift changes or manipulation
- Opening of the multifunction counter

As a result of special design versions, special ordering options or the latest technical developments, the actual

scope of delivery may deviate from the scope described and illustrated here.

1.4 Copyright protection

The operating instructions must be treated confidentially and used exclusively by the personnel responsible for the setup, maintenance, repair and operation of the machine/plant. Disclosure of these operating instructions to any third parties shall not be permissible without the prior written consent of the manufacturer.

The data and information stated here, including text, drawings, images and other illustrations, are protected by copyrights and subject to industrial property rights. Any misuse of such information shall be subject to prosecution.

1.5 Guarantee conditions

Our guarantee conditions are available for download from our homepage at www.hengstler.com – DOWNLOAD – General Terms & Delivery Terms.

1.6 Customer Service

Our customer service is available to provide technical information and assistance for our customers. Detailed information on your responsible contact partner is given on our homepage (www.hengstler.com) under Contact and How to find us.

2 Safety

This section provides an overview of all the important safety-relevant aspects to ensure best possible protection of the operating personnel as well as safe and trouble-free operation. Non-adherence to the instructions given in this manual may result in considerable safety hazards.

2.1 Intended Use (Proper Use)

The multifunctional counter is exclusively designed and constructed for the intended use and purposes described here.

The multifunctional counter serves together with a corresponding sensor for the counting of piece numbers, lengths, flow rates, velocities and times, as well as for the controlling and monitoring of machinery and equipment by sending control signals.

Warning!
Safety hazards due to improper use / misuse!
Using the multifunction counter for any purposes other than the ones described within the scope of intended use may cause hazardous situations.

Claims for damages resulting from any kind of misuse shall be expressly excluded.

2.2 Assembly, connection, programming

These multifunction counters are built and tested in accordance with IEC/EN 61010-1, Protection Class II – Safety Measures for Electronic Measuring Equipment. They have left the factory in a condition that is in compliance with all safety-relevant requirements. In order to maintain this condition and ensure operational safety, the User is requested to observe the safety notes and warnings given in these operating instructions!

Danger!
Risk of safety hazards due to incorrect/faulty assembly and connection.

- The max. operating voltages must not be exceeded!
- 12 – 24VDC and 24VAC multifunction counters have to be operated at safety extra-low voltages (SELV) and under potential-compensated conditions in order to prevent hazardous shock currents.
- An external fuse has to be provided to protect the multifunction counter (see Chapter 10, Technical Data).
- Installation and assembly shall be carried out by skilled and trained electricians only.
- Do not connect the multifunction counter without making sure that it no longer carries any live voltages. Always separate it from the mains supply before connecting.
- Make sure that live terminals are properly protected against inadvertent contact.

- To ensure proper protection of terminals against hand contact, make sure that the live conductors are properly connected to the terminals.
- The rules and regulations set forth by the local electricity providers have to be observed.
- Do not establish any connections with non-allocated (NC) terminals.
- Multifunction counters may only be operated in a properly installed condition.
- If safe operation seems to be impaired, make the multifunction counter inoperable and secure it against inadvertent operation.
- Scope of applications: industrial processes and controls. Overvoltage across the terminals must be limited to the values of overvoltage category II.
- The installation and wiring environment has considerable impact on the electromagnetic compatibility of the multifunction counter. Therefore, electromagnetic compatibility of the entire plant has to be ensured during the installation.
- In areas presenting the risk of ESD (electrostatic discharge), make sure to use ESD-protected plugs and switches during the installation.

- If the functions “prescaler input”, “preset input” and “key reset” are not allowed to be used by the machine/plant operator, access to these functions must be blocked for machine operators. Depending on the machine/plant design or concept, non-permissible input may impair the operational safety and function of the machine or plant.

Danger!
The manufacturer of the machines / plants has to ensure, that no risks result from this.

- The machine/plant manufacturer shall be responsible for the preparation of operating instructions / plant description including the following:

o Description of functions according to the programming of the multifunction counter;

o Description of the settings to be adjusted by the machine/plant operator;

o Information concerning the occupational safety requirements and possible hazards arising from the operation of the machine/plant.

2.3 Responsibilities of the machine/plant manufacturer and operator

Multifunctional counters are designed for installation in machines/plants. Therefore, the manufacturer and operator of the machine/plant are subject to the legal obligations concerning occupational safety and health.

Besides the safety notes given in these operating instructions, the relevant rules and regulations concerning safety and the prevention of accidents, and the applicable environmental requirements have to be met. In particular:

- The machine/plant manufacturer shall be obligated to ensure that all the requirements mentioned in section 2.2 be fulfilled during the assembly, connection and programming.

- The operator shall obtain all the required information about the applicable occupational safety rules. In addition, the operator shall be obligated to prepare a risk assessment of possible hazards that may arise due to the special working conditions at the place of installation of the machine/plant. This risk assessment shall be documented in the form of operating instructions for the machine/plant.

- Throughout the entire operating time of the machine/plant the operator shall be obligated to check if the operating instructions prepared are in accordance with the latest status of requirements and, if required, make the appropriate adjustments.

- The operator shall ensure that all staff members who are involved in the machine/plant operation have read and fully understood these instructions. Moreover, the operator shall be obligated to train the operating personnel at regular intervals and inform them about any potential hazards.

- The operator shall ensure that the operation and cleaning of the machine/plant is exclusively carried out by skilled and trained personnel.

- The operator shall ensure that all maintenance and repair work shall only be carried out by skilled and trained personnel.

2.4 Staff-related requirements

Warning:
Danger of personal injuries if handled by insufficiently qualified staff!
Improper handling may cause severe personal injuries and damage to property.

- Actions requiring special skills have to be carried out only by the personnel designated in the appropriate sections of these instructions.

- Keep unqualified personnel away from hazard areas.

The following staff qualification requirements have been defined for the various scopes of activities:

- **Instructed personnel**
  These persons have been instructed by the operator with regard to the tasks assigned and the potential hazards caused by improper handling.
- **Skilled personnel**
  Due to their educational and professional skills, know-how and experience, as well as due to their knowledge of the relevant regulations, these persons are capable of executing their assigned tasks and recognize potential hazards independently.
- **Skilled and trained electricians**
  Due to their educational and professional skills, know-how and experience, and due to their knowledge of the relevant regulations in the field of electrical engineering, these persons are capable of executing electrical work and recognizing potential hazards independently.

2.5 Special hazards

This section indicates certain residual risks, which may arise as a result of the risk assessment.

The safety information and warnings given here and in the following chapters of these instructions have to be observed in order to reduce any health hazards and avoid hazardous situations.

Electric current

Danger!
Lethal hazard of electric shock!
Any contact with hazardous live components presents a direct lethal hazard. Damages of the insulation or individual components present a potential lethal hazard.

- In the event of any damage to the insulation, immediately disconnect the voltage supply and initiate the appropriate repair work.
- Any work on the electrical plant has to be carried out by skilled and trained electricians only.
- Before commencing your work on the electrical system, disconnect it from the main supply and check that it no longer carries any live voltages.
- Prior to conducting any maintenance, cleaning or repair work, disconnect the mains supply and secure it against inadvertent switching on.
- Do not short-circuit or make fuses inoperable.

2.6 Safety devices

Warning! Lethal hazard by non-functional safety devices!
Safety devices are provided to ensure a maximum of operational safety.

The multifunction counter itself does not include any installed safety devices.
These safety devices have to be attached externally.

Protect the electrical supply of the multifunction counter by means of external fuses (see Chapter 10, Technical Data).

Whether or not additional safety devices (e.g. emergency-off buttons) have to be provided depends on the general design and construction of the machine or plant.
The machine/plant manufacturer shall be responsible for providing such additional safety devices in according with his own risk assessment.

3 Setup and Operation

1 Display

2 Operating keys

3 Flat gasket

4 Bracket

5 Enclosure

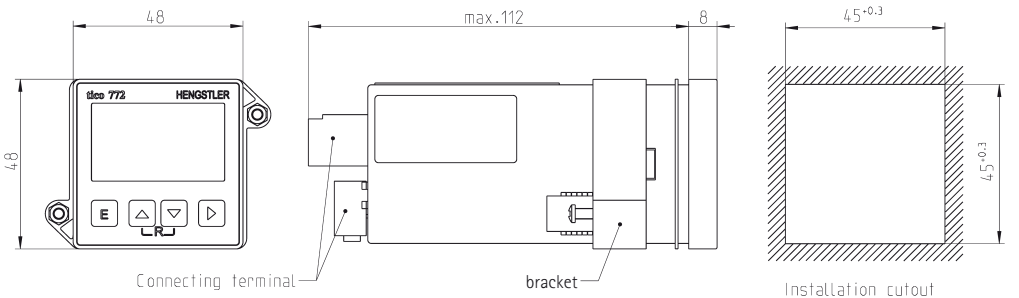
6 Plug for DC or sensor supply; Electronic inputs and outputs

7 Connection terminal AC supply and relay contacts

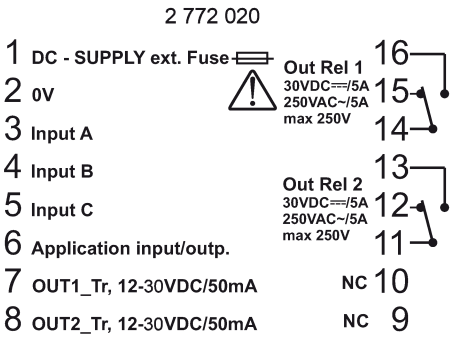
8 Circuit diagram

3 Setup and Operation

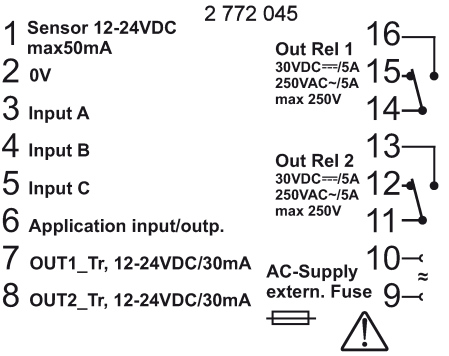
3.1 Dimension Sheet / Installation of Multifunction Counter



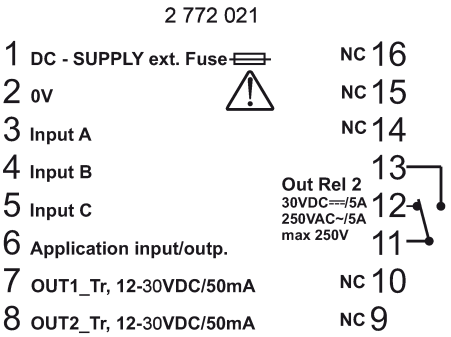
3.2 Connecting the Multifunction Counter



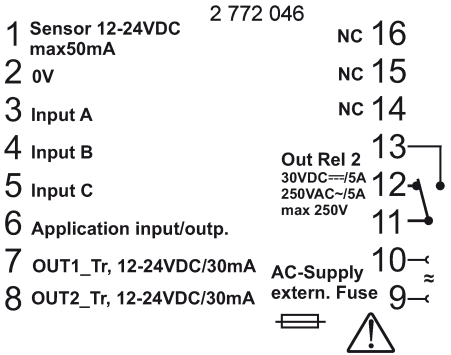
VDC 2 relays / 2 transistors



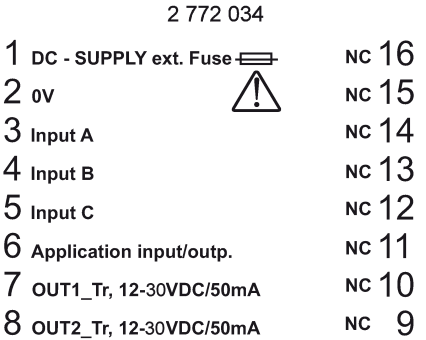
VAC Trafo 2 relays / 2 transistors



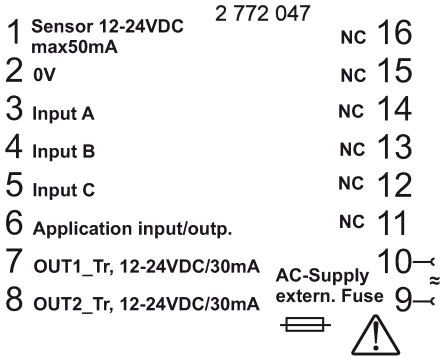
VDC 1 relays / 2 transistors



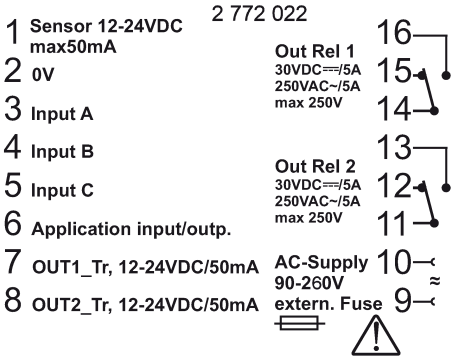
VAC transformer 1 Relays / 2 transistors



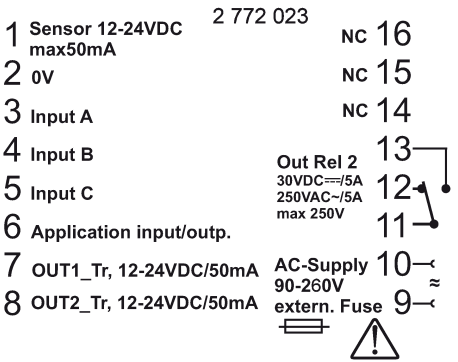
VDC 2 transistors



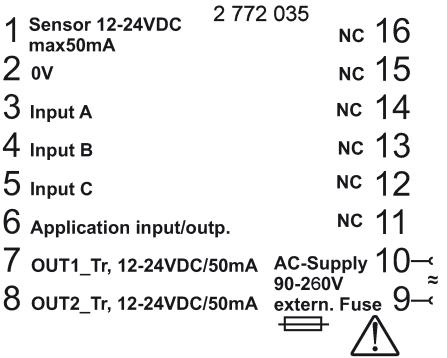
VAC trafo 2 transistors



VAC switching power supply 2 relays / 2 transistors



VAC switching power supply 1 relay / 2 transistors



VAC switching power supply 2 transistors

The plug has to be disconnected from the counter before the cables are fastened by means of screws or screw-type terminals.

