

Current Transducer HXS 10-NP/SP3

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

I_{PN} = 10 A

DUAL PHASE







All Data are given with a $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Electrical data						
Primary nominal r.m.s. current I_{PN} (A)		Primary measurir	ng range	Туре		
Serial	Parallel	Serial	Parallel			
±10	±20	±30	±60	HXS 10-NP/S	SP3	
V _{OUT}	Analog output voltage @ I_p $I_p = 0$ Internal Reference ¹⁾ - Output voltage V_{REF} Output impedance V_{REF} Load impedance					
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{R}_{L} \\ \mathbf{R}_{OUT} \\ \mathbf{C}_{L} \\ \mathbf{V}_{C} \\ \mathbf{I}_{C} \end{array}$	Output load resistance Output impedance Max. output capacitive load Supply voltage (± 5 %) Current consumption @ V _C = 5 V			≥ 2 < 10 < 1 5 22	kΩ Ω μF V mA	

Ac	curacy - Dynamic performance data		
X	Accuracy $^{2)}$ @ I_{PN} , $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$	≤±1	% of I _{PN}
$\mathbf{e}_{\scriptscriptstyle \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$	Linearity 0 I _{PN}	≤±0.5	% of I _{PN}
	3 x I _{PN}	≤±1	% of I _{PN}
TCV _{OUT}	Thermal drift of \mathbf{V}_{OUT} @ $\mathbf{I}_{P} = 0$	≤±0.4	mV/K
TCV _{REF}	Thermal drift of V _{REF}	≤±0.01	%/K
TCV _{OUT}	V_{REF} Thermal drift of V_{OUT}/V_{REF} @ $I_P = 0$	≤±0.2	mV/K
TC e _G	Thermal drift of the gain	$\leq \pm 0.05\%$ of	-
V_{OM}	Residual voltage @ $I_p = 0$, after an overload of 3 x I_{PNDC}	<±0.7	% of $\mathbf{I}_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{PN}}}$
t _{ra}	Reaction time @ 10 % of I _{PN}	< 3	μs
t _r	Response time @ 90 % of I_{PN}	< 5	μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/µs
	Output noise (DC10 kHz)	< 15	mVpp
	(DC 1 MHz)	< 40	mVpp
f	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) 3)	DC 50	kHz

General data				
T _A	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 + 85	°C	
$\mathbf{T}_{s}^{}$	Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 85	°C	
dČp	Creepage distance	> 5.5	m m	
dCl	Clearance distance	> 5.5	m m	
CTI	Comparative tracking index (Group I)	> 600	V	
	UL94 classification	V0		
m	Mass	10	g	
	Standards	EN 50178 (97	EN 50178 (97-10-01)	
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Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Multirange current transducer through PCB pattern lay-out
- Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- Isolation test voltage 2500V
- Low power consumption
- Extremely low profile, 10mm
- Single power supply +5V
- Fixed offset & gain

Special Feature

 Two separate primary windings for dual phase measurement

Advantages

- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.
- Internal & external reference

Applications

- AC variable speed drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

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Ins	ulation category		
V _b	Nominal Voltage with IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions - Single insulation - Over voltage category III - Pollution degree 2 - Heterogeneous field	150	V r.m.s.
V _b	Nominal Voltage with EN 50178 standards and following conditions - Reinforced insulation - Over voltage category III - Pollution degree 2 - Heterogeneous field	300	V r.m.s.
V _d	R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 mn Primary to secondary Primary 1 to Primary 2	2.5 2.5	kV kV
\mathbf{V}_{e}	R.m.s. voltage for partial discharge extinction @ 10pC Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50µs	> 1 6	kV kV

Notes: 1) It is possible to overdrive **V**_{REF} with an external reference voltage between 2 - 2.8 V providing its ability to sink or source approximately 2.5 mA.

Safety:



Caution, risk of danger



Caution, risk of electrical shock

This transducer shall be used in accordance with manufacturer instruction.

The temperature of the primary conductor shall not exceed 100°C

Power supply shall be a low voltage source and shall have an efficient protective system against over current.

Power supply must incorporate a circuit breaker.

This transducer shall be used in an electric/electronic equipment in respect of standards rules and applicable safety requirements.

Primary bar and output terminals can provide hazardous voltage.

This transducer is a built in device, of which conducting parts must be inaccessible by installation.

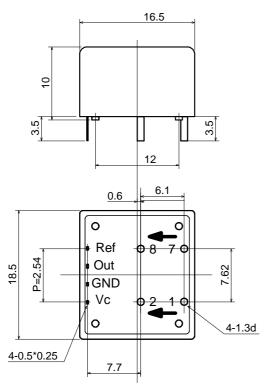
Protective envelope or additional shield must be used.

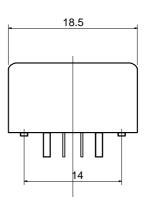
²⁾Excluding offset and hysteresis.

³⁾ Small signal only to avoid excessive heatings of the magnetic core.

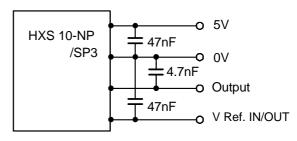


HXS 10-NP/SP3 Dimensions (in mm)

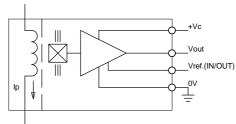




Required Connection Circuit



Operation Principle



<u> </u>	Primary current		Primary	Primary insertion	Recommended	
Primary	nominal	maximum	resistance	inductance	PCB connections	
connections	I _{PN} [A]	I _P [A]	R _P [m ohm]	L _P [uF]		
Serial	10	30	0.5	0.025	IN 1 7 0 0 0 0 2 8 OUT	
Parallel	20	60	0.15	0.01	IN 1 7 0 0 0 0 2 8 OUT	

Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Fastening & connection of primary jumper 4 pins Ø 1.3 mm Recommended PCB hole
- Fastening & connection of secondary Recommended PCB hole
- ± 0.2 mm
- Ø 1.5 mm
- 4 pins 0.5 x 0.25 Ø 0.7 mm

Remarks

- \mathbf{V}_{OUT} is positive when \mathbf{I}_{P} flows from terminals 1, 7 (IN) to terminals 2, 8 (OUT)
- Temperature of the primary conductors should not exceed