It is not allowed to contact the encoder to a direct current line voltage without protective circuit for EMC. For cable lenths > 30 m a protective circuit is always necessary!

When programming the input level to TTL an additional protective circuit is necessary.

We recommend the installation in an metallic environment.

Only valid for DC-Versions:

When switching on the device in PNP-Mode, a short signal is applied to inputs A,B,C and the application input.

To suppress the pulse in TTL-Mode each input has to be connected to a resistor of 10 kOhm against 0V

When switching on the device a short signal is applied to the application output.

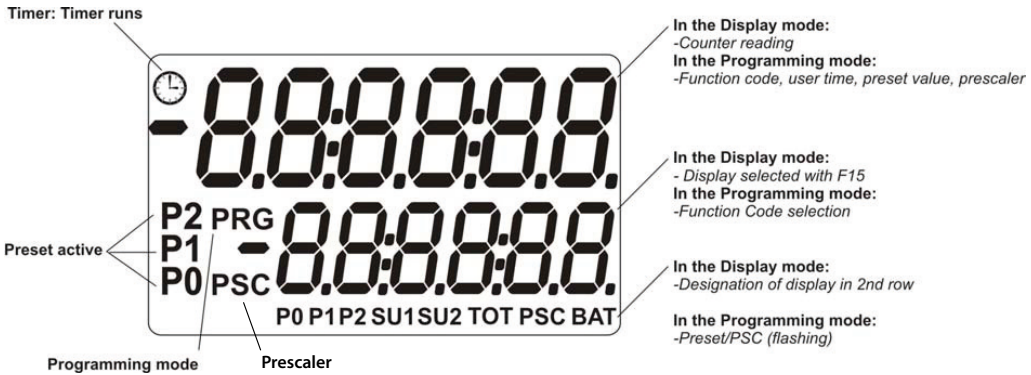
This pulse, if needed, is possible to suppress by connecting a resistor of 10 kOhm / 0,225 W against 0 V to the application-output.

3.3 Display

After switching on, all segments and characters are illuminated for approx. 2 seconds; then the display changes over to the Display or Programming Mode.

The display is available in four different versions:
Reflective: black digits on a bright reflecting background
Positively transmissive: black digits on an illuminated background*
Negatively transmissive: white illuminated digits on a black background*
Negatively transmissive: red illuminated digits on a black background*

* Currently not available


Timer: Timer runs
In the Display mode:
-Counter reading
In the Programming mode:
-Function code, user time, preset value, prescaler
In the Display mode:
- Display selected with F15
In the Programming mode:
-Function Code selection
In the Display mode:
-Designation of display in 2nd row
In the Programming mode:
-Preset/PSC (flashing)
Preset active
P2
P1
P0
PRG
PSC
P0 P1 P2 SU1 SU2 TOT PSC BAT
Programming mode
Prescaler

			
Enter - Key	UP - Key	DOWN - Key	SHIFT - Key

Programming

If pressed together with POWER ON (keep keys pressed and switch on the device)

	Selects standard functions
	Sets function codes
	Selects ID data (Article code (ID No.), manufacturing date, serial number,...)
	Sets User Times

During the Programming of Function Codes

	**Display of function code** Switches between function code text and function code number

During Operation

	Sets reset
	Sets preset 0
	Sets preset 1
	Sets preset 2
	Sets prescaler

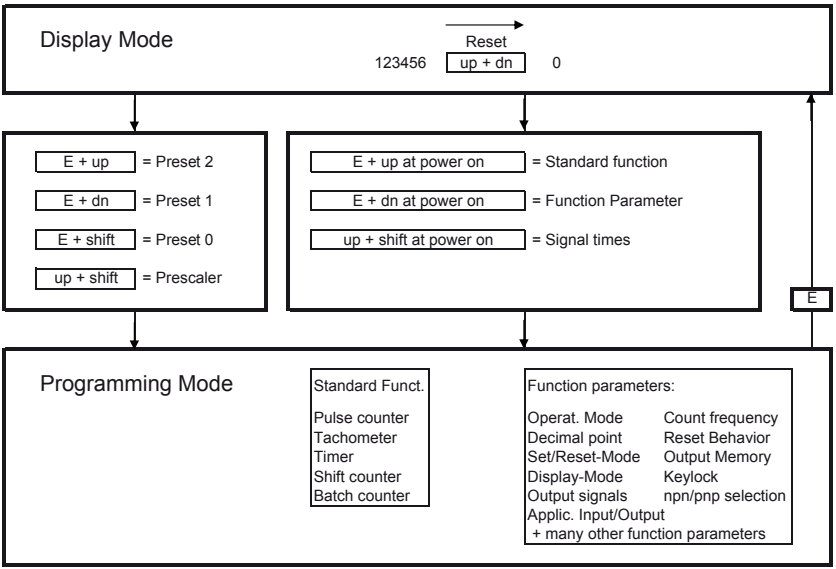
Additional function for shift and batch counters

	Switches between total sum and partial sums and/or count value and totalizer or batch counter

Additional function for timers

	Timer start (If enabled with function code F15)
	Timer stop (If enabled with function code F15)

3.5 Overview of Operating Elements



3.6 Programming the Standard Function

The device described here is a multifunctional counter, which can be programmed for a variety of functions, i.e. pulse counter, tachometer, timer, shift counter or batch counter functions. The first step is to set the standard function (the factory setting of the device is the "pulse counter" setting).

Now continue with the programming of the function codes (Chapters 5-9) or User Times (Chapter 3.10)

Programming mode	Change function setting:	Save, return to counter operation
		
Keep pressed and switch **voltage on** simultaneously	press	press

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2	
Fn	FUNCt	Setting of Standard Function	0*	PULSCt	Pulse counter
			1	tACHO	Tachometer
			2	tIMEr	Timer
			3	SHIFtC	Shift Counter
			4	bAtcHC	Batch Counter

3.7 Programming the Function Codes

The function codes (system parameters) are used to program the function and behavior of the inputs and outputs, as well as the behavior of the device in its adjusted basic mode. The detailed selection options are described in Chapters 5 to 9.

Programming mode	Change function setting	Save and change to next function code	Save and change to counter operation
			
Keep pressed and switch **voltage on** simultaneously	press	press	press

Change between Text Display and Numerical Display

In the function code Programming Mode, the first row shows the name of the function code in the form of text (7-segment display). The second row shows the selectable option in a text form, too. By simultaneously pressing the Up and Down buttons, the display in the first row changes to a numerical display; after pressing these buttons once again, the display in the second row also changes to a numerical display. Pressing these buttons for a third time reverts both rows to the text display again.

Attention: With each change among text and numeric display, the currently activated function code will return to the factory setting and may have to be readjusted.

The factory setting is designated with an asterix *.

3.8 Programming the Preset Values

By simultaneously pressing the E + Up, E + Down or E + Shift key you can change to the Preset programming mode:

Use the shift key in the programming mode to change a setting position. The selected position will start to flash. Use the shift key again to move by one position to the right. Then use the UP or Down key to increment or decrement the position by 1.

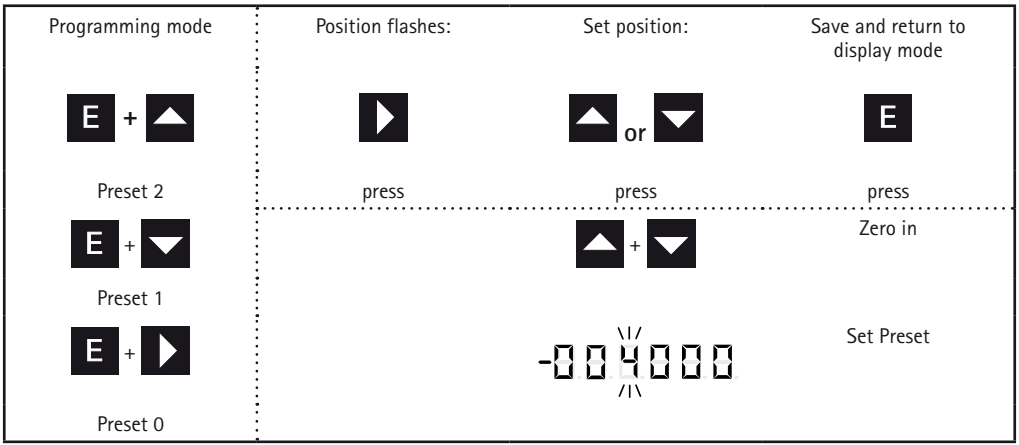
Rule for the 6th position: The change from 9 to 0 or 0 to 9 is indicated by a changing prefix.

Use the E key to leave the programming mode and return to the display mode. Your entries will be saved.

On leaving the programming mode, the presets are tested for attainability and recalculated, if necessary, because not all the values may be attained at a prescaler value of >1. The presetting is then rounded to the next attainable value.

If no key is pressed for more than 16 seconds in the programming mode, the counter will automatically return to the display mode. In this case, however, no entries will be saved except the last value saved with the E-key.

Set the preset value to 0 by pressing Up and Down keys simultaneously.



3.9 Prescaler programming

By pressing the Up + Shift keys simultaneously you can change to the Prescaler Programming Mode.

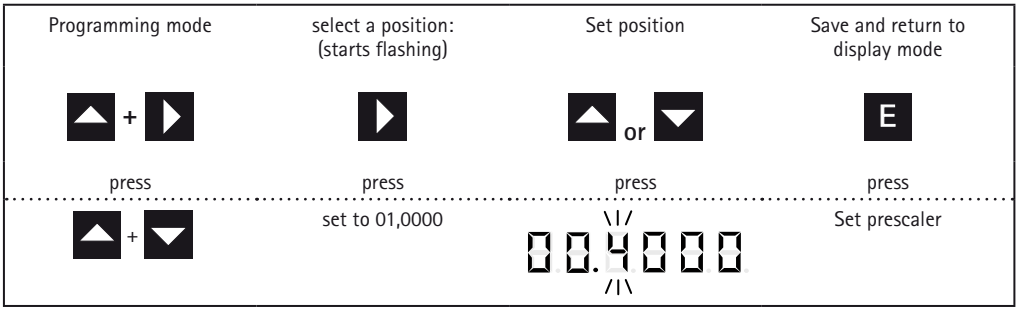
In the Programming mode, the position to be changed is selected by means of the shift key. The selected position will start flashing. Use the shift key again to move by one position to the right. Then use the UP or Down key to increment or decrement the position by 1. It is not possible to save a value of 00,0000. In this case the system will save 01,0000.

Use the E key to leave the programming mode and return to the display mode. Your entries will be saved.

On leaving the programming mode, all the presets are recalculated because not all the values may be attained with a prescaler value of >1. Therefore, the presets have to be checked and corrected as necessary after saving the prescaler.

If no key is pressed for more than 16 seconds in the programming mode, the counter will automatically return to the display mode. In this case, however, no entries will be saved except the last value saved with the E-key.

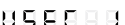
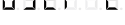
Press the Up and Down keys simultaneously to set the prescaler to 01,0000.



3.10 Programming the user times

For programming the signal time for monostable output signals, 9 fixed signal times between 0.02 s and 10 s are available. In addition, three different signal times between 0,01s and 599,99s can be set by the user. The outputs are deactivated if the setting is 0.00 s.

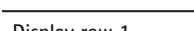
Programming mode	Select a position	Set position	Save and go to the next user setting; after user 3, return to display mode
			
Keep pressed and switch **voltage on** simultaneously	press	press	press

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2	
Fn		Sets the Signal Times	0*		Signal time 1
			1		Signal time 2
			2		Signal time 3

3.11 Output of ID data

This function is used to retrieve ID data, e.g. article numbers and various manufacturing data.

Output mode	Change to the next output	Return to counter operation
		
Keep pressed and switch **voltage on** simultaneously	press	press

Display row 1	Display row 2
	Article number
	Manufacturing date
	Serial number
	Software number
	Software release

4 General description of the multifunction counter

The following description is applicable for all standard settings. Special descriptions can be found in the appropriate chapters of this manual.

Factory setting (Defaults)	Sets all the function codes to the factory settings, i.e. all codes designated with *.
Prescaler (pulse metering factor):	The "Prescaler" is a multiplier. Each input pulse is multiplied by the adjusted factor. The display shows integers only. After a reset the counter is completely reset to 0; this also includes the non-visible value of < 1. At a prescaler of >1 not all the values are selectable. If invalid Preset values are selected, the counter will round them up to the next possible value. Example: PSC 5 cannot select (reach) Preset value 7. In this case, the counter automatically changes the Preset value to 10). If the Prescaler is changed, this may also affect the Preset values, which may have to be changed accordingly. Adjusting range 0,0001 to 99,9999

	The Prescaler is used, for example, to convert counter pulses into meaningful units, to adapt the units of measurements (e.g. cm-pulses to inch-pulses), or to compensate for worn out measuring wheels. Formula: PSC = Desired/nominal display / number of pulses Example: Flowmeter 173 pulses per100 liters; display in liters PSC = 100 / 173 = 0,5780 Example: 1 pulse per cm; display in inch PSC = 1 / 2,54 = 0,3937 **Attention: This is only valid for counters and tachometers.** **For timers please refer to the special Timer Description.**
Display 2. row:	The display of the 2nd row can be programmed as follows: P 2, P 1, P 0, Prescaler, Batch counter, totalizer or partial sums (shift counter)
Counter and control inputs:	The counter is fitted with 3 counter and control inputs and, in addition, with an application input (see below). These inputs are assigned various counter or control functions by means of function code settings.
Input logic:	The input logic can be programmed to NPN or PNP, each at the 8V-level or TTL level; see Technical Data for the switching threshold.

Reset/Set:	Manual setting via keys (lockable) Electronic setting via control input (and/or application input) Automatic programming after reaching the main Preselection Programmable Power-On Reset Depending on the function code the counter is: 1.) Reset: reset to 0 P 2 is the main Preset (preselect) value During unidirectional counting the counter will add up. or 2.) Set: reset to P 2 Signal 2 at 0 During unidirectional counting the counter will subtract. For time counting, batch counting or shift counting, it is possible to reset partial sums or the total sum, batch counter or 2nd totalizer individually or at the same time via the application input. Independently the counter can be reset to Preset value 0 via the application input (see below). **Exception: Tachometers do not have a reset/set function**

Static/dynamic reset:	Static reset: Reset over the entire pulse width of the reset pulse Dynamic reset: Reset via the active edge; thereafter, counter operation is possible independently of the pulse width of the reset pulse. **Exception: Tachometers do not have a reset/set function**
Teach input:	Using the Teach Input (application input) the counter status is imported in Preset 2.
Decimal Point:	The decimal point is only an optical reading assistence on the display and does not change the value. For example, for a value of 1 pulse per cm, the setting 0,00 makes it easier to read the value in m and cm. **Exception: This does not apply to tachometers and timers.** **Please refer to the detailed Tachometer and Timer descriptions.**

Input damping (Attenuation)	The inputs A and B are damped to 60 kHz. The Application Input is damped to 6 kHz. Following maximum input frequencies are not to be exceeded: Phasediscriminator single evaluation: A and B each 30 kHz (TTL 15 kHz) Phasediscriminator double evaluation: A and B each 30 kHz (TTL 15 kHz) Phasediscriminator quadruple evaluation: A and B each 15 kHz (TTL 15 kHz) Unidirectional counting and directional input: Input A 60 kHz (TTL 15 kHz) Differential counting, summation (totalizing): Input A + B 60 kHz (TTL 15 kHz) In case the application input is used as an additional count input, the above mentioned input frequencies have to be reduced by the frequency of the application input: If mechanical contacts are triggered (i.e. relays, switches, Reed contacts, etc.), the input frequency has to be damped (attenuated) to 30 Hz, so as to filter out bounce pulses. If damping to 30 Hz is selected, all inputs can be used with 30 Hz. To reach these values the amplitude thresholds are to be hold. (See technical data - chapter 10)

Signals:	P 1 and P 2 are available as relay changeover contacts and electronic output signals (PNP). P 0 is available as an electronic output signal across the application output (PNP). If a signal is active, this will be shown on the LCD display. An additional programming function: the display flashes if one or all the Preset values are active. This is also valid for Preset 0 (if no output has been assigned).
Signalzeiten:	**1.) bistable:** Cleared by electronic or manual reset. P 0 + P 1= bistable – additionally cleared by signal 2 Attention: Signal 2 must not be bistable for automatic reset. **2.) monostable:** Up to 9 fixed signal times are available between 0,02s and 10s. In addition, user times can be programmed between 0,01s to 599,99s. **3.) Range signals:** active as long as the counter reading is within the adjusted range.
Signals active on/off	During normal operation the relay is energized if the signal is active. This behavior can also be inverted (also applicable to the transistor outputs).
Application input/output:	Depending on the standard function, up to 11 (eleven) functions can be assigned to the application input/output. Note, however, that only one of these functions can be selected. Further details are given in the Function Code Chapter.

Application – Set to preset 0	Programs the application input to act as a Set Input. The counter is set to Preset 0, independently of the reset via input C or the keyboard. This function is not available for tachometers.
Application keylock:	All keyboard functions can be locked (latched) individually (Reset, P 0, P 1, P 2, Prescaler) Lock mode: release after 10s, complete keylock or keylock depending on keylock input (application input)

Our advice! After setting up the system, lock (latch) all the keyboard functions that are not allowed to be changed by the user.

5 Pulse counter

5.1 Description of the Pulse Counter

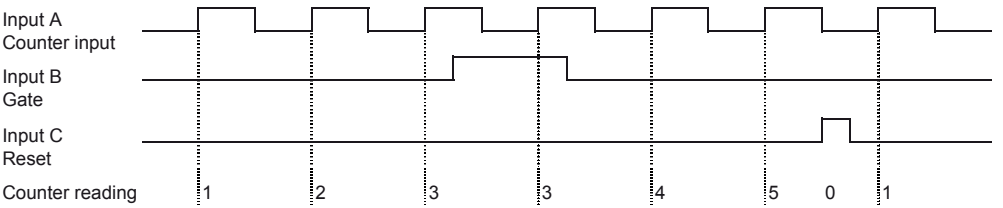
(Supplementing the General Description in Chapter 4)

Counter mode	The following counter modes can be selected: Unidirectional counting, adding or subtracting; Unidirectional counting with directional input; Differential counting, summation (totalizing) or phase discriminator (quad) with single, double or quadruple evaluation.
Output signals mode of operation:	**1.) coincidence signal:** The counter operates in the coincidence mode, i.e. output signals are activated after reaching the Preset value for the programmed period of time. **2.) Trail:** P 2 and P 0 are under coincidence operation; they operate as described in item A. P 1 is the trail. P 1 is not absolute to 0, but relative to P 2. If the setting is F8=1, the following will apply: Signal 1 is returned at P 2 – P 1 Example: P 2=1000, P 1=200, Signal 1 at 800; If P 1 is negative: P 2=1000, P 1=(-200), Signal 1 at 1200 If the setting is F8=2, the following will be applicable: Signal 1 is returned at P 2 + und – P 1 (Example: P 2=1000, P 1=200, Signal 1 at 800 or/and 1200) **3.) range signal:** VW 1 and 2 are range signals: Signal 1 is active at a counter reading < P 1 and Signal 2 is active at a counter reading > P 2

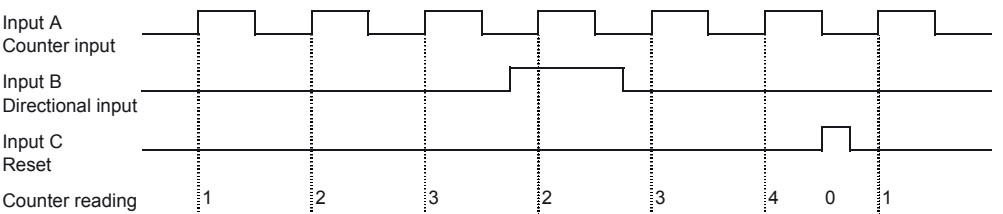
Intermediate cut:	Depending on the application it may become necessary to isolate the main signal during the reset, e.g. when the first material lengths or certain lengths showing material defects have to be cut on length-cutting systems.
Additional totalizer (summation counter)	The additional totalizer sums up all values, even if the main counter is continually reset. The shift key can be used to switch between the counter reading and the total sum. The totalizer can only be reset manually. To do this, select the total sum from the first row; then press the reset keys.
Prescaler Output PSC-out:	The prescaler output is an application output. With each increase of the counter reading the number of output pulses corresponds to the respective number of increments. The pulse length of the prescaler output corresponds to a frequency of 500 Hz. When using the prescaler output the max. count frequency is: F max = 500 / PSC. So it is possible that the maximum input frequency can not be reached.
Application counter input add / sub	The application input may be assigned to the Count Up or Count Down function. This is a counter input, which is available in addition to the counter mode adjusted with F1.
Application Latch/Reset	Latch/Reset is an application input. If the counter is reset via the application input, the counter reading is held constant. The counter continues to remain fully functional and operates in the background mode. During the next reset the current (updated) value will be shown on the display.

5.2 Signal diagrams input signals (PNP-Logic)

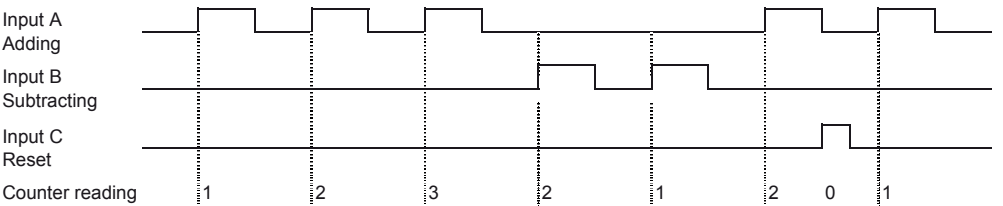
Unidirectional counting (F1 = C G r) = 0



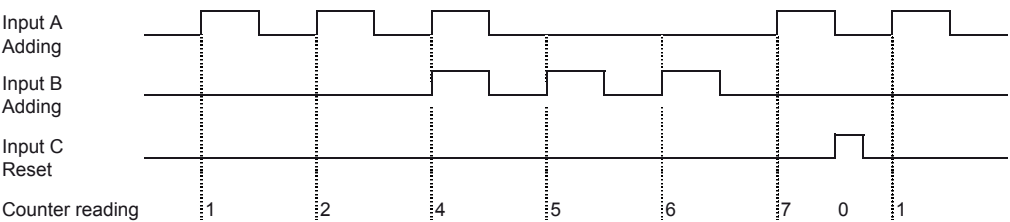
Directional input(F1= C d r) = 1

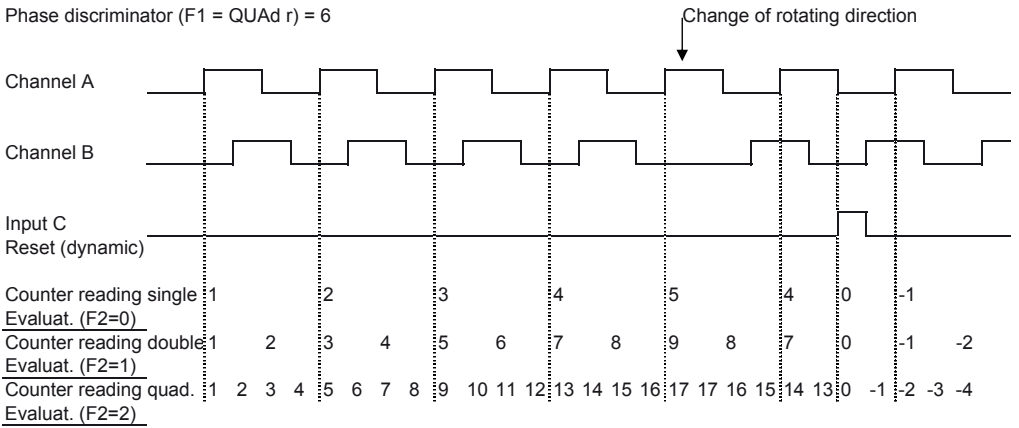


Differential input (F1= A S r) = 3



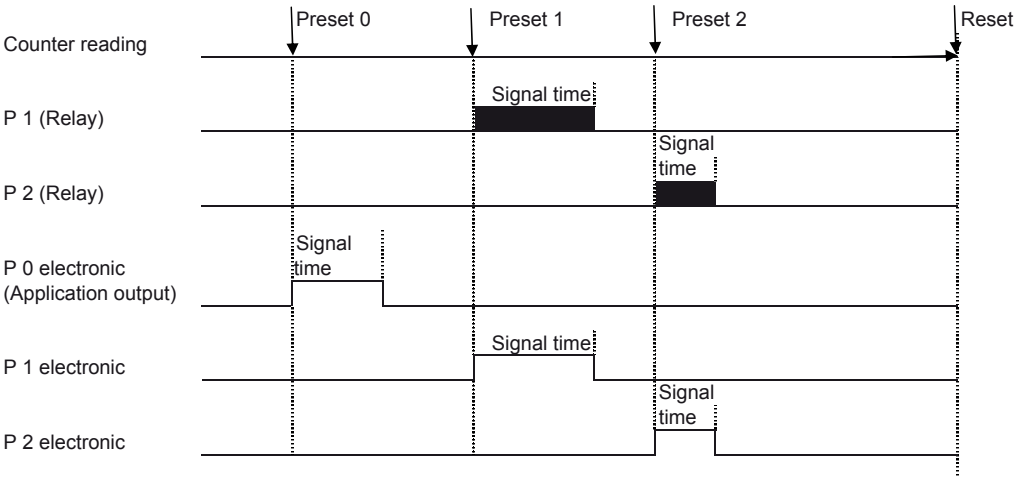
Summation (totalizer) input (F1= A A r) = 5



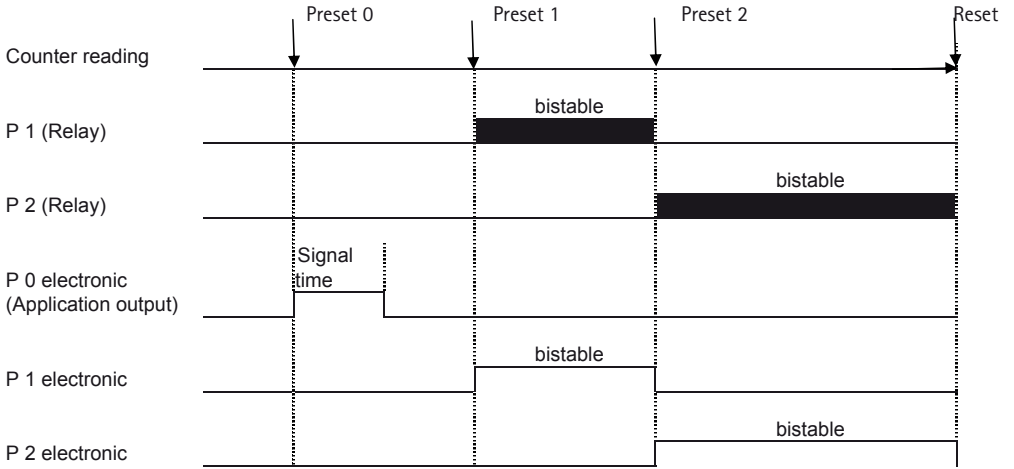

Phase discriminator (F1 = QUAd r) = 6
Change of rotating direction
Channel A
Channel B
Input C
Reset (dynamic)
Counter reading single
Evaluat. (F2=0)
1 2 3 4 5 4 0 -1
Counter reading double
Evaluat. (F2=1)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 8 7 0 -1 -2
Counter reading quad.
Evaluat. (F2=2)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 16 15 14 13 0 -1 -2 -3 -4

5.3 Signal diagrams – Output signals

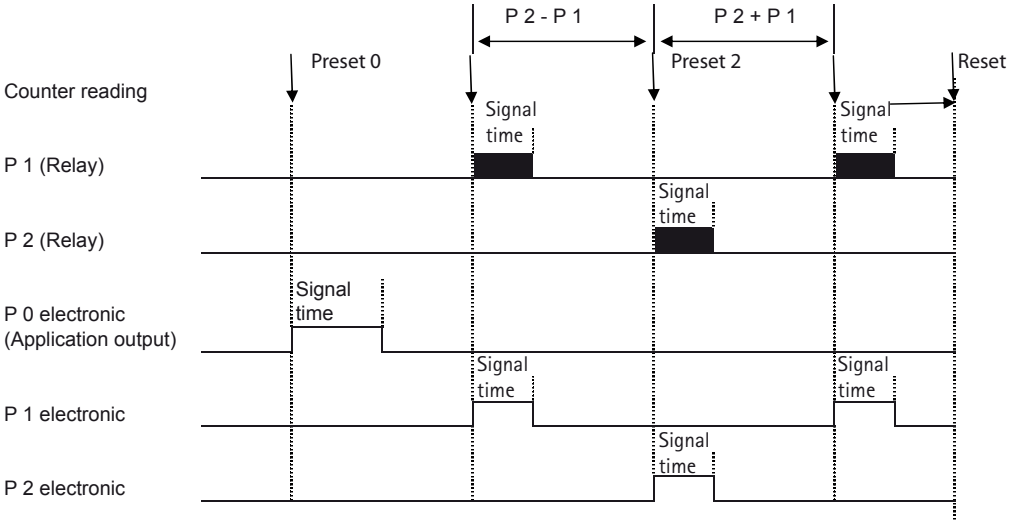
Output signals monostable
Coincidence signals P 0 (F10), P 1 (F11), P 2 (F12) monostable



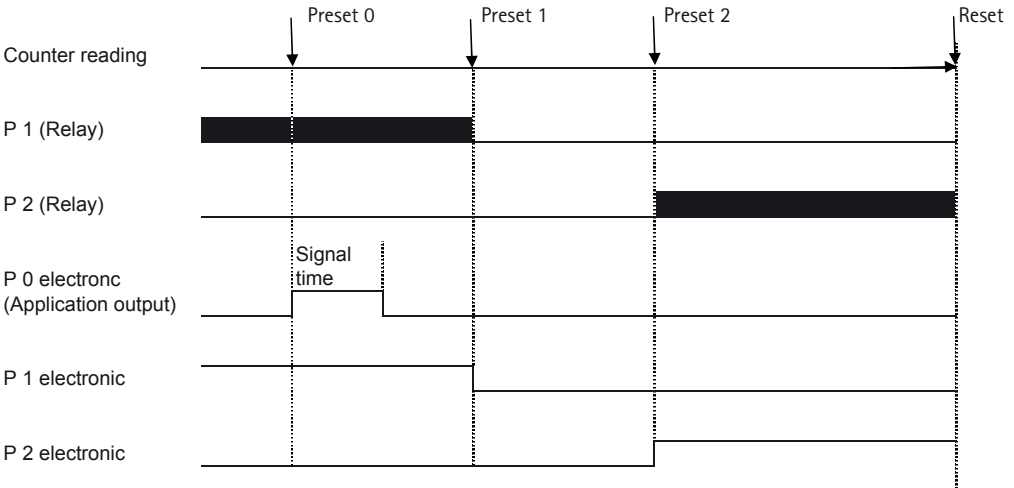
Output signals bistable
Coincidence signal time P 0 (F10) monostable P 1 (F11), P 2 (F12) bistable



Trail Preset
P 0 (F10) Coincidence signal monostable, P 1 (F8+F11) trail signal, symmetrical,
P 2 (F12) Coincidence signal monostable



Range signals
P 0 (F10) Coincidence signal monostable P 1 + P 2 range signal



5.4 Programming the counter function codes

Programming mode	Change function setting	Save and change to next function	Return to display mode
			
Keep pressed and simultaneously turn **Voltage On**	press	press	press
Alternative display of function codes		The function codes are displayed as text in row 1. By pressing both keys simultaneously you can change to the numerical display (F 0 to F 35). After pressing these keys once again the number of the selectable options will be displayed in addition. This setting will be stored.	

5 Pulse counter

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2			
F0	FCtSEt	Factory Setting (Defaults)	0*	no	No Function		
			1	YES	All Function Codes are set to the values marked with *		
F1	Count	Zählbe-triebsart	0*	CntA	**Input A** Count. inpt.	**Input B** Gate	**Input C** Reset
			1	CdIA	Count.inpt.	Direction. Input	Reset
			2	CdIG	Count.inpt.	Direction. Input	Gate
			3	ASrA	Adding	Subtracting	Reset
			4	ASrG	Adding	Subtracting	Gate

			5	A.A.r.	Adding	Adding	Reset
			6	QUAd.r.	Channel A	Channel B	Reset
			7	QUAd.G.	Channel A	Channel B	Gate
F2	QUAd..	Edge Evaluation /Quadrat. evaluation	0*	1	Single evaluation		
			1	2	Double evaluation		
			2	4	Quadruple evaluation		
F3	InPLoG	PNP/NPN-Logic	0	nPn_H.	NPN-8V-Level		
			1*	PnP_H.	PNP 8-V Level		
			2	nPn_L.	NPN TTL-Level		

			3	PNP_L	PNP TTL-Level
F4	In Att	Input-damping (Attenu-ation)	0	Lo Fr9	30 Hz damping (e.g. for mechanical contacts)
			1*	Hi Fr9	F max. (see chapter 4 and 10)
F5	rS Mod	Set / Re-set- Mode	0*	rES 0	Reset to 0
			1	ArES 0	Automatic reset to 0 after reaching Preset 2
			2	SEt P2	Set to Preset 2
			3	ASEtP2	Automatic selection of Preset 2 after reaching 0
F6	rESEt	dynam./ static Reset	0*	StAt	Static reset (reset as long as the signal is applied)

			1	dYn	Dynamic Reset (ready to count after reset (even if reset signal is applied for a longer time)
F8	PrES1	Mode Preset 1	0*	PrES	P 1 normal preset; absolute to the counter reading (coincidence signal)
			1	trAIL	P 1 as a trail preset with prefix (relative to P 2)
			2	trAILS	P 1 as a trail preset symmetrical (relative to P 2)
			3	rANGE	P 1 and P 2 as a range signal (Sign.1 < P 1, Sign.2 > P 2)
F9	OutSIG	Output signal	o*	ActOn	Active On
			1	ActOFF	Active Off
F10	SIGt0	Signal time P 0	0	diSAbL	Disabled / No output signal
			1	bISt AbL	Bistable, reset with Preset 2 or Reset

2	0.02	0,02 s
3	0.05	0,05 s
4*	0.10	0,10 s
5	0.20	0,20 s
6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s

			11	USEr 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
			12	USEr 2	User setting (0-599,99 s)
			13	USEr 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F11	SIGnE1	Signal time P 1	0	d.SAbL	Disabled / No output signal
			1	bI StAb	Bistable; with Preset 2 or Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s
			5	0.20	0,20 s

			6	0.50	0,50 s
			7	1.00	1,00 s
			8	2.00	2,00 s
			9	5.00	5,00 s
			10	10.00	10,00 s
			11	USEr 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
			12	USEr 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USEr 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F12	SIGt2	Signal time P 2	0	dISAbL	Disabled / No Output signal

1	bi StAb	Bistable; Reset Cannot be used in conjunction with automatic Reset
2	0.02	0,02 s
3	0.05	0,05 s
4*	0.10	0,10 s
5	0.20	0,20 s
6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s

			10	10.00	10,00 s
			11	USER 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
			12	USER 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USER 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F13	dPoint	Decimal point	0*	0	No decimal point
			1	0.0	1 decimal place
			2	0.00	2 decimal places
			3	0.000	3 decimal places
			4	0.0000	4 decimal places

F14	FLASH	Display flashes	0*	noFLSH	No flashing
			1	P0	Flashes as long as P 0 is active
			2	P1	Flashes as long as P 1 is active
			3	P2	Flashes as long as P 2 is active
			4	P0-1-2	Flashes as long as one P is active
F15	2.LINE	Display in 2nd row	0	P0	Preset 0
			1	P1	Preset 1
			2*	P2	Preset 2
			3	PSC	Prescaler

			4	totAL	Totalizer
F16	OUtrES	Output at Reset (Interm. Cut	0*	no	Do not activate Preset 2 during Reset
			1	Act P2	Activate Preset 2 during Reset
F17	PONrES	Power On (Reset)	0*	no rES	Restore counter value
			1	rES	Reset at Power On
F18	OUtMEM	Output signal Memory	0	YES	Restart signal time after power fail ⚠ output switches
			1*	no	Do not restart signal time after power fail
F19	AddtoL	Addtl. Totalizer	0	YES	Enabled
			1*	no	Disabled

F22	APL InP	Applica. Input/ Output	0	PSCout	Prescaler output
			1	P0 Out	Output Preset 0
			2	dir Out	Directional output
			3*	Cnt UP	Counter input - adding
			4	Cnt dn	Counter input – subtracting
			5	rESEt	Reset input
			6	GAtE	Gate input
			7	Loc	Keylock input
			8	Hold	Hold input (display lock)

			9	tEACH	Teach input (count value becomes P 2)
			10	SEt	Set input (Set to Preset 0)
			11	LAt.rES	Latch and Reset (Save display at Reset)
F30	rESLoc	Lock Reset key	0*	unLoc	Enable keyboard reset
			1	Loc	Keyboard reset locked/delayed
F31	P0 Loc	Lock Preset 0	0*	unLoc	P 0 Setting enabled
			1	Loc	P 0 Setting locked / delayed
F32	P1 Loc	Lock Preset 1	0*	unLoc	P 1 Setting enabled

			1	Loc	P 1 Setting locked / delayed
F33	P2 Loc	Lock Preset 2	0*	unLoc	P 2 Setting enabled
			1	Loc	P 2 Setting locked / delayed
F34	PSCLoc	Lock Prescaler setting	0*	unLoc	PSC setting enabled
			1	Loc	PSC Setting locked / delayed
F35	GLobAL	Lock Mode	0*	10 SEC	10 seconds delay
			1	Loc'd	Completely locked
			2	InPLoc	Lock depends on keylock input

6 Tachometer

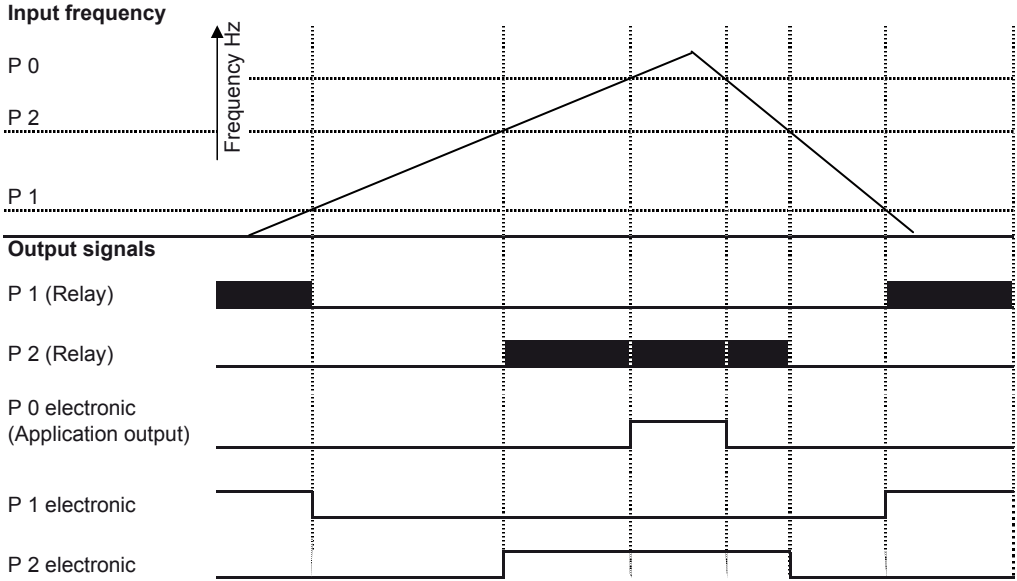
6.1 Tachometer Description

(Supplementing the General Description given in Chapter 4)

Operation:	A tachometer measures the period (PNP: time from one rising edge to the next one); NPN: time period from a falling edge to the next one), and converts and displays this time in 1/sec or 1/min.
Tachometer Mode of Operation:	The following modes of tachometer operation can be selected: Unidirectional counting; Unidirectional counting with directional input; Differential counting, summation (totalizing); Phase discrimination (quad) with single, double or quadruple evaluation; Indication of ratio A/B and Indication of percentage (A-B) /A in %
Decimal point	Tachometer mode of operation 0-4 (function code F1) The decimal point only serves for better legibility and does not change the value. Tachometer mode of operation 5 + 6 (function code F1) The decimal point is included in the calculation and increases the resolution.

Output signals Mode of operation:	The tachometer uses the following limit values: P 1 and 2 are limit (range) signals Signal 1 is active at the displayed value of < P 1 and Signal 2 is active at the displayed value of > P 2 Signal 0 is active at the displayed value of > P 0; (application output)
Display unit:	Programmable: 1/sec or 1/min Using the setting 1/min and prescaler 60 the display will show 1/hour.
Min. input frequency:	Programmable 1 Hz or 0.1 Hz. If two edges do not occur within 1 s or respectively, 10s, a value of 0 will be displayed.
Startup suppression:	Programmable Yes/No During the startup the lower limit signal is suppressed until the lower limit value is exceeded for the first time. The startup suppression will become active again, if the minimum frequency is fallen below.

6.2 Signal diagram – Output signals



6.3 Programming the tachometer function codes

Programming mode	Change function setting	Save and change to next function	Return to display mode
			
Keep pressed and simultaneously turn **Voltage On**	press	press	press
Alternative display of Function code:		The function codes are displayed as text in row 1. By pressing both keys simultaneously you can change to the numerical display (F 0 to F 35). After pressing these keys once again the number of the selectable options will be displayed in addition. This setting will be stored.	

Funktion code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2			
F0	FACTSET	Factory Setting (Defaults)	0*	no	No function		
			1	YES	All function codes are set to the values marked with *		
F1	COUNT	Tacho mode of operation			Input A	Input B	Input C
			0*	C.GH	Counter input	Gate	Hold (Display memory)
			1	C.dH	Count input	Direct. input	Hold (Display memory)
			2	A.SH	Adding	subtracting	Hold (Display memory)
			3	A.AH	Adding	Adding	Hold (Display memory)

			4	QUAd H	Channel A	Adding	Hold (Display memory)
			5	A/B H	Channel A / Channel B		Hold (Display memory)
			6	A-b%a	(A-B) / A in % (Difference in % of A)		Hold (Display memory)
F2	QUAd	Edge Evaluation/ Quadrat. evaluation	0*	1	Single evaluation		
			1	2	Dual evaluation		
			2	4	Quadruple evaluation		
F3	INPLOG	PNP/ NPN-Logic	0	NPN_H	NPN 8 V-Level		
			1*	PNP_H	PNP 8 V-Level		

			2	NPN_L	NPN TTL-Level
			3	PNP_L	PNP TTL-Level
F4	In Att	Input damping (Attenuat)	0	Lo Fr9	30 Hz attenuation (e.g. for mechanical contacts)
			1*	Hi Fr9	F max. (see chapter 4 und 10)
F5	UNIt	Display Unit	0*	PPSEC	Pulse per second (1/sec)
			1	PPM.n	Pulse per minute (1/min)
F6	Lo Fr9	Min. Input frequency	0*	1	1 Hz (if no further pulse is received after 1s, the display will return to 0)
			1	0.1	0,1 Hz (if no further pulse is received after 1s, the display will return to 0)

F7	SE SUP	Startup-suppress.	0	YES	With startup suppression
			1*	no	Without startup suppression
F9	OUTSIG	Output signal	0*	ACT On	Active On
			1	ACTOFF	Active Off
F10	SIG tO	P 0 Addtl. Upper limit	0*	diSAbL	Disabled / no Output signal
			1	EnAbLE	Additional range signal > P 0
F11	SIG t1	P 1 Lower limit	0*	diSAbL	Disabled / no Output signal
			1	EnAbLE	Range signal < P 1

F12	SIG.E2	P 2 Upper limit	0*	d.SAbL	Disabled / no Output signal
			1	EnAbLE	Range signal > P 2
F13	dPo.nt	Decimal place	0*	0	No decimal point
			1	0.0	1 Decimal place
			2	0.00	2 Decimal places
			3	0.000	3 Decimal places
			4	0.0000	4 Decimal places
F14	FLASH	Display flashes	0*	NoFLSH	Do not flash

			1		Flashes as long as P 0 active
			2		Flashes as long as P 1 active
			3		Flashes as long as P 2 active
			4		Flashes if one preset is active
F15		Display in 2nd row	0		Preset 0
			1		Preset 1
			2*		Preset 2
			3		Prescaler

F22	APL InP	Applica-tion Input/ Output	0	P0 0ut	Output Preset 0
			1	dir 0ut	Directional output
			2*	C UP A	Count input adding, or 2nd count input A
			3	C dn b	Count input subtracting, or 2nd counter input B
			4	GAtE	Gate Input
			5	HoLd	Hold-Input (display memory)
			6	tEACH	Teach Input (count value becomes P 2)
			7	Loc	Keylock-Input

F31		Lock Preset 0 Setting	0*		P 0 Setting enabled
			1		P 0 Setting locked / delayed
F32		Lock Preset 1 Setting	0*		P 1 Setting enabled
			1		P 1 Setting locked / delayed
F33		Lock Preset 2 Setting	0*		P 2 Setting enabled
			1		P 2 Setting locked / delayed
F34		Lock Prescaler Setting	0*		PSC Setting enabled
			1		PSC Setting locked / delayed

F35	GLobAL	Lock Mode	0*	10 SEC	10 seconds delay
			1	Loc'd	Completely locked
			2	InPLoc	Lock mode depends on Keylock Input

7 Timer

7.1 Timer Description

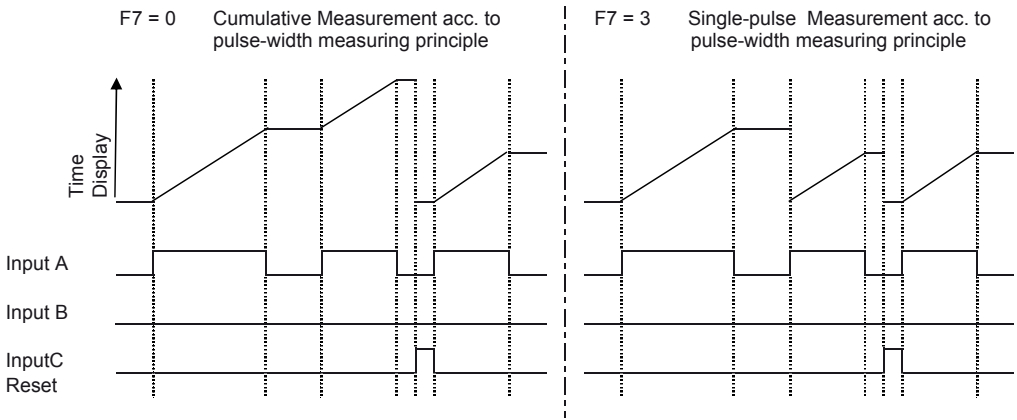
(Supplementing the General Description in Chapter 4)

Function:	The timer counts seconds, minutes or hours. Depending on the resolution (see below) the smallest units to be recorded are 0,1 ms. Combined with the prescaler (see below), quantities can be measured as a function of time.
Time formats:	4 time formats are available: Seconds, minutes, hours and HH:MM:SS
Resolution:	By shifting the decimal place, a resolution of up to 4 decimal places can be programmed; the smallest resolution is 0,1 ms. The time format “seconds with four decimal places” shows 0.1 milliseconds. The time format “seconds with three decimal places” shows milliseconds. The time format “minutes with two decimal places” shows 1/100 minutes.

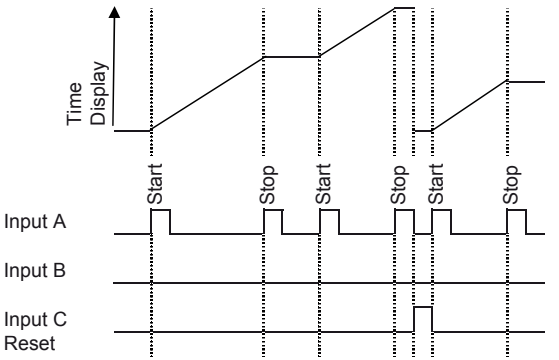
Prescaler:	During the timer operation the prescaler has to be disabled or set to 01,0000. The prescaler can be used to record quantities, provided that the quantity per time unit is known. Example: A volume of 3 liters per second is supplied. Settings: Time format "seconds", prescaler 3,0000 Display: Supplied volume in liters as a function of time. The prescaler cannot be used with the time format HH:MM:SS as it is not active (effective) in this format.
Timer mode of operation:	The following modes of timer operation can be selected: **Cumulative measurement following the pulse-width measuring principle** (Cumulative measurement as long as input A is active) **Cumulative measurement following the cycle-duration principle** (Cumulative measurement from rising edge Input A to falling edge of Input A) **Cumulative measurement A=Run, B=Stop** (cumulative measurement from rising edge Input A to rising edge Input B) **Single-pulse measurement following the pulse-width measurement principle** (Measure as long as Input A is active) **Single-pulse measurement following the cycle-duration principle** (Measurement from rising edge Input A to rising edge of Input A) **Single-pulse measurement A=Run, B=Stop** (Cumulative measurement from rising edge Input A to rising edge Input B)
Manual Start / Stop via keyboard:	The Start / Stop function can be programmed via the keyboard. Start: Press the UP button for 0.5s Stop: Press the DOWN button.

Output signals – Function:	**A coincidence signal:** The timer operates in the "coincidence" mode, i.e. the output signals are enabled for the programmed period of time after reaching the selected preset value **B trail signal:** P 2 and P 0 operate in the "coincidence" mode, i.e. the output signals are enabled for the programmed period of time when reaching the selected preset value. P 1 is a trail preset and not absolute to 0, but relative to P 2. If the setting is F8=1, the following will apply: Signal 1 is returned at P 2 – P 1 Example: P 2=1000, P 1=200, Signal 1 at 800; If P1 is negative: P 2=1000, P 1=(-200), Signal 1 at 1200 If the setting is F8=2, the following will be applicable: Signal 1 is returned at P 2 + und – P 1 (Example: P 2=1000, P 1=200, Signal 1 at 800 or/and 1200) **C range signal:** P 1 and 2 are range signals: Signal 1 is active at timer reading < P 1 and Signal 2 is active at timer reading > P 2 **D batch mode:** The timer can also be programmed to act as a batch counter. In this case, P 2= main preset value; P 1= Batch preset. In the Batch mode of operation, only positive entries are possible for P1; negative entries will be stored as positive values. This mode is ideal to default a process time and the number of process sequences (runs).
Additional totalizer	The additional totalizer is used to sum up all the times (even after repeated resetting of the main counter). The totalizer is reset separately.

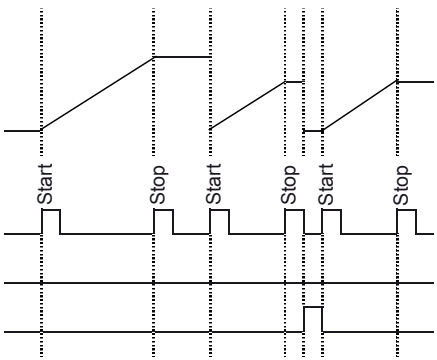
7.2.1 Signal Diagrams - Input signals

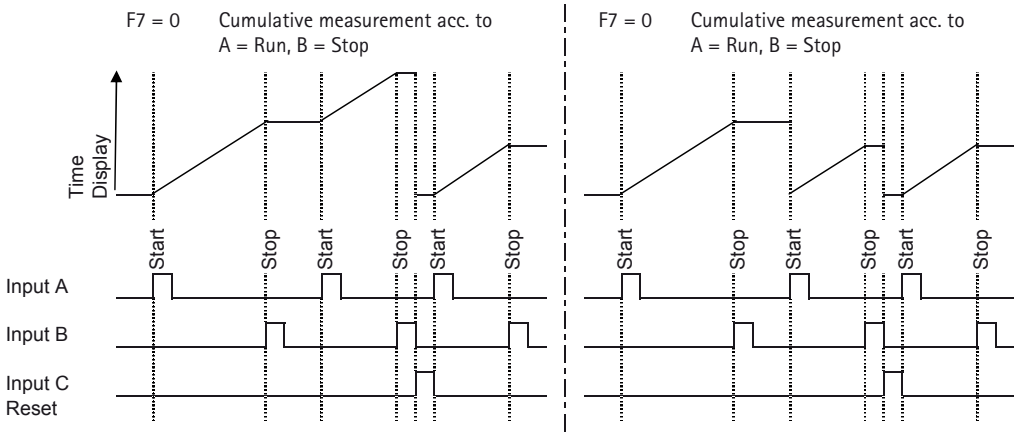


F7 = 0 Cumulative measurement acc. to cycle-duration measuring principle



F7 = 0 Cumulative measurement acc. to cycle-duration measuring principle




F7 = 0
Cumulative measurement acc. to
A = Run, B = Stop
Time
Display
Start
Stop
Start
Stop
Start
Stop
Input A
Input B
Input C
Reset
F7 = 0
Cumulative measurement acc. to
A = Run, B = Stop
Start
Stop
Start
Stop
Start
Stop

7.2.2 Signal Diagrams – Output signals

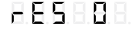
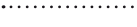
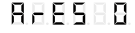
The output signals of the timer can be derived from the pulse counter (see 5.3) or, respectively, batch counter (see 9.2) functions.

7.3 Programming the Timer Function Codes

Programming mode	Change function setting	Save and change to next function	Return to display mode
			
Keep pressed and simultaneously turn Voltage On	press	press	press
Alternative display of function codes		The function codes are displayed as text in row 1. By pressing both keys simultaneously you can change to the numerical display (F 0 to F 35). After pressing these keys once again the number of the selectable options will be displayed in addition. This setting will be stored.	

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2	
F0	FCtSEt	Factory Setting (Defaults)	0*	no	No function
			1	YES	All function codes are set to the values marked with *
F1	Unit	Time unit	0*	SEcond	Seconds
			1	MinutE	Minutes
			2	HourS	Hours
			3	HH.MM.SS	HH:MM:SS
F2	rESOL	Resolution	0*	0	No decimal point

			1	0.0	1 decimal place
			2	0.00	2 decimal places
			3	0.000	3 decimal places
			4	0.0000	4 decimal places
F3	INPLOG	PNP/NPN-Logic	0	NPN_H	NPN 8 V-Level
			1*	PNP_H	PNP 8 V-Level
			2	NPN_L	NPN TTL-Level
			3	PNP_L	PNP TTL-Level

F4		Input (Attenuat)	0		30 Hz damping (attenuation) (e.g. for mechanical contacts)
			1*		F max. (see chapter 4 and 10)
F5		Set / Re-set- Mode	0*		Reset to 0
			1		Automatic reset to 0 after reaching Preset value 2
			2		Set to Preset 2
			3		Automatically sets to Preset 2 after reaching 0.
F6		dynam/ static Reset	0*		Static Reset (as long as the signal is applied)
			1		Dynamic Reset (ready for operation, even if reset signal has been applied for a longer time)

F7		Timer-Mode of Operation	0		Cumulative measurement - pulse-width (counts as long as Input A is active)
			1*		Cumulative measurement – cycle duration (counts from rising edge of start signal to rising edge of stop signal).
			2		Cumulative measurement - A=Run B=Stop (counts from rising edge of start signal to rising edge of stop signal).
			3		Single-pulse measurement – pulse-width (counts as long as Input A is active)
			4		Single-pulse measurement – cycle duration (counts from rising edge of start signal to rising edge of stop signal).
			5		Single-pulse measurement - A=Run B=Stop (counts from rising edge of start signal to rising edge of stop signal)
F8		Mode Preset 1	0*		P 1 normal preset; absolute to counter reading (coincidence signal)

			1	trAIL	P 1 is a trail preset with prefix (relative to P 2)
			2	trAILS	P 1 is a symmetric trail (relative to P 2)
			3	rANGE	P 1 and P 2 are range signals (Sign.1<P1, Sign.2>P2)
F9	OutSIG	Output signal	0*	ActOn	Active On
			1	ActOFF	Active Off
F10	SIGt0	Signal time P 0	0	diSAbL	Disabled / No output signal
			1	bIStAb	Bistable, reset with Preset 2 or Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s

3	0.05	0,05 s
4*	0.10	0,10 s
5	0.20	0,20 s
6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s

			11	USEr 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
			12	USEr 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USEr 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F11	SIGnt 1	Signal time P 1	0	d.SAbL	Disabled / no output signal
			1	bI StAb	Bistable, reset with Preset 2 or Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s

5	0.20	0,20 s
6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s
11	USEr 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
12	USEr 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)

			13	USEr 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F12	SIG t2	Signal time P 2	0	dISAbL	Disabled / No output signal
			1	bISt Ab	Bistable; Reset function cannot be used in connection with automatic Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s
			5	0.20	0,20 s
			6	0.50	0,50 s

7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s
11	USER 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
12	USER 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
13	USER 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)

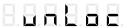
F13	P.STOP	Stop after reaching the main Preset	0*	no	No Stop when main Preset is reached (P 2)
			1	YES	Stop when main Preset is reached (P 2)
F14	FLASH	Display flashes	0*	noFLSH	Do not flash
			1	P0	Flashes as long as P 0 is active
			2	P1	Flashes as long as P 1 is active
			3	P2	Flashes as long as P 2 is active
			4	P0-1-2	Flashes as long as a P is active
F15	2.LINE	Display in 2nd Row	0	P0	Preset 0

			1	P 1	Preset 1
			2*	P2	Preset 2
			3	PSC	Prescaler
			4	tot.bAt	Totalizer / Batchcounter
F16	MAn SE	Start / Stop via Keyboard (manual)	0*	diSAbL	Start / Stop locked via keys UP key=Start; DOWN key = Stop
			1	EnAbLE	Start / Stop enabled via keys UP key =Start; DOWN key =Stop
F17	PONRES	Power- On Reset	0*	No rES	Restore counter value
			1	rES	Reset at Power On

F18	OUtMEM	Output Signal Memory	YES	Restart signal time after power fail ⚠ output switches
			no	Do not restart signal time after power fail
F19	AddtOt	Addtl. Totalizer	YES	Enabled
			no	Disabled
F20	PrESCL	Prescaler	diSAbL	Prescaler not active
			EnAbLE	Prescaler active
F21	tIMEtYP	Timer Type	tIMEr	Preset timer
			bAtcH	Batch timer

F22	APL inP	Appli-cation Output	0	P0 0ut	Output Preset 0
			1*	run	Run-Input
			2	StoP	Stop-Input
			3	rESALL	Reset counter and totalizer or batch counter
			4	rESCnt	Reset – only counter
			5	rESbAt	Reset - only totalizer or batch counter
			6	Loc	Keylock input
			7	HoLd	Hold input (display memory)

			8	teACH	Teach Input (count value becomes P 2)
			9	SEt	Set Input (set to Preset 0)
F30	rESLoc	Lock Reset Key	0*	unLoc	Keyboard reset enabled
			1	Loc	Keyboard reset locked / delayed
F31	P0 Loc	Lock Preset 0 Setting	0*	unLoc	P 0 Setting enabled
			1	Loc	P 0 Setting locked / delayed
F32	P1 Loc	Lock Preset 1 Setting	0*	unLoc	P 1 Setting enabled
			1	Loc	P 1 Setting locked / delayed

F33		Lock Preset 2 Setting	0*		P 2 Setting enabled
			1		P 2 Setting locked / delayed
F34		Lock Prescaler Setting	0*		PSC Setting enabled
			1		PSC Setting locked / delayed
F35		Lock Mode	0*		10 seconds delay
			1		Completely locked
			2		Lock function depending on Keylock input

8 Shift Counter

8.1.1 Shift Counter Description

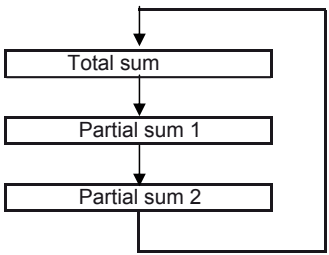
(Supplementing the general description under 4)

Function:	2-shift counters enable the acquisition of 2 separate partial sums. Counter input A acts on partial sum 1, whereas counter input B acts on partial sum 2. Both partial sums are counted positively; the total sum is calculated mathematically and corresponds to the summed-up total (or respectively, the difference) of the partial sums. The total sum remains unchanged after resetting one of the partial sums.
Counter mode of operation:	The following counter modes of operation can be selected: Difference counting and summation (totalizing)
Output signals - mode of operation:	The counter operates in the "coincidence" mode, i.e. the output signals are enabled for the programmed period of time after reaching the selected Preset value. The total sum acts on Preset 0 Partial sum 1 acts on Preset 1 Partial sum 2 acts on Preset 2

Reset	After a reset at input C, both partial sums and the total sum are reset. When resetting via the application input it is possible to reset one or both of the partial sums or the total sum, depending on the selected programming. When resetting via the keyboard, only the value shown on the display is reset.
Totalizer	The totalizer sums up all the input pulses, even if the partial sums and the total sum are reset. The totalizer can only be reset manually.

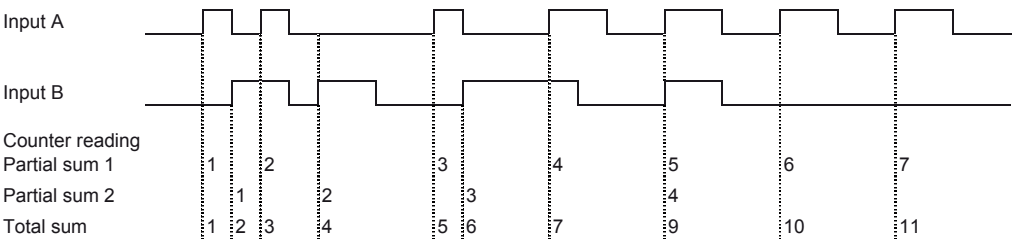
8.1.2 Scrolling between Total Sum and Partial Sums

The Shift key is used to scroll between the total sum and partial sums 1 and 2.
If a partial sum is shown, SU1 or SU2 will appear flashing in the lower display bar.

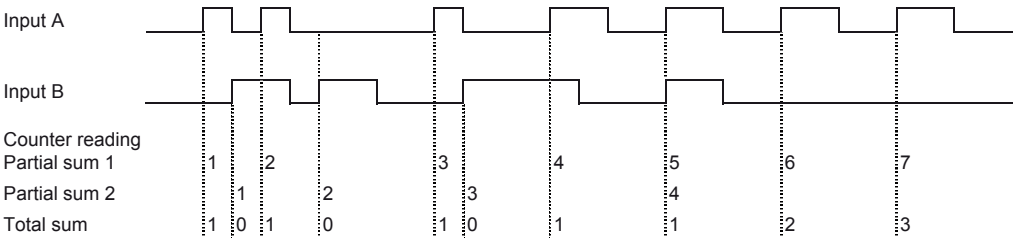


8.2.1 Signal diagrams - Inputs (PNP Logic)

Adding/Adding (F1= A A r)

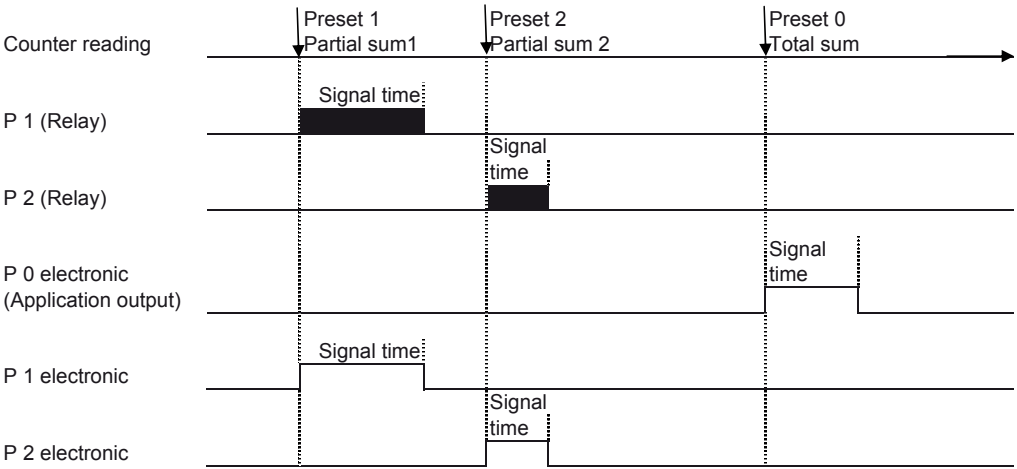


Adding/Subtracting (F1= A S r)



8.2.2 Signal Diagrams - Output signals

Output signals - monostable
Coincidence signals P 0/Total Sum (F10), P 1/Partial sum 1 (F11), P 2/Partial sum 2 (F12) monostable



8.3 Programming the Shift Counter Function Codes

Programming mode	Change function setting	Save and change to next function	Return to display mode
			
Keep pressed and simultaneously turn Voltage On	press	press	press
Alternative display of Function codes		The function codes are displayed as text in row 1. By pressing both keys simultaneously you can change to the numerical display (F 0 to F 35). After pressing these keys once again the number of the selectable options will be displayed in addition. This setting will be stored.	

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2			
F0	FCtSEt	Factory Setting (Defaults)	0*	no	No function		
			1	YES	All function codes are set to the values marked with *		
					Input A	Input B	Input C
F1	CountE	Counter mode of Operation	0	A S r	Adding	Subtracting	Reset
			1*	A A r	Adding	Adding	Reset
F3	InPLoG	PNP/ NPN-Logic	0	nPn_H	NPN 8 V-Level		

			1*	PNP_H	PNP 8 V-Level
			2	NPN_L	NPN TTL-Level
			3	PNP_L	PNP TTL-Level
F4	InAtt	Input Attenuat.	0	Lo Fr9	30 Hz damping (attenuation); e.g. for mechanical contacts
			1*	Hi Fr9	F max. (see chapter 4 and 10)
F5	PrESEt	With / without Preset	0	YES	With Preset
			1*	No	Without Preset

F6	rESEt	Dynamic/ static Reset	0*	StAt	Static Reset (reset as long as signal is applied)
			1	dyn	Dynamic Reset (ready for counting, even if reset signal has been applied for a longer time)
F9	OutSIG	Output signal	0*	Act On	Active On
			1	Act OFF	Active Off
F10	SIGtO	Signal time P 0 Total Sum	0	diSAbL	Disabled / no output signal
			1	bIStAb	Bistable; reset with Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s

4*	0.10	0,10 s
5	0.20	0,20 s
6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s
11	USEr 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)

			12	USER 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USER 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F11	SIGNAL 1	Signal time P 1 Partial sum 1	0	dISABLE	Disabled / no output signal
			1	BISTAB	Bistable; reset with Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s
			5	0.20	0,20 s

6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s
11	USER 1	User setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
12	USER 2	User setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
13	USER 3	User setting 3 (0-599,99 s)

F12	SIGE2	Signal time P 2 Partial sum 2	0	dISAbL	Disabled / no output signal
			1	bISTAb	Bistable; reset with Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s
			5	0.20	0,20 s
			6	0.50	0,50 s
			7	1.00	1,00 s

			8	2.00	2,00 s
			9	5.00	5,00 s
			10	10.00	10,00 s
			11	USEr 1	User-Einstellung 1 (0-599,99 s)
			12	USEr 2	User-Einstellung 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USEr 3	User-Einstellung 3 (0-599,99 s)
F13	dPoint	Decimal Point	0*	0	No decimal place
			1	0.0	1 decimal place

			2	0.00	2 decimal places
			3	0.000	3 decimal places
			4	0.0000	4 decimal places
F14	FLASH	Display flashes	0*	noFLSH	Do not flash
			1	P0	Flashes as long as P 0 is active
			2	P 1	Flashes as long as P 1 is active
			3	P2	Flashes as long as P 2 is active
			4	P0-1-2	Flashes if a Preset is active

F15	2.LinE	Display in 2nd Row	0	PO	Preset 0
			1	P1	Preset 1
			2*	P2	Preset 2
			3	PSC	Prescaler
			4	SU1	Partial sum 1
			5	SU2	Partial sum 2
			6	tot	Totalizer

F17	PONRES	Power-On Reset	0*	NoRES	Restores the counter value
			1	YES	Reset at Power On
F18	OUTMEM	Output Signal Memory	0	YES	Restart signal time after power fail ⚠ output switches
			1*	No	Do not restart signal time after power fail
F19	AddtoT	Addtl. Totalizer	0	YES	Additional totalizer is enabled
			1*	No	No additional totalizer
F22	APLINP	Appli-cation Input/ Output	0	P0 OUT	Output Preset value 0
			1*	A2 INP	2nd counter input partial sum 1

			2	b2 InP	2nd counter input partial sum 2
			3	rES S1	Reset of partial sum 1
			4	rES S2	Reset of partial sum 2
			5	rES.S 12	Reset of both partial sums
			6	rESbot	Reset of total sum
			7	HoLd	Hold Input (display memory)
			9	Loc	Keylock Input
F30	rESLoc	Lock Reset key	0*	unLoc	Keyboard reset enabled

			1	LOC	Keyboard reset locked / delayed
F31	P0 LOC	Lock Preset 0	0*	UNLOC	P 0 Setting enabled
			1	LOC	P 0 Setting locked / delayed
F32	P1 LOC	Lock Preset 1	0*	UNLOC	P 1 Setting enabled
			1	LOC	P 1 Setting locked / delayed
F33	P2 LOC	Lock Preset 2	0*	UNLOC	P 2 Setting enabled
			1	LOC	P 2 Setting locked / delayed

F34	PSCLoc	Lock Prescaler Setting	0*	UnLoc	PSC Setting enabled
			1	Loc	PSC Setting locked / delayed
F35	GLobAL	Lock Mode	0*	10 SEC	10 seconds delay
			1	Loc Id	Completely locked
			2	InPLoc	Lock mode depends on keylock input

9 Batch Counter

9.1 Batch Counter Description

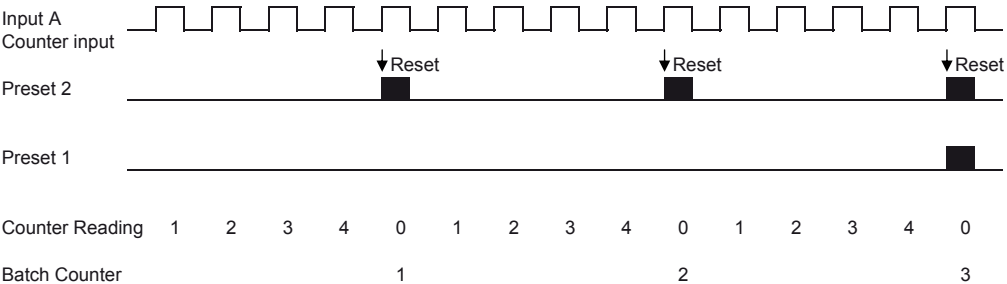
(Supplementing the general description in Chapter 4)

Function:	Preset 2 is the main Preset setting. Preset 1 is the Batch Preset or, respectively, the preset value of the 2nd totalizer. In the batch operation the batch counter counts how often the main Preset is activated. Example of an application: during length cutting operations, for example, both the lengths (main preset) and number (batch preset) can be monitored. In the Batch mode of operation, only positive entries are possible for P1; negative entries will be stored as positive values.
Counter mode of operation:	The following modes of operation can be adjusted for the counter: Unidirectional counting, adding or subtracting; Unidirectional counting with directional input; Difference counting, summation and phase discrimination (quad) with single, double or quadruple evaluation.
Output signals Mode of Operation:	The counter operates in the coincidence mode, i.e. the output signals are enabled for the programmed duration when the selected preset value is reached.

Prescaler Output PSC-out:	The Prescaler output is an application output. With each increase of the counter reading the number of output pulses corresponds to the respective number of increments. The pulse length of the prescaler output corresponds to a frequency of 500 Hz. When using the prescaler output the max. input frequency is: F max = 500 / PSC. So it is possible that the maximum input frequency can not be reached.

9.2 Signal Diagrams - Inputs and Outputs

Unidirectional count (F1 = C G r), Batch counter (F19 = bAtch),
Preset 2 (Main Preset = 5, Preset 1 (Batch Preset) = 3



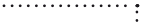
9.3 Programming the Batch Counter Function Codes

Programming mode	Change function setting	Save and change to next function	Return to display mode
			
Keep pressed and simultaneously turn Voltage On	press	press	press
Alternative display of Function codes		The function codes are displayed as text in row 1. By pressing both keys simultaneously you can change to the numerical display (F 0 to F 35). After pressing these keys once again the number of the selectable options will be displayed in addition. This setting will be stored.	

9 Batch Counter

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2	
F0	FCtSEt	Factory Setting (Defaults)	0*	no	No function
			1	YES	All function codes are set to the values marked with *

Function code	Display Row 1	Function	No.	Display Row 2	Input A	Input B	Input C
F1	COUnt	Counter Mode of Operation	0*	C G r	Subtracting	Gate	Reset
			1	C d r	Count Input	Directional input	Reset
			2	C d G	Count Input	Directional input	Gate
			3	A S r	Adding	Subtracting	Reset
			4	A S G	Adding	Subtracting	Reset

			5		Adding	Adding	Reset
			6		Channel A	Channel B	Reset
			7		Channel A	Channel B	Gate
F2		Edge Evaluation Quadrat. Evaluation	0*		Single evaluation		
			1		Double evaluation		
			2		Quadruple evaluation		
F3		PNP/ NPN-Logic	0		NPN 8 V-Level		
			1*		PNP 8 V-Level		

			2	nPn_L	NPN TTL-Level
			3	PnP_L	PNP TTL-Level
F4	In Att	Input damping (At-tenuat)	0	Lo Fr9	30 Hz damping (e.g. for mechanical contacts)
			1*	Hi Fr9	F max. (see chapter 4 and 10)
F5	rS Mod	Set / Re-set- Mode	0*	rES 0	Reset to 0
			1	ArES 0	Automatic reset to 0 when Preset value 2 is reached
			2	SEt P2	Sets to Preset value 2
			3	ASEtP2	Automatic setting to Preset 2 after reaching 0

F6	rESEt	Dynamic/ static Reset	0*	StAt	Static Reset (reset as long signal is applied)
			1	dyn	Dynamic Reset (ready for counting after reset, even if reset signal has been applied for a longer time)
F9	OutSIG	Output signal	0*	ActOn	Active On
			1	ActOFF	Active Off
F10	SIGt0	Signal time P 0	0	diSAbL	Disabled / no output signal
			1	biStAb	Bistable; reset with Preset 2 or Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s

4*	0.10	0,10 s
5	0.20	0,20 s
6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s
11	USEr 1	User-setting 1 (0-599,99 s)

			12	USEr 2	User-setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USEr 3	User-setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F11	SIG t1	Signal time P 1 Batch-Preset	0	dISAbL	Disabled / no output signal
			1	bI StAb	Bistable; reset with Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s
			5	0.20	0,20 s

6	0.50	0,50 s
7	1.00	1,00 s
8	2.00	2,00 s
9	5.00	5,00 s
10	10.00	10,00 s
11	USER 1	User-setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
12	USER 2	User-setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
13	USER 3	User-setting 3 (0-599,99 s)

F12	SIG t2	Signal time P 2	0	d iSAbL	Disabled / no output signal
			1	bISTAb	Bistable; reset with Reset Cannot be used in connection with automatic Reset
			2	0.02	0,02 s
			3	0.05	0,05 s
			4*	0.10	0,10 s
			5	0.20	0,20 s
			6	0.50	0,50 s
			7	1.00	1,00 s

			8	2.00	2,00 s
			9	5.00	5,00 s
			10	10.00	10,00 s
			11	USEr 1	User-setting 1 (0-599,99 s)
			12	USEr 2	User-setting 2 (0-599,99 s)
			13	USEr 3	User-setting 3 (0-599,99 s)
F13	dPoint	Decimal point	0*	0	No decimal place
			1	0.0	1 decimal place

			2	0.00	2 decimal places
			3	0.000	3 decimal places
			4	0.0000	4 decimal places
F14	FLASH	Display flashes	0*	NoFLSH	Do not flash
			1	P0	Flashes as long as P 0 is active
			2	P 1	Flashes as long as P 1 is active
			3	P2	Flashes as long as P 2 is active
			4	P0-1-2	Flashes if a Preset is active

F15		Display in 2nd row	0		Preset 0
			1		Preset 1
			2*		Preset 2
			3		Prescaler
			4		Batch counter or 2nd counter
F16		External Reset signal	0		Only resets the counter
			1		Only resets the batch counter
			2*		Resets all counters

F17	PONRES	Power On Reset	0*	noRES	Restores the counter value
			1	RES	Reset at Power On
F18	OUTMEM	Output signal-Memory	0	YES	Restart signal time after power fail ⚠ output switches
			1*	no	Do not restart signal time after power fail
F19	bAtcHC	Batch-Counter or 2nd totalizer	0*	bAtcH	Batch counter
			1	2. Cntr	2nd totalizer
F22	APLinP	Application input/ output	0	PSCout	Prescaler output
			1	P0 Out	Output Preset 0

2	dir Out	Directional count output
3*	Cnt UP	Count input, adding
4	Cnt dn	Count input, subtracting
5	rESALL	Reset counter and Batch counter or 2nd totalizer
6	rESCnt	Resets only counter
7	rESbAt	Resets only Batch counter or 2nd totalizer
8	GAtE	Gate input
9	Loc	Keylock input

			10	HoLd	Hold input (display memory)
			11	tEACH	Teach input Count value becomes P 2
			12	SEt	Set-input (sets to Preset 0)
F30	rESLoc	Lock Reset key	0*	unLoc	Keyboard reset enabled
			1	Loc	Keyboard reset locked / delayed
F31	P0 Loc	Lock Preset 0 Setting	0*	unLoc	P 0 Setting enabled
			1	Loc	P 0 Setting locked / delayed

F32		Lock Preset 1 Setting	0*		P 1 Setting enabled
			1		P 1 Setting locked / delayed
F33		Lock Preset 2 Setting	0*		P 2 Setting enabled
			1		P 2 Setting locked / delayed
F34		Lock Prescaler Setting	0*		PSC Setting enabled
			1		PSC Setting locked / delayed
F35		Lock Mode	0*		10 seconds delay
			1		Completely locked

2	InPLoc	Lock mode depends on Keylock input

10 Technical Data

General

Display	LCD reflective, positively transmissive; black digits; background illumination * negatively transmissive; white or red digits; illumination,* 2 lines, counter reading/presettings 6-digits; decimal point (up to 4 decimals)
Digit hight	1st line 9.3 mm; 2nd line 7.2 mm
Supply voltage	SELV: 12-30 VDC; protected against polarity reversal SELV: 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz, ± 10% 115 VAC; 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz, ± 10% 90-260 VAC; 50/60 Hz *
Current consumption	12 ... 30 VDC < 200 mA, 24 VAC < 250 mA; including sensor supply 115/230 VAC < 50 mA; incl. sensor supply 90 - 260 VAC < 400 mA; incl. sensor supply
Power consumption	< 5 W
Duty cycle	100%
Overload protection	external fuse DC: 0,16 AT (IEC 127); DC: 0,2 AT (UL 198) 24 VAC: 315 mAT; 230 VAC: 32 mAT; 115 VAC: 63 mA T

Overload protection Relay output	external fuse 230 V, 2,5 mA T
Sensor supply	Only for AC operation: 12-24 VDC load-dependent; max. 50 mA
Storage of values	NV-memory > 10 years
Electrical connections	Plug-in screw-type connections / Terminals
Cable cross-section	1...1.5 mm² with wire-end sleeves
Amplitude threshold	< 2 V and > 8 V or < 1 V and > 4 V at TTL-level amplitude max. 40 VDC
Active edge	programmable positive for PNP-input, negativ for NPN-input
Input resistance	approx. 10 kOhm
Count frequency	max. 60 kHz (TTL 15 kHz): single-channel counting max. 60 kHz (TTL 15 kHz): Different. counting and totalizing channel (A+B together) max. 30 kHz (TTL 15 kHz): phase discriminator single or double evaluation max. 15 kHz (TTL 15 kHz): phase discriminator, quadruple evaluation damped (attenuated) 30 Hz
Pulse form	any desired form (at max. frequency square 1:1)
Pulse duration min.	17 ms (30 Hz); 8 µs (60 kHz)
Prescaler	0,0001 - 99,9999

Reset	manual reset via keyboard, external reset static or dynamic programmable; pulse length min. 5 ms, automatic reset after reaching Preset 2, (No pulse losses at max. counter frequency due to automatic reset function). via application input (programmable) and programmable Power-On Reset	
Set function	Setting to Preset 0 (independent of reset)	
Display and Preset Range	- 999 999 up to + 999 999	
Warning signal	Display flashes when preset 0, 1 or 2 are active	
Signal times	0,01 s to 599,99 s or bistable programming; tolerance + 10ms; active On or Off	
Relay Output for P 1 and P 2	Change-over contact max. 250 VAC / 30 VDC / 5 A Change-over contact min. 5 VAC / 5 VDC / 10 mA delay < 10 ms	
Transistor Output for P 1 and P 2	PNP-output	12 - 30 VDC max. 50 mA at DC-supply 12 - 24 VDC max. 30 mA at AC-supply 12 - 24 VDC, max 50 mA at AC-supply with switching power supply *
Application Output	PNP-output	12 - 30 VDC max. 20 mA at DC supply 12 - 24 VDC max. 20 mA at AC supply

Counter

Counter mode of operation Input A,B	Unidirectional; adding or subtracting; directional input; Differential operation, add / sub; Summation (Totalizing) add / add; Phase discriminator single, double or quadruple evaluation
Control Input	Reset; Gate
Preselect Mode	Absolute or trail, Range signal /limit values (sign. 1 < P1, sign. 2 > P 2)
Application Input/Output	Output: Prescaler-out, Preset 0-out, Direction-out Input: addtl. counter input add / sub, Reset, Set, Gate, Keylock, Hold, Teach in

Batch Counter

Mode	Batch counter with Preset or 2nd totalizer with Preset

Shift Counter

Counter Mode of Operation	Differential counting add/sub, totalizing add/add

Tachometer

Measuring Principle	Period (cycle) measurement (1/Tau)
Time base	1/min or 1/s
Min. frequency	1 Hz or 0,1 Hz

Limit values	2 alarms with programmable startup suppression + 1 additional upper limit value on the application output	
Tachometer mode of operation	Unidirectional add oder sub; directional input; Differential add / sub; totalizing add / add; Phase discriminator single, double or quadruple evaluation, A / B or (A-B) / A %	
Application Input/Output	Output: Preselect 0-out, Direction-out Input: addtl. counter input add / sub, Keylock, Hold, Teach in	
Accuracy of the tachometer function	Time base: Measuring principle: Measuring time: Measuring resolution: Display resolution:	± 30 ppm Periodic measurement min. 5s / max. 1s oder 10s 0,4µs (<30 ppm) 4 decimal places, 1 Digit = 100 ppm
Overall tolerance	= Shown resolution + tolerance of timebase = 130 ppm	

Timer

Measuring Principle	Pulse-width or cycle duration measurement Start Inp. A + Stop Inp. B; Start/Stop key
Time base	Programmable in sec, min, h or hh.mm.ss
Resolution	1; 0,1; 0,01; 0,001; 0,0001
Function	Single-pulse or cumulative measurement

Application Input/Output	Output: Preselect 0-out Input: addIt. Run, Stop, Reset, Set, Keylock, Hold, Teach in	
Accuracy of the timer	Time base: Start / Stop-point in time: Resolution:	± 30 ppm 16 µs / 16 ms (not damped / damped) 100 µs = 100 ppm
Gesamttolleranz	= Shown resolution + tolerance of timebase = 130 ppm	

Environment. cond. Safety Rules

General design	EN 61 010 / IEC 61010-1
Protection Class	II; EN 61010-1 / IEC 61010-1
Pollution degree	V 2, EN 50178
EMC - Interference immunity	EN 61326-1 industrial environment **
EMC - Emission	EN 61326-1 Class B **
Ambient temperature	0°... 50°C EN 60 068-2-1/2
Storage temperature	- 20°... + 65°C EN 60 068-2-1/2
Climate	40°C / 93% rel hum. class 4K4H, EN 60 068-2-78 25 - 50°C / 93% rel hum., cyclic, EN 60 068-2-38
Degree of protection	IP 65 front side; EN 60529 IP 20 terminals

10 Technical Data

Vibration resistance	10 m/s² (10 ... 150 Hz); IEC 60 068-2-6
Shock resistance	100 m/s² (18 ms); IEC 60 068-2-27
Resistence to chemicals	Frontfoil acc. to DIN 42 115-2
Approvals	UL, CSA (pending)
RoHS	compliant

Mechanical Data

Installation	Front-panel installation with tenter (frame) Front panel thickness max. 11 mm
Dimensions	48 mm x 48 mm x 118 mm, installation depth 110 mm DIN 43700
Front-panel cutout	45 mm x 45 mm + 0,3 mm
Weight	approx. 200 g

* not yet available

** For cable length > 30 m, for connection to a DC-supply-network and input level TTL an additional protection circuit is necessary.

11 Transport, Packaging, Storage

Note! Damage may be caused by improper transport!
Improper transport may cause considerable damage.
Do not remove the packaging before assembly and installation.

The packaging offers ideal protection against mechanical damage and loss of single parts, such as the plugs or operating instructions. Therefore, do not take the multifunctional counter out of its packaging until you actually have to start your assembly and installation work.

Inspect the shipment for completeness and possible signs of transport damage immediately after receipt.

12 Maintenance and cleaning

The multifunction counter does not require any maintenance.

The front side may be cleaned with commercially available household detergents.

For protection against pollution, a transparent, flexible protection cover is available as accessory (see chapter 17). With this protection cover, the counter display can be read and the buttons can be used.

13 Malfunctions

Warning!
Danger of injuries due to improper fault correction!
Improper fault correction may cause serious damage or personal injury.

The machine/plant manufacturer is responsible for the preparation of operating instructions or a description stating the potential errors and the appropriate corrective action, as well as potential hazards and the behavior in the event of malfunctions. This is dependent on the design concept and construction of the machine or plant.

The first step is to determine if the cause of an error or malfunction implies a possible fault of the multifunction counter.

Overview of Errors

Error	Possible cause	To be corrected by:
Display remains dark	Machine/plant not powered on	Operator
Value is not stored	Defective voltage supply	Qualified electrician
	Power-on reset is active (F17)	Skilled personnel

Counter/tachometer does not count	Defective signal generator; Counter does not receive any counting signals	Skilled personnel
	Adjusted to incorrect mode of operation (F1), Single-channel, directional input, differential counting, phase discriminator	Skilled personnel
	Incorrect adjustment of PNP/NPN logic and input level (F3)	Skilled personnel
	High-level does not exceed the upper amplitude threshold; low-level does not fall below the lower amplitude threshold	Qualified electrician
	Continuous reset signal is applied	Qualified electrician
	Continuous gate signal is applied	Qualified electrician
Incorrect counting of counter/ tachometer	Prescaler value is not correct	Skilled personnel
	Phase discriminator - edge evaluation not correctly adjusted (F2)	Skilled personnel
	Input frequency too high (F4)	Skilled personnel
Keyboard Reset not possible	Keys are locked (F30 + F35)	Skilled personnel
Presetting not possible	Keys are locked (F31, F32, F33 + F35)	Skilled personnel

Prescaler adjustment not possible	Keys are locked (F34+ F35)	Skilled personnel
Signal 0, 1 or 2 not received	Signal deactivated (F10, F11, F12)	Skilled personnel
	User signal time adjusted to 0,000	Skilled personnel

14 Spare Parts

Warning!
Danger due to faulty spare parts!

The use of incorrect or faulty spare parts may cause damage, malfunction or even total breakdown and safety hazards. Therefore, please make sure only to use the original spare parts provided by the manufacturer.

The multifunction counter may only be opened by the manufacturer.
Exclusively outer components are available as spare parts.

The order numbers are given in Chapter 17.

15 Dismantling and Disposal

After reaching the end of its useful life the multifunction counter has to be disposed of or recycled according to the applicable environmental protection rules.

16 Ordering Information

Anzeige	Relais	12-24 VDC	24 VAC	115 VAC	230 VAC	90-260 VAC
LCD reflectiv	-	0 772 100	0 772 110	0 772 120	0 772 130	0 772 140*
LCD reflectiv	1	0 772 101	0 772 111	0 772 121	0 772 131	0 772 141*
LCD reflectiv	2	0 772 102	0 772 112	0 772 122	0 772 132	0 772 142*
LCD transmissive positiv*	-	0 772 200	0 772 210	0 772 220	0 772 230	0 772 240*
LCD transmissive positiv*	1	0 772 201	0 772 211	0 772 221	0 772 231	0 772 241*
LCD transmissive positiv*	2	0 772 202	0 772 212	0 772 222	0 772 232	0 772 242*
LCD transmissive negativ*	-	0 772 310	0 772 310	0 772 320	0 772 330	0 772 340*
LCD transmissive negativ*	1	0 772 301	0 772 311	0 772 321	0 772 331	0 772 341*
LCD transmissive negativ*	2	0 772 302	0 772 312	0 772 322	0 772 332	0 772 342*
LCD transmissive rot*	-	0 772 400	0 772 410	0 772 430	0 772 430	0 772 440*
LCD transmissive rot*	1	0 772 401	0 772 411	0 772 431	0 772 431	0 772 441*
LCD transmissive rot*	2	0 772 402	0 772 412	0 772 432	0 772 432	0 772 442*

Reflective: black digits on a bright reflecting background
Positively transmissive: black digits on an illuminated background
Negatively transmissive: white illuminated digits on a black background
Negatively transmissive: red illuminated digits on a black background

* not yet available

17 Accessories

Adapter front panel	Order no.	Dimensions	Front panel cutout
	1 405 675	60 x 75 mm	55 x 55 mm
	1 405 676	72 x 72 mm	68 x 68 mm
	1 405 679	125 x 60 mm	106 x 55 mm for installation of 2 counters 48 x 48
protection cover	2 772 052		
(tenter) frame	1 721 014	48 x 48 mm	

Version: 1 161009CB1

